"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair Friday; Saturday, unsettled, warmer; moderate west winds, becoming variable.
For full weather report see Page 10.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,501. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1911.—EIGHTEEN PAGES ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark, TWO CENTS. Elsewhere,

AMERICAN MILLIONS IN MEXICO HARD HIT

Gov. Gonzales of Chihuahua Declares Selling Out of Country by Piecemeal Must Stop.

SAYS OFFICIALS GOT BIG SUMS

Exploitation by Foreigners Was Making the Republic a Nation of Paupers, He Believes—Invites Competition.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, June 15.—Reforms immediately affecting millions of dollars' worth of American property in Mexico were announced to-night. Gov. Abraham Gonzales declared that under the new régime foreign concessions which might be regarded as monopolies would not be extended or renewed, and that every legal effort would be made to restrict foreign monopolies now existing in Chihuahua, one of the richest States in minerals and timber. The properties are largely controlled by American, British and German interests. The Americans are the largest holders.

"All Americans who grieved at the downfall of the Diaz administration will find that their grief was well founded," said Gov. Gonzales. "We do not intend to take away the riches of any foreigner who legally holds them, but we realize that under the Diaz system the granting of concessions, with their ruinous payments of large sums of money to Mexican politicians, was a virtual selling out of Mexico.

"For years Mexico has been exploited by foreigners, until the great body of the people have nothing. We were on the verge of becoming a nation of paupers. Now all special privileges shall cease if we can accomplish it.

"We hope to maintain the friendliest relations with Americans, and we shall invite all foreign capital to come in, but there will be no more selling out of the country piecemeal. We will invite competition, not monopoly. If American capital wishes to come here, it must be prepared to compete with Mexican capital. No exclusive privileges will be given foreigners.

"What is known as company stores, in towns where large numbers of men are employed, will be abolished. This will mean that working people will have the benefit of buying from whom they please. Of course, we do not intend to question the right of concessions legally held, but we shall refuse to encourage or extend unjust ones.

"Undoubtedly foreigners, including Americans, who profited so greatly under the Diaz system, will be hard hit by the new era, but the determination to upbuild Mexico and to improve conditions of her poverty-stricken people will, I am sure, receive the hearty support of the great body of Americans."

Gov. Gonzales stated that beginning to-day the export duty on cattle shipped into the United States would be removed. It has been decided by the Government to allow Gen. Orozco to bring his insurrecto army into Chihuahua with their arms. The city, while the insurrectos are here, will be protected by a Commission of Public Order, with which the Federal troops will have nothing to do.

SMUGGLING IN FULL SWING.

Revolution Has Made the Rio Grande a Contraband Paradise.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, June 15.—Taking advantage of the recent disturbances in Mexico, smugglers along the Rio Grande have been in a contraband paradise during the past few months, says H. C. S. Smith, Deputy Collector of Customs here.

"Many barrels and kegs of mescal, thousands of cigars and cigarettes, large quantities of Mexican drawnwork, and numbers of horses and mules," he says, "have been smuggled across the border since the outbreak of hostilities and the consequent disturbances along the border.

"In addition, large quantities of cigarettes and cigars have been found in possession of American refugees who were ignorant of the customs laws of the United States. Many of these have doubtless been misled by Mexican merchants into thinking that they could bring such dutiable articles home with them. The law allows only fifty cigars to each traveler.

"When the revolution was in full swing many of the loyal stockmen and horse breeders drove their herds and horses across the Rio Grande for safety. The customs officers allowed them to recover these animals, but many smugglers took advantage of this leniency and drove horses and mules to American soil, ostensibly for the same protection. Some of these mules and horses reached the interior.

"As this month concludes the fiscal year, much of the smuggled goods the Customs Inspectors have intercepted will be sent to San Antonio to be sold at auction."

DIRECTED HIS OWN DEATH.

Col. Morelos Was Shot by Rebels Just as a Pardon Came.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 15.—The details of the execution of Col. Morelos by rebels at Culiacan were to-day revealed for the first time by Diego Redo, the exiled Governor of Sinaloa, who pictured the slain Federal Commander as a gallant victim of fate. He instructed the rebels how to execute him and died a few minutes before a pardon arrived.

According to Gov. Redo, a spirit of revenge harbored by some of the victorious rebel chieftains at Culiacan caused them to violate a pledge to safeguard the lives of Morelos and his lieutenant, Major Del Coral.

"There was no false bravery in Col. Morelos," said Gov. Redo. "He permitted the rebels to blindfold both his eyes and waited for the volley. There was some delay. The squad assigned to execute was unused to such a scene. Col. Morelos, knowing that there was some confusion, raised his hand and removed the bandage.

"'There is no necessity for making a mistake here,' he said to the commanding officer. 'Order the crowd away, select a certain number of men as your firing squad, and then direct them to fire as you drop your sabre. Why at should my body be filled full of bullets by indiscriminate firing, when one or three or six will do the work?'

"Col. Morelos then said: 'I'm ready.'

Continued on Page 2.

RAN OFF WITH DEAD BABY.

Frantic Mother Hurried to a Physician Carrying It in Her Arms.

Leaving her 2-year-old son Edward, who was just recovering from an attack of sickness, in a crib by an open window in the rear of her home on the second floor of 118 East 119th Street, Mrs. Harold Solnin went to a front window to watch for her husband's return from work yesterday evening. When she returned to the rear room a few moments later the crib was empty. Rushing to the window, she looked out. In the yard below she saw a knot of neighbors, grouped around an ambulance surgeon, who was bending over her child.

She ran down just as the ambulance surgeon announced that the child was dead. Neighbors tried to keep her away from the body, but she refused to believe that the boy was dead, and, despite their efforts, picked up the little body and rushed away with it.

Policeman Plate, returning from the telephone where he had called for the ambulance from the Harlem Hospital, was unable to find either the mother or the child's body. He reported the case to the East 126th Street police station. Just then a telephone message was received there from Dr. George Froelich of 70 East 120 Street, two blocks from the Solnin home. He said a woman with a dead child in her arms had just hurried into the office, begging him to save its life. When he told her the child was dead the woman swooned.

CLUB FOR CABLE COMPANIES.

Britain Will Propose State-Owned Line If Rates Are Not Cut.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 15.—Cheaper cable rates was the subject of discussion at to-day's meeting of the Imperial Conference.

Sir Joseph Ward, Premier of New Zealand, said there was a feeling in the overseas countries that the present rates were due to a ring or combination in the cable world, and Sir Wilfrid Laurier of Canada pointed out that all the trouble which existed at present was in connection with the Atlantic cables. There was, he said, an impression amounting almost to a conviction in Canada that a combination existed with regard to the cables.

Postmaster General Herbert Samuel supported a resolution to the effect that it was desirable to obtain a reduction of cable rates throughout the British Empire. After referring to the consent of the principal Atlantic cable companies to a reduction of 50 per cent. for deferred dispatches and expressing hope that with the approval of the foreign administrations interested new rates would shortly be introduced, he announced that steps were being taken with a view to obtaining a reduction of press rates.

After a discussion of the question of nationalizing an Atlantic cable with the object of cheapening rates to Australasia, Mr. Samuel suggested that in view of the probability of a reduction in rates the Government would not at the present time be justified in undertaking a large capital expenditure and the risk of loss that would be involved, but he moved a resolution, which was passed unanimously, "that in the event of considerable reductions in transatlantic cable rates not being effected in the near future, it is desirable that the laying of a State-owned cable between England and Canada be considered by a subsidiary conference."

BASEBALL PLAYER SHOT.

New Orleans Actor Finds Arthur Brown with His Wife at Albany.

ALBANY, June 15.—Arthur Brown, first baseman of the Albany State League baseball team, is in a hospital to-night with four bullet wounds received at the hands of John V. McStea, a New Orleans actor. The shooting occurred at a rooming house on Pearl Street.

McStea arrived in Albany to-night and proceeded directly to the house, where he asked to see "Mrs. Brown." In a statement made after the shooting he said he heard his wife's voice up stairs and rushed to the hall above. When he entered the room, he declared, he was attacked by Brown, while his wife cowered in a corner. Getting the worst of the struggle, McStea says he drew his revolver and fired at Brown. Two shots took effect in the abdomen, one in the arm, and another in the leg. A policeman who heard the shots from the street rushed up and arrested McStea. His wife is being held as a witness.

Brown's home is in Wilkesbarre, Penn., where he was born 26 years ago. He started his professional baseball career with the Wilkesbarre Club of the New York State League. He later played with the Detroit American League team, Montreal Eastern League club, and the Trenton Tri-State League team, from which he was purchased by Albany two years ago. His playing to-day was a feature of the Albany-Scranton game.

WENT TO YALE; FORGIVEN.

Mr. Banks, Who Insisted His Son Should Go to Columbia, Relents.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 15.—Charles Lenox Banks, a New York City lawyer, has sent word to his son, Charles Lenox Banks, Jr., that he has been forgiven for going to Yale. The father will come here to see his son get a diploma next week.

For four generations the Bankses were Yale men, but Mr. Banks quarreled with the Faculty over entrance examination tests, and went to Columbia, from which he was graduated in 1882. He promised to send his son to that institution. When the young man insisted on coming to Yale he refused assistance. The Yale men in the family saw the boy through.

Mr. Banks has relented on hearing that his son has won scholarship honors.

Young Banks has been so deeply affected at the reconciliation that he has consented to go to the Columbia Law School.

100 DROWNED AT TRIEST.

Terrific Storm Causes Great Damage —Crew of Steamer Perish.

TRIESTE, June 15.—A storm of hurricane force raged during the night, causing many deaths and much damage to shipping. Early to-day the bodies of twenty victims had been recovered at this point alone.

It is feared that fishing smacks with crews totaling forty men which were at sea last night were lost. The ships in the roads were severely damaged. A Greek vessel with its crew of twelve foundered.

Minor damages to craft are reported from other points on the Adriatic.

VIENNA, June 15.—According to reports received here the loss of life at Triest by the hurricane will total 100.

The entire crew of the Dalmatian coasting steamer Andromeda perished.

FOUR LINES RAISE WAGES OF SEAMEN

White Star and Canadian Pacific Among Them—Advance Is Half What Men Asked.

QUICK END OF STRIKE LIKELY

Little Effect from the Sailors' Action, but Southampton Coal Porters' Strike Has Upset Schedules.

LONDON, June 15.—The important development in the general shipping strike to-day was the concession of an advance of $2.50 a month in wages to all employes involved by the White Star and Canadian Pacific lines, an example which was followed later by the Holt and another line at Liverpool.

The present outlook is that the strike will come to a speedy end owing to the men's lack of organization or their indifference, in addition to the plentiful supply of foreigners who are ready to take their places.

At several of the large ports no inconvenience because of the strike has yet been caused, and nowhere has there been any real accession to the strike movement. On the contrary, there were several instances to-day of crews signing without protest.

It is believed that the Cunard Company will next week concede a similar advance to that given by the White Star and Canadian Pacific Lines, and that this course is likely to be generally followed by ship owners.

It is stated that the concession made will enable the Teutonic, the Baltic, and the Empress of Ireland to sail on time. The $2.50 increase per month is half the amount that the men demanded.

QUEENSTOWN, June 15.—The White Star Line steamer Olympic, which left Southampton on her maiden voyage yesterday, notwithstanding the efforts of strike leaders to delay her departure, continued on her voyage to New York to-day.

During the run from Southampton to Queenstown the vessel's mammoth engines worked most satisfactorily.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 15.—The coal porters' strike while it lasted so interfered with the sailing schedules of the ships of the International Mercantile Marine Company that a rearrangement of dates has been made necessary.

The New York, due to sail on Saturday, and the White Star liner Majestic, scheduled to sail on June 21, have been withdrawn. The St. Paul will take the place of the Majestic, sailing on the 21st.

ANTWERP, June 15.—The Atlantic Transport steamer Marquette sailed for Boston to-day with an ample crew.

The Red Star Line officials say they are assured of enough firemen and trimmers to permit the sailing of the Finland for New York on Saturday.

One hour before the Marquette sailed the firemen walked off the vessel in a body. Their places, however, were immediately taken by new men.

HAMBURG, June 15.—The seamen's organization here has notified the strikers at Antwerp that the Germans will not participate in an international strike, because their demands have been satisfied.

The German organization, however, will prevent the engagement of German sailors for British, Belgian, or Dutch vessels.

Matthew Tearle, Secretary of the American branch of the Sailors' and Firemen's Union, said yesterday that he had received dispatches from the International Executive Committee of the union in London containing the order for the international strike.

Secretary Tearle repeated his statement of Wednesday that the men receiving the strike order in ports outside of Great Britain would complete their round trips and strike only when they reached their home ports.

Representatives of the coastwise steamship companies talked yesterday as if they did not take the threat of a general strike of the coastwise seamen seriously. At the offices of the Old Dominion, Morgan, and other lines it was said that nothing in the nature of demands had been made. Committees of the men had called and made a number of requests. The main request was that the companies apply to the union when they wanted men instead of to the boarding masters, as the keepers of the sailors' boarding houses are called. In other words, this was a request for the closed shop.

The General Manager of one of the companies said he was investigating conditions at the boarding houses, charges having been made that sailors had been victimized in some of them by a system of petty graft. He had found nothing of that kind so far. He added:

"We have got the men by the quickest way, and most of the crews are union men, but we could not bind ourselves to go to the union to find men in a hurry."

The general manager of another company said:

"The conditions under which the men work are better than they ever were before. If there are any grievances we are ready to remedy them, but we cannot bind ourselves to the closed shop, which is really what the union is after, though we do not care if all the men in the crews are union men."

TAFT DISCUSSES PATRONAGE.

Replies to Charges by Offering to Give Up Appointive Power.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The first authoritative answer to the charge that the Administration uses the appointive power of the President to further political ends was made by President Taft to-day. In conversation with friends the President declared that he would be delighted if Congress would take from his hands the duty of naming Collectors of Internal Revenue, United States Marshals, and Postmasters of the second and third classes.

The President told his visitors that nothing which Congress could do would be received more gladly by him than this act. He would be happy, he said, if Congress would extend the civil service law to include such offices. Practically every post up to the grade of United States District Attorney, the President told his callers, should be put under the civil service regulations.

The President has recommended such action to Congress in past messages, and he said he expects to make similar recommendations in the future. He declared his belief that there is a lot of "hypocrisy" in the charges made by Senators and others that a political machine has been built up through appointments to such offices.

DEWEY'S SUPERIOR PORT WINE
Blood making and nourishing.
H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N. Y.
—Adv.

MONEY POWER DRIVES MASSES FROM CHURCH

Rev. John P. Peters of St. Michael's P. E. Church sounds a note of warning in

Next Sunday's Times.

DU PONT ROMANCE MAY END IN DIVORCE

John Bancroft, Jr., Who Wed Daughter of Powder Man, Brings Suit in Delaware.

WAS A RUNAWAY MARRIAGE

Mrs. Bancroft, Estranged from Divorced Mother, Is Suing for Funds Under Trust Agreement.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., June 15.—John Bancroft, Jr., has filed a libel for divorce against his wife, Madelene du Pont Bancroft. The husband, 26 years old, is the only son of John Bancroft, secretary of the Joseph Bancroft & Sons' Company, textile manufacturers. The wife, 23, is the eldest daughter of Alfred I. du Pont, Vice President of the du Pont Powder Company.

The docket in the office of Prothonotary Churchman reads:

"John Bancroft, Jr., vs. Madelene du Pont Bancroft and Max Heibler, Jr. Libel for divorce." Max Heibler, Jr., named as co-defendant by the husband, is a three-weeks'-old infant, the paternity of which, it is stated, he denies. The case hinges primarily on this issue.

The suit will be called at the September term of the Newcastle County Superior Court here, which begins Sept. 17.

The divorce proceeding is a sequel to the runaway marriage on Dec. 18, 1907, of young Bancroft and Madelene Du Pont. They were married at Washington by the Rev. D. C. McLeod, a Presbyterian minister. The bridegroom was then a student at Princeton. He and the bride went to Munich, Germany, shortly afterward, and the husband completed his studies at Heidelberg University. They remained abroad over two years. Since then young Bancroft has been associated with his father in the Bancroft factory.

The young wife is estranged from her mother, Bessie Gardner Du Pont, from whom her father secured a divorce.

The allegations in the libel are that the cause of action arose while the young wife was in Munich and other European cities, the husband being here. The husband and wife are both absent. Bancroft is at Minerva, N. Y., and Mrs. Bancroft is at Atlantic City.

When the suit was entered last week the docket was kept a blank. This was requested by the lawyer for the husband, so that the papers could be served on the wife. She was found at her residence, 2,011 Bayard Avenue, by Deputy Sheriff Bartlett, and the legal papers were read to her. The official was also compelled to read the papers to the infant at its mother's side.

It was learned to-day that Madelene Du Pont Bancroft has an action pending in the Court of Chancery against her mother to secure funds from the parent under a trust agreement.

The couple have another child, a boy named after the father and born abroad.

56 DAYS IN A SWAMP.

Missing Marlboro Man Found—Says He Had Nothing to Eat.

MARLBORO, Mass., June 15.—After an absence of fifty-six days, which, he says, he spent in a swamp between Marlboro and Westboro, with nothing to eat, William D. Hanley, one of the best-known young men of this city, was found, emaciated and barely conscious, in the heart of the swamp by four employes of the Metropolitan Water Works late to-day. Hanley was in a terrible state of exhaustion, but he was able to recognize his brother, John J. Hanley, when the latter reached the scene and to ask after his father and wife, to whom he was married last October. Hanley's disappearance on April 20 caused a sensation. It was supposed that an attack of grippe had unbalanced his mind. Although he was sought far and wide and circulars were sent all over the country by the police and by the Knights of Columbus and the Foresters, in which orders he was active, no trace of him was found.

After Hanley had been removed to his brother's home a physician was summoned. He said there was a chance of recovery.

Hanley could give no explanation of his disappearance. He remembered wandering into the swamp, and said he had occasionally seen persons pass by, but for some reason he could not explain he had been unable to call them. Most of the time, he said, he had spent lying upon the wet ground, huddled up in his overcoat.

SINGER TO WED NEWSBOY.

St. Louis Opera Aspirant Defers Studying in Paris to Do So.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 15.—Miss Sophia Golland, one of the post-graduates of a conservatory of music here, will not go to Paris in the Fall to study grand opera as planned, but will become the wife of Ben Greenburg, the most successful newsboy in St. Louis. Greenburg is in hearty accord with her operatic ambitions, and will urge her later to carry out her interrupted plans.

Miss Golland sings in English, French, Italian, and German, plays the piano and violin, and composes music.

Greenburg and his brother are sidewalk magazine merchants here and distributors of publications over a great deal of Southwestern territory as well as at St. Louis.

Lately they bought an apartment house for $112,000.

HAVE THE TIMES FOLLOW YOU.
When you are spending your vacation in the country, you will want to keep posted on what is going on. Do not wait for some one else to keep you informed of the important happenings the world over, but order the Daily and Sunday editions of The New York Times sent to your country address. One week, 17c.; one month, 75c.—Adv.

LOW EXCURSION RATES TO COLORADO.
"Rocky Mountain Limited" and "Mountaineer" from Chicago morning and evening. "Colorado Flyer" mornings from St. Louis. Perfect service. Excursion tickets, 401 B'way. —Adv.

GREAT HAVOC FOUND IN WRECK OF MAINE

Parts of Ship Now Visible Show Decks Upheaved and Bulkheads Crumpled Like Paper.

WATER LOWERED SEVEN FEET

Revelation of Terrific Character of Explosion May Upset Plans for Ultimate Removal of Hulk.

HAVANA, June 15.—That the shattering of the hull of the battleship Maine, as shown by the mute testimony of steel ribs bent apart, decks upheaved and hurled far from their original position, bulkheads crumpled like sheets of paper, and apparently inextricable and hardly identifiable masses of construction material, was far greater than had been supposed was revealed this afternoon as a result of superficial observation made possible by the lowering of the water level in the cofferdam a total depth of seven feet.

On account of this unforeseen revelation of the terrific character of the explosion which sent the battleship to the bottom of the harbor, all plans heretofore proposed for dealing with the ultimate removal of the hull have become merely conjectural until a considerably greater amount of water has been pumped out. As the water receded to-day every successive foot revealed worse and worse conditions in that portion of the hull forward of amidships which was subjected to the main force of the explosion.

The bow section is still nearly twenty feet below the surface, and here, it is believed, the destruction will be found to have been even greater. The work of pumping was somewhat delayed to-day because of the heavy rains and a slight interruption of the electric current. It is the intention to-morrow to put into service the most powerful pumps and to lower the water more rapidly, but still to use the utmost caution, observing the effects of the increased pressure on the cofferdam, which up to the present has shown not the least indication of weakness.

Col. Black of the Engineer Corps said this evening that he had reasonable expectation of lowering the water a total depth of eighteen or twenty feet within three or four days, which would render possible a fairly complete exploration of those portions of the ship, except the bow section, where men were likely to have been on the night of the disaster.

It is probable that the searchers may be able to enter the officers' quarters in the after superstructure to-morrow, where they may find the remains of Ensign Merritt, the only officer missing. The remains of Lieut. Jenkins, the only other officer killed, were recovered from the torpedo chamber shortly after the explosion.

AIRMEN FLY OVER BOSTON.

Ovington and Atwood Circle State Capitol After Trip from Waltham.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 15.—Earle L. Ovington flew from the Metz aerodrome at Waltham over Boston this afternoon, circled the State Capitol twice, and then, swinging in a wide circle over the harbor, returned safely to his starting point.

Earlier in the day Harry N. Atwood, carrying a passenger, thrilled many thousands of spectators with a forty-five-mile spectacular flight.

Ovington reached the State Capitol at 3:28 and descended to 500 feet and swooped about the cupola in long curves. Over Park Street Church he dropped a letter from the Mayor of Waltham to Mayor Fitzgerald, but the missive was carried far down Washington Street. At 3:33 the aviator started on his return, speeding down Summer Street at a rate of fifty miles an hour. The total distance covered was about fifteen miles.

Atwood's flight was in some respects even more remarkable than that of Ovington. In addition to carrying a passenger the Squantum airman had to face a stiff breeze and battle with three rain squalls.

ONLY TWO FLY TO HAMBURG.

Lindpainter and Buechner Complete Third Stage of Circuit Race.

HAMBURG, June 15.—Lindpainter and Buechner arrived here to-day from Schwerin, concluding the third stage of the National Aviation Circuit Race. They were much troubled by a heavy fog, frequently losing their bearings.

Wienczlers met with an accident near Hamburg. The propeller of his machine was broken through landing in a ditch, but the aviator escaped injury. He brought his aeroplane to Hamburg in a wagon.

HINTS OF ARMY MISCONDUCT.

Covington Resolution Calls for Charges Against Pay Department Officers.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The Secretary of War was directed by a resolution passed by the House of Representatives to-day to furnish any information in his possession relating "in any way to charges or accusations of criminal or other misconduct on the part of any officer or officers of the pay department of the army, since Jan. 1, 1905."

Representative Covington of Maryland, who introduced the resolution, divulged to four members of the Military Affairs Committee the nature of the resolution and at whom it was aimed. He declined to give his reasons to the House, but on the recommendation of the committee the resolution was adopted.

WILL SHARE $60,000 INCOME.

Miss Barker, 12 Years, with $30,000,000, Has Charitable Plans.

CHICAGO, June 15.—Catherine Barker, 12 years old of Laporte, Ind., who by her father's will, receives an annual income of $60,000 for her education and sustenance, has applied to the Circuit Court for permission to divide her income with charitable institutions of Laporte and Michigan City, Ind.

Miss Barker received $30,000,000 as her share of her father's estate, which is held in trust.

CONGRESS GIFT TO MRS. TAFT

House and Senate to Present Silver Services on Wedding Anniversary.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—A fund of $2,000 to purchase a silver service to present to Mrs. Taft on her silver wedding anniversary at the White House on Monday was subscribed by members of the House of Representatives to-day.

Each member contributed $5. The fund was collected so rapidly that a committee was enabled to take the afternoon train for New York, where a gift will be selected.

The present will be supplemented by a magnificent silver service which the Senate will present to President and Mrs. Taft at the celebration.

BIG BLOW AT ATLANTIC CITY.

Pleasure Boats Driven Ashore, but All the Passengers Saved.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 15.—The big inlet pleasure boats were in danger from a bay tornado late this afternoon. The Maud E., Capt. Somers, washed into the Inlet Pavilion and was dismasted. The passengers crawled safely along the bowsprit to the pavilion.

The Mehrer II., Capt. Sam Gale, was caught outside and beached. Miss Marion Myers of St. Louis fell overboard, but Capt. Gale promptly went in after her and rescued her with considerable difficulty.

Scores of other small craft were upset in the inside waters, but no lives were lost.

BLACKBIRD RIDES THE SURF.

"Lash" Tilton's Pet Perches on Driftwood in Asbury Park Breakers.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., June 15.—This place has a crow-blackbird that flies to the beach, perches on driftwood, and rides the breakers for a half hour daily. Its home is near Deal Lake. The bird was first discovered by "Lash" Tilton, Captain of the life saving crew, on Sunday.

Following Saturday's storm the surf was full of pieces of driftwood, and the bird had little difficulty in finding a perch. Since then the bird has returned daily. It alights on the Casino and then hops down to the lifeboat on the beach. Capt. Tilton has a piece of wood that he throws into the surf for the bird. It rides with the swell until the board is awash, and then flies to a bathing pole until Tilton throws the stick in again.

SMOKED THE HOTEL DINERS.

Ritz-Carlton Patrons Got the Fumes of a Watchman's Rubbish Fire.

Diners in the restaurant of the Ritz-Carlton last night about 7 o'clock were disturbed by volumes of smoke with a disagreeable odor which entered through the windows on the Forty-sixth Street side. For a few moments there were fears that the hotel might have caught fire, but the diners were informed by August Keller, the restaurant manager, that the blaze was confined to some rubbish heaps in the partly demolished buildings in the rear of the hotel.

The night watchman has been in the habit of burning up the rubbish when he came on duty at 6 o'clock, but last night it got beyond his control, and he had to send for the firemen to put out the blaze. It was half an hour before the restaurant was clear of smoke. A few of the diners left until it had passed away, but the majority kept their places.

TRAIN CRUSHES LITTLE LAD.

Six-Year-Old Tommy King Thought First of Mother, Even in Mortal Pain.

Six-year-old Tommy King started to cross the tracks of the Long Island Railroad near the Seaside station at Rockaway Beach last night, and, stumbling, fell in front of a train bound for Brooklyn, in charge of Motorman Peter Sprague. One of his feet was cut off, the other crushed, and his body and face were bruised and cut.

Tommy's home is only a short distance from the scene of the accident, and his injuries were there temporarily cared for by Dr. G. W. K. Schenck of Rockaway Beach. The boy did not lose consciousness.

"My mother has no money to pay you," he said to the physician, "and you had better let me wait until the ambulance comes."

Later the boy was removed to St. Joseph's Hospital, at Far Rockaway, and it was found necessary to amputate the crushed foot. It is said he has little chance of recovery. His mother is employed at a hotel at Rockaway Beach. His father is dead.

DIES TO LEAVE CONGRESS.

Secretly Wedded Representative So Says, but His Intention Is Doubted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—A sensation caused by the discovery that Congressman Martin Dies of Texas, who has been in daily attendance on the sessions of the House, had secretly married again after a divorce obtained by his first wife, and is living in a small suburb of Washington under the name of Marion Davis, has been followed by a declaration from him that he will leave politics and either return to the practice of law or to his farm in Texas, near Beaumont. The marriage took place in Baltimore Dec. 27 last year. The new Mrs. Dies was a Mrs. Florence N. Hoover, who for three or four years was his typewriter. The first Mrs. Dies came to Washington with her husband when he took his seat in the Sixty-first Congres and remained here a year, when she left, and after sued him for a divorce. Mr. Dies in the name of his second wife has bought a bungalow on the outskirts of the capital.

"The Texas delegation doubt Congressman Dies's intentions, and say he has decided to go home and fight for a renomination and election.

WALKS FAR, DIES WHEN 101.

Crabtree Goes on Foot from Illinois to Minneapolis to Find Daughter.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 15.—Marion Crabtree, 101 years old, died in the St. Paul City and County Hospital to-day, after having given up search in Minneapolis for his daughter, Mrs. Herbert Brown, whose address he was unable to remember.

Crabtree walked into Minneapolis a month ago from Wilmington, Ill., where he had lived for many years on a farm. He spent two weeks in the Twin Cities in a futile hunt for his daughter. On May 26 his worries and increasing illness compelled him to go to the city and county hospital.

"Crabtree had papers proving he was born near Liverpool, England, in 1810," said Dr. A. B. Ancker to-day. "He came to America in 1828. In 1830 he located in Peoria, Ill., where he married and raised a family of five children. At the beginning of the civil war he enlisted."

Flavor all Summer drinks with ANGOSTURA BITTERS, delicious appetizer and tonic. —Adv.

ARREST BRITISHERS IN MELLON DIVORCE

Co-Respondent and His Friend, Capt. Kirkbride, Accused of "Obstructing Justice."

CAME HERE AT LAWYER'S CALL

Had Voluntarily Gone to Aid Banker's Wife—District Attorney Who Caused Arrests Is Mellon's Counsel.

As they were about to sit down to dinner last night in the Ritz-Carlton Hotel here Capt. T. W. Kirkbride of the British Army and his friend, Alfred George Curphey, who is named as corespondent in the divorce suit brought in Pittsburg by Andrew T. Mellon, the banker, against his wife, an Englishwoman, were arrested by Central Office detectives. They were charged with contempt of court and obstructing public justice.

Judge Mulqueen of General Sessions, on hearing of the arrests and some peculiar circumstances attending them, held an extraordinary session of court in the Democratic Club and held the two in $2,500 bail to await extradition.

Both Englishmen characterized their arrest as outrageous. They declared that they had gone to Pittsburg from England voluntarily to place themselves within the jurisdiction of the court in the "extraordinary divorce proceedings" there in progress, and had come to New York for a consultation upon receipts of a long-distance telephone call from their lawyers, Hornblower, Miller & Potter. Both cheerfully admitted having previously accepted subpoenas to appear before a notary public in Pittsburg to make depositions and having ignored these subpoenas.

"But in England," they insisted, "a subpoena granted by the authority and backed by the dignity of a government court is returnable to a court. This paper was returnable before a firm of private lawyers—the lawyers for the other side. We could not believe it was genuine. We wished to know from our lawyer, and were informed over the long-distance telephone to come to New York at once for a consultation before putting ourselves on record before such an incomprehensible tribunal."

Judge's Sympathy Aroused.

The explanation of the two Englishmen evidently aroused Judge Mulqueen's sympathy, but he said it would be a marked discourtesy to the State of Pennsylvania not to hold them in custody, since they obviously had ignored a subpoena and had left the jurisdiction which issued it, and that he would therefore have to hold them in material bail.

An explanation from the prisoners that they had even written to the lawyers for Mr. Mellon, plaintiff in the divorce case, giving these lawyers their New York address and telling them why they had come here, did not avail. For some time it seemed that both men would spend the night in the Tombs Prison. Their lawyers telephoned to more than a score of acquaintances to obtain bail and failed. At the suggestion of Mr. Curphey they also telephoned to Henry Phipps of Pittsburg, who Curphey said was his intimate friend. Mr. Phipps could not be located.

A short itme after midnight, while the two prisoners were still detained in the Democratic Club, word was telephoned from the law offices of Hornblower, Miller & Potter that a bondsman had been obtained and was on his way to the Democratic Club with the necessary security.

Judge Mulqueen had previously stated that he considered the two men to be victims of a pernicious police habit of making arrests late at night, which they could just as well attend to earlier in the day, and that since the right to have bail was one of the most sacred rights of prisoners, he would remain at the club all night if necessary in order to accept securities.

Indicted for Contempt.

The telegram on which the two men were arrested was read to them by Detectives Curry and Raftis at 6:55 P. M. It was signed by Henry Muth, chief county detective of Pittsburg, and read as follows:

T. W. Kirkbride and Alfred George Curphey are at the Ritz-Carlton. Have been indicted in Allegheny County for obstructing public justice and contempt of court. Arrest and hold for requisition. Agent with papers will arrive to-morrow morning.

The detectives had hardly reached Police Headquarters with their prisoners when Lawyer George Gordon Battle of the firm of O'Gorman, Battle & Lindsay appeared. He brought with him a telegram from the District Attorney of Pittsburg authorizing him to act in the premises and to have the men held in very substantial bail.

It was reported here and confirmed by telegrams from Pittsburg last night that Mr. Blake, the District Attorney of Allegheny County, Penn., under whose authority the county detectives are placed, is in his private capacity counsel for Mr. Mellon.

Besides Mr. Battle, there appeared from District Attorney Whitman's office Assistant District Attorney McGuire, with instructions to see that the wishes of the Pennsylvania authorities were fully carried out.

The police wished to put their prisoners in cells at once, but Lawyer J. Norris Milelr, who had accompanied them from the Ritz-Carlton, vigorously protested, declaring that Capt. Kirkbride was an officer of the British army and that both were English gentlemen, and that to lock them behind prison bars would be extremely offensive to all concerned.

Bitter Wrangle of Counsel.

Then began a search for bail. Until 9 o'clock this was without success. At this time Judge Mulqueen was appealed to over the telephone, and he agreed to meet the prisoners at the Dmocratic Club. The hearing opened at 10:30 o'clock and was marked by bitter personal encounters between counsel for the persons interested.

Attorney Robert T. McElroy of Pittsburg declared that he represented Constable Schinneller, who served subpoenas upon the two Englishmen last Saturday, returnable yesterday morning.

Judge Mulqueen became interested at once in the matter of the time at which the arrests were made. He inspected closely McElroy's credentials, which stated that he left Pittsburg at midnight on Wednesday, after seeing the criminal informations which had been drawn up against the prisoners, and that he had arrived here at noon yesterday. The telegram to the police requesting that the arrests be made was marked as having been received at 3 P. M. Lawyer Battle's telegram reached him at 5 P. M.

"Under these conditions," said Judge Mulqueen, "it was a pernicious act on the part of the police to delay the arrest so long, and I would regard it as

tirely proper for me to parole both of these men in the custody of the lawyers. But as they are technically guilty of evading a subpoena I cannot do that."

"May we not sleep in our hotel rooms with officers in the rooms with us?" suggested Capt. Kirkbride.

"That is a fair suggestion," replied Judge Mulqueen, "and perhaps the detectives would be willing to sleep there, too. But it would be rather irregular."

"But I am an officer of the British Army," insisted the Captain. "I cannot run away."

This statement seemed to rouse the anger of Lawyer Battle.

"But you have run away once," he snapped, "and you would do it again. I cannot consent to any leniency."

"There are no steamships for England to-morrow," replied Capt. Kirkbride, keeping his temper.

"Yes, I know," retorted Mr. Battle, "but there are steamships for Haiti and the Bahamas, and there are trains for Canada. This is not an offense for which one may be extradited from a foreign country."

"My clients came here to appear voluntarily in one of the most outrageous divorce proceedings ever instituted," put in Lawyer Miller, "and I insist that they are gentlemen who should not be subjected to this kind of language. I telephoned for them to come here; I did not understand that they had been subpoenaed in a regular manner."

"They may be Englishmen, and one of them may be an officer, but they are no gentlemen," said Mr. Battle in rising tones. "They have very nice beds in the Tombs, and that would be a fitting place for them to stay."

To this fling Mr. Miller replied that he fas sure his clients had acted in mere ignorance of the American law, and were in fact "simply befogged in smoky Pittsburg." After announcing that he would hold the men in $2,500 bail, Judge Mulqueen suggested to Assistant District Attorney McGuire that he call the attention of District Attorney Whitman to the police pracice of making arrests after bonding and surety companies had closed, and thereby jeopardizing the rights of the defendants to bail.

Mr. Curphey described himself for the Police Lieutenant on duty at Headquarters as an Englishman, 39 years old, with no occupation, born in the Isle of Man, and single. He gave his American address as the Ritz-Carlton Hotel. Capt. Kirkbride described himself as a resident of London, 40 years old, and a Captain of reserves in the British Army.

While the two men insisted that the object of their visit to this country was to appear as witnesses in the Mellon case, others insisted that they had also come to exact an apology from Andrew W. Mellon, the plaintiff, for statements he had made about them. It was while engaged in this task of satisfying their honor that the subpoenas were served upon them, and they were thus, much to their surprise, brought into a status where their continuous presence in Pennsylvania was required.

Another version of the affair was that Curphey, who is named as co-respondent in the divorce suit, had been moved by Mrs. Mellon's vehement assertion that a law recently passed in Pennsylvania making jury trials in divorce cases optional with the Judge was inspired by her husband, and by her appeal to the women of Pennsylvania and to the British authorities for aid in combating his political influence. The only way in which she could legally insure the jury trial she was seeking was to have Curphey named as a co-defendant with her, and it was said that his visit to Mr. Mellon was for the purpose of demanding that he be granted the privilege of becoming a party to the action.

Mellon's Strange Divorce Suit.

The name of Alfred George Gurphey figured in the divorce suit upon the filing of the first papers on Oct¼ 10 last. Andrew W. Mellon asked for an absolute divorce from his young wife, Nora Mary McCullen Mellon, who before her marriage was Nora McMullen, daughter of a wealthy brewer in Hertfordshire, England. Mr. Curphey is described as a London clubman, who had known Mrs. Mellon at her parent's home when they were children.

The case rapidly sprang into unusual prominence, owing to the discovery by Mrs. Mellon and her lawyer, Paul A. Asche, two weeks after the suit had been filed, that the Forbest Street mansion in which she was living was equipped with sixteen phonographs so arranged that they would take down every conversation in any part of the house. Photographs of the instruments became public, together with the details of an axe raid upon them by Mrs. Mellon's lawyer.

On May 5 last Gov. Tener of Pennsylvania approved a mysterious bill declared to have been passed through Mellon's influence, especially to aid him in the divorce proceedings. This legislation was followed on Monday by the forcible removal of Mrs. Mellon from the Forbes Street residence.

Her two children were taken at the same time to the home of Richard Quay in Sewickly by order of the court, on the petition of the husband. Mrs. Mellon, after being ejected from the house, saw a negro Deputy force a Mrs. Crawford, who had been her friend through her troubles, from the porch.

Mrs. Mellon's wedding presents from her husband, her bed, linens, and effects were placed in the street and were carted away by an expressman. She is now staying with friends. The decision to have her ejected, it was said, was arrived at shortly after Mr. Curphey arrived in Pittsburg from England.

Prosecutor's Dual Capacity.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., June 15.—George Alfred Curphey, with his friend, Capt. T. W. Kirkbride, went to New York, at the request of their lawyers, Hornblower, Miller & Potter of 24 Broad Street, New York. Hardly had Mr. Curphey, who is named by Andrew W. Mellon, the banker, as co-respondent in his suit for divorce, left Pittsburg than steps were taken to have him indicted, arrested, and returned here. It is warmly asserted by his friends here, however, that he never intended to leave the Pennsylvania jurisdiction in which he voluntarily had placed himself, but that he went to New York on the personal request of Mr. Hornblower, who probably will be called into the Mellon case.

District Attorney William A. Blakely, in addition to being prosecutor for Allegany County, is incidentally counsel for Andrew W. Mellon. It was he who filed the banker's complaint for divorce. Mr. Blakely refused to-night to explain the nature of his new action against Mr. Curphey, but said that requisition papers were being forwarded, and that Mr. Curphey would be brought here by detectives to answer a charge of obstructing justice and contempt of court. He maintains that Curphey's indictment was brought about by the action of Attorney James H. Beal of the Pittsburg firm of Reed, Smith, Shaw & Beal, who at present is handling Mellon's case.

Within two days after he arrived here from London and had begun attempts to see Mr. Mellon and get from him an apology or satisfaction for the charges in the divorce complaint, Mr. Curphey was trailed by detectives. They shadowed the British visitor night and day. Finally he was served with a summons to appear in the law offices of Mellon's counsel and make a deposition. He accepted the subpoena service, but on Wednesday, when the hearing was to be held, by advice of counsel he refused to appear. It is asserted by his friends here that he would not testify at this time because of the unsettled status of certain features of the Mellon case.

There are many legal points now before the court, chief among them the question whether Mrs. eMllon shall have a trial by jury or before a master in private sessions of court. Mrs. Mellon wants an open trial before a jury. To aid her Mr. Curphey has come from England to see if he cannot be made a co-defendant as well as a co-respondent and thereby force a jury trial. For these reasons he would not submit to examination in advance of trial in the offices of the banker's lawyers.

District Attorney Blakeley to-night said: "The arrest of the two men was caused by Attorney Beal. They were indicted today on charges of obstructing justice and contempt of court. These charges grew out of Curphey's ignoring a summons issued by the court to appear at a hearing and testify, after he had placed himself within jurisdiction of the Pennsylvania courts.

"We are having extradition papers issued and will have the men brought back here to answer charges. I don't know that they are arrested in New York. They were not to have been arrested until after requisition papers had been procured."

The District Attorney plainly evaded the points in the case. The Mellon affir is a thorn in the side of all who take a hand in the legal issues, and Mr. Blakely is sensitive about his connection with it. County Detective Muth, who ordered the arrests, is under his authority.

Test a New Steel Railway Car.

The first of ninety-six steel cars to be used in the rapid transit service between Saybrook Place, Newark, and New York, has just been received at Jersey City by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. It was taken out by a party of the company's engineers yesterday afternoon and run over the Pennsylvania tracks to the [illegible] transfer station and return. [illegible] very satisfactory.

SUGAR PRICE FIXED, TRUST'S BOOKS SHOW

Minutes of Directors' Meeting Ordering Such Action Read at House Inquiry.

ART OF REBATING DISCLOSED

But How Havemeyer Got $10,000,000 in Stock Remains a Secret—Mormon Leader Must Testify.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—United States Senators do not count for much with Democratic investigating committees nowadays. Senator Smoot to-day asked the Hardwick Investigating Committee, which had been digging into the Sugar Trust very effectively for the last week, to excuse Joseph F. Smith, the head of the Mormon Church, from appearing to testify in regard to the Utah-Idaho group of beet sugar factories, the stock of which the American Sugar Refining Company owns to the amount of one-half. The committee decided not to comply with the request.

The committee also decided to subpoena Charles K. Harrison and Alfred Harrison of the Franklin Sugar Refining Company of Philadelphia, Horace O. Havemeyer, Jr., of New York, John F. Harper of Cleveland, Chester F. Morey of Denver, Thomas R. Cutler of Salt Lake, John D. and Adolph Spreckels of San Francisco.

Charles R. Heike, former Secretary of the Sugar Trust, to-day in the course of his examination challenged Chairman Hardwick to interrogate him in regard to the criminal charges under which Heike was tried and convicted, and when Mr. Hardwick replied that he had refrained from asking any questions as to that matter because he did not want to embarrass him, Heike retorted: "I wish you would."

A little later Heike was served with a subpoena to appear before the Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice, which is investigating the trust policy of the Administration. He will then have opportunity to tell what he knows as to his operations in violation of the anti-trust law, and also the acts of other magnates of the Sugar Trust.

It was also brought out in the testimony of Lowell M. Palmer, a former Director of the Sugar Trust, that the family of H. O. Havemeyer still owns $7,600,000 of the $10,000,000 common stock, and that Mr. Havemeyer never had explained how he happened to acquire it.

At the close of the day, when the testimony of Mr. Heike and Mr. Palmer had been concluded, Joseph E. Freeman, the present Secretary of the American Sugar Refining Company, was examined, and told the committee that the company was disposing of certain of its stocks in the beet sugar factories, and in some cases had parted with very considerable portions of its holdings. He said that the only refinery absorbed by the trust to which directions for operating were given was the Louisiana Refinery, which belonged entirely to the American Sugar Refining Company. There was never at any time, so far as he had knowledge, any communication whatever with the other beet sugar companies, and the American Sugar Refining Company did not in any manner exercise any control of those factories.

Output of Sugar Trust.

Mr. Freeman's figures showed that, counting the output of the McCahan and the National Sugar Company refineries, the American Sugar Refining Company produced 56.39 per cent. of the sugar in the United States market. The control of the two companies named being in question, Mr. Freeman said that the actual percentage of output by the American Sugar Refining Company was 43.14 per cent.

Mr. Heike's testimony was at all times interesting, although it did not bring out much that was pertinent to the main purpose of the investigation. He talked about the tariff, and said he was in favor of taking off the sugar duty at the rate of 5 per cent. a year, and in twenty years have it free. If it were taken off all at once it would mean ruin to the beet-sugar industry, he said.

In a colloquy with Mr. Fordney, who is the most ancient patriarch of the standpat conclave in the House, the fact came out that in 1901, when the fight was on over Cuban reciprocity, all of a sudden the Michigan beet-sugar men and those from other States stopped fighting and went home. Mr. Fordney said he remembered one day a telegram came to some of his Michigan friends saying Havemeyer had made them a proposal to buy them out if they would cease opposing Cuban reciprocity.

Mr. Madison asked Mr. Heike if it was true, as he had been told, that Mr. Havemeyer received a salary of $100,000 a year, and he said it was. He also said it was true that when Mr. Thomas became President he received only $50,000 and later he voluntarily reduced it to $25,000.

When Mr. Palmer, who, besides being for many years a Director of the American Sugar Refining Company, was head of its traffic department, was called to the stand Mr. Madison opened the examination by reading from the minutes of the American Sugar Refining Company a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors on Sept. 6, 1898, for the purpose of fixing prices.

The records show, he said, that there were present H. O. Havemeyer, W. O. Thomas, W. Oscar Mathissen, John E. Parsons, and Charles H. Senff. Then Mr. Madison read from the minutes this paragraph:

> On motion a special committee consisting of the President, Vice President, and Mr. Thomas were appointed to fix the price of refined sugars; they were authorized in their discretion to make the price of granulated not less than three-eighths above the price of centrifugals of 96 degree test; other refined sugars to correspond. They were authorized and empowered to purchase for account of the company or hold any portion of outside refineries at a price and upon terms to be fixed by them in their discretion.
>
> (Signed) CHARLES H. SENFF, Acting Secretary.

Tells of Traffic Rebates.

Mr. Palmer said he was responsible for years for the traffic arrangements and contracts of the American Sugar Refining Company, and that he had known H. O. Havemeyer for many years. Mr. Madison asked him if his duties or those of Thomas P. Reilly, now serving a term on Blackwell's Island for stealing records from District Attorney Wise's office, had been in the direction of obtaining rebates from railroads and steamship companies for the transportation of American Sugar Refining Company's property.

"Prior to 1897, yes," replied Mr. Palmer. "Prior to 1901, yes; but after the formation of the American Sugar Refining Company I then brought about an arrangement by which the American Sugar Refining Company was supposed to pay full tariff on every pound of sugar shipped."

"You used a very suggestive and significant word, 'supposed.' Why did you use that?"

"It would have been impossible for a refiner to have lived prior to the consolidation of these companies in 1887 without the obtaining of rebates. It was a very bitter fight between the sugar refining interests everywhere."

"Previous to the formation of the trust you were obtaining rebates at that time for the Havemeyer interests?"

"Not only for Havemeyer interests but other interests. I was gathering freight for Palmer's Docks at Brooklyn. I had all the trunk lines except the Pennsylvania and the D., L. & W. roads.

"Now, just state for the information of the committee what you were doing at that time, what particular business you were in, and what your relations to these companies, both sugar companies and railroad companies, was, so that we may understand how it was that you arranged these matters."

"When I commenced Havemeyer's station was at St. John's Park, N. Y., so they had to cart and have ferriage on every pound of sugar shipped by rail; that seemed to be an unfair arrangement, and I brought the Erie in 1874; I brought the New York Central, I guess, in 1875; then the Central brought the West Shore, and that year they brought the D., L. & W. and the Pennsylvania, and the Pennsylvania came and bought a block of ground adjoining that property."

How He Got Concessions.

"Now tell the committee how you were able to obtain concessions and what kind and character of concessions you did obtain through the railroads who shipped from your dock."

"Why, the railroads were always in a scrap among themselves, and sometimes I would find the sixth class rate, in which sugar stood, was giving it A, B, or C at less than the published tariff rates."

"Now, this sugar refinery company which was organized in 1887 by the taking into the combination of some seventeen or eighteen companies, that combination or trust received those concessions, did it not?"

"Yes, Sir."

"Can you direct this committee to the place where it can obtain a record and a statement of these rebates and the men who kept an account of it?"

"I kept an account of it."

Mr. Palmer said his successor, R. W. Parker, at the office of the American Sugar Refining Company, had the records.

"He is President of the Brooklyn Cooperage Manufacturing Company," said Mr. Palmer, "and occupies the same position that I occupied. I don't think he has any interest, but he manages the railroad business the same as I did—contracts."

Mr. Madison continued to ask for details as to rebates and Mr. Palmer went on with his statement.

"Well, the railroads would be in a fight, and without any effort upon my part the rates would go down in a certain direction, and when they did I got the benefit of it. The railroads received, the Havemeyers received, and all the Brooklyn refineries received, from an earlier date than that a cartage charge of 2 cents a hundred pounds occasioned by the fact that Mr. Theodore Havemeyer, against the wishes of his father and against the wishes of his brother, Mr. H. O., went over to Philadelphia and joined in the house of Harrison, Havemeyer & Co.; he made no investment in money while I had invested in Brooklyn about three and one-half millions of dollars in the railroad business. He performed no service, and the Pennsylvania Road was paying him the same lighterage charge that they were paying to me for lighterage and labor of loading those cars.

Says Depew Can Tell.

"Mr. H. O. Havemeyer came to me one day to show me something was wrong with the situation, show me the prices sugar was selling for in Chicago, and I saw at once there was a leak somewhere, and I found where it was. That finally resulted in his dragging his brother, Theodore Havemeyer, out of the firm of Harrison, Havemeyer & Co. prior to the formation of the Sugar Refineries Company in 1886. Mr. Depew is the only man living who could verify this to-day—Senator Depew."

Judge Madison questioned the witness concerning the formation of the National Sugar Refining Company of New Jersey.

"It was organized for the purpose of buying four companies," said the witness. "Mr. Havemeyer told me he had organized it with his own money and a little he had got from the National City Bank."

"Were not these companies competing?"

"Yes, I think they were."

The witness said the American Company obtained a majority of the preferred stock of the National, but when the question of the legality of the common stock of the National came up the witness said that there he and H. O. Havemeyer disagreed.

"Havemeyer brought up before the Board of Directors of the American the question of the purchase of the common stock of the National, and said that he could not vote for the purchase because he was interested in the stock," said Mr. Palmer. "I was not in favor of the purchase. We never had much to do with one another after that."

Representative Malby wanted to know if the common stock of the National was issued at the same time the preferred was.

"I do not know anything about that, except what Mr. Havemeyer told me."

Havemeyer Didn't Tell.

"What did he tell you?"

"I called him aside at the meeting and asked him what had been done with the common stock, and he replied it was in the hands of friends, and he would see me later about it."

"Then you didn't have any information or knowledge as to how Mr. Havemeyer acquired it?"

"No, Sir."

"Do you know where the stock now is?"

"Why, I understand that $7,600,000 value of it is in the Havemeyer family."

"Do you know whether any money or other valuable consideration was ever paid by Mr. Havemeyer or members of his family for the issuing of this stock?"

"I don't know anything about that."

He agreed that the original $10,000,000 common stock might have been promoters' profits.

Congressman Malby, in connection with the discussion of the issuance of the famous $10,000,000 common stock, asked about the issuance of the $50,000,000 of stock by the American Sugar Refining Company, of which it had been said only $42,000,000 had been used in the purchase of plants.

"Have you any knowledge of what became of the $8,000,000 not so used?" inquired Mr. Malby.

"None whatever."

The witness testified that he believed the stock had been watered, but how much he was not willing to estimate.

DEMANDS PROSECUTIONS.

Pomerene Criticises Wickersham for Inactivity in Oil and Tobacco Cases.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Atlee Pomerene, the new Democratic Senator from Ohio, in his maiden speech to-day declared that there was no excuse for the Department of Justice failing to bring criminal prosecutions against the individual defendants in the two big trust cases. He spoke in support of a joint resolution recently introduced by him directing the Attorney General to bring criminal suits against the individual defendants in the Tobacco and Standard Oil cases when, in his opinion, the evidence justified it.

Declaring that if criminal prosecutions had been undertaken when the law was first enforced there would have been no such concentration of power as exemplified by either of the two corporations under discussion, Mr. Pomerene said that the ruling of the Supreme Court must be followed up quickly in the most vigorous fashion "or the fruits of those victories will be lost to the Government and to the people."

"Speaking for myself," he said, "I think it is high time that the American people should understand whether the Stars and Stripes are to be the emblem of their power and authority, or whether that emblem shall be the oil barrel or the tobacco tag."

Taking up cudgels on behalf of Attorney General Wickersham, Senator Kenyon, recently his assistant, declared that the present head of the Department of Justice had achieved more results in his prosecution of trusts than any of his predecessors, and did not require instructions from Congress to do his duty.

RADIN TO SERVE HIS TERM.

Convicted Lawyer Who Sought Pardon from Taft Goes to Penitentiary.

Having failed to get a pardon from President Taft, Matthias Radin, a lawyer, who was convicted of concealing assets aggregating in value $150,000 belonging to the bankrupt firm of H. Feinberg & Son, furriers at 48 East Tenth Street, surrendered himself to Marshal Henkel yesterday and was taken to the Penitentiary on Blackwell's Island to serve his sentence of a year's imprisonment. A fine of $1,000 was also imposed in the case.

Since his conviction with Abraham Minsky in October, 1909, Radin has sought to evade serving a jail term. He appealed to the Circuit Court, but there the conviction was affirmed. Then Radin, who had strong political backing, appealed to President Taft for a pardon, and on the report of Federal District Attorney Wise, clemency was refused.

Taft for "See America First" Plan.

WASHINGTON, June 15. — President Taft to-day promised a committee appointed by Gov. Crothers of Maryland that he would write a letter indorsing the "See America first" movement.

DENIES TAFT'S RIGHT TO GET RECIPROCITY

Should Have Consulted the Senate Before Treating with Canada, Says Nelson.

SIXTY VOTES NOW ASSURED

President Advised That the Measure Will Pass Without the Root Print Paper Amendment.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Senator Knute Nelson of Minnesota to-day renewed his attack on President Taft's policy in regard to the Canadian reciprocity agreement in a set speech on the floor of the Senate. Mr. Nelson is bitterly opposed to reciprocity, as are most of the Senators from the Middle West, and already before the Finance Committee he showed the line he took in more formal fashion to-day.

His position is that the President has not only advocated a measure that is indefensible from the point of view of economics, but that in his advocacy he far exceeded his constitutional powers. The agreement, in Mr. Nelson's opinion, is neither a treaty nor a simple recommendation to Congress. It is, declared the Senator, a promise to a foreign Government to use what powers of coercion the President possesses to force Congress to enact the legislation needed to give the terms of the agreement force.

The Senator cited the method of the Administration in 1854, when first a reciprocity treaty was negotiated with Canada and ratified by the Senate, and then the needed legislation to make the treaty effective was asked of Congress. In somewhat like manner President Grant, he said, when a reciprocity treaty was proposed by Great Britain between the United States and Canada, first laid the whole matter before the Senate to get its advice in the matter.

Mr. Nelson declared that the Canadians had outwitted the United States.

"The Canadians not only fooled us into putting their agricultural products on the free list," he said, "but they actually fooled the President as to his treaty-making power. He was misled, and he is as much astray on that point as he is as to what is in the interest of the American farmer."

A spirited debate among Republican Senators was precipitated over the effect of the Root amendment dealing with paper and wood pulp. Senators Lodge, Clark of Wyoming, and Smoot all were on the floor and talking simultaneously. They agreed that that provision only restored the terms of the treaty as submitted to Congress.

"How, then, did that feature of the agreement disappear?" asked Senator William Alden Smith of Michigan.

"Ask the whispering winds," responded Mr. Clark.

Apparently pleased with the poetic character of his response, the Wyoming Senator at first seemed disposed to leave it there, but later added that the amendment was not only in harmony with the original agreement between the two countries but in consonance with the Canadian bill carrying the agreement into effect.

Mr. Smith was not satisfied and demanded from Chairman Penrose an explanation of the disappearance of tnat feature from the bill. Mr. Penrose had adopted the policy of allowing the opponents of the measure to do the talking, and reluctantly he arose to reply.

"The change," he said, "occurred in the Ways and Means Committee of the House, and the Senator from Michigan knows as much about it as I do."

"The effect, then, is to give the Canadians free trade in paper and pulp and not to give it to us," commented Mr. Smith. "And yet," he continued, "we are told by the House that we must not change a word in the bill as it was passed there for fear if impairing it."

According to information received at the White House, the Root amendment will be killed by a comfortable majority in the Senate. The President is also assured that the agreement already has sixty votes in the Senate.

Taft Joins Touring Club.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—President Taft to-day accepted honorary membership in the Touring Club of America and was presented with a set of the official automobile blue books of the club and a gold emblem, to be placed on his car.

AMERICAN MILLIONS IN MEXICO HARD HIT

Continued from Page 1.

A moment later, as he received the shots, came the order from headquarters for the preservation of Col. Morelos's life."

PRESIDENT FOR A DAY.

American Held for Breaking Neutrality in Lower California Rising.

SAN DIEGO, June 15.—Richard Ferris, a Los Angeles promoter, who has attained notoriety in connection with the insurrection in Lower California, was arrested to-day on a charge of conspiracy. His arrest is believed to relate to that of others of the Mexican Liberal Junta in Los Angeles for violation of the neutrality laws.

Ferris was summoned before a Federal Grand Jury two weeks ago, just after he had been elected President of the "Republic of Lower California," a position he held for a day.

When the summons came from the jury Ferris declared he had not taken his sudden elevation to the rank of ruler seriously. He had no thought, he said, of violating the neutrality of the United States. He described it as a joke played on him by the insurrectos.

TWO AMERICANS KILLED.

Dr. Foster and Patrick Glennon Dead at Alamo—Ensenada Strife.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Two Americans, Dr. Foster and Patrick Glennon, have been killed in Alamo, Mexico. Mr. Sawdat, the American Vice Consul at Ensenada, in reporting the fact to the State Department, says there is dangerous turbulence at Ensenada, and that the Mexicans causing the trouble were to a great extent recruited in the United States, some recruits being reported to be naturalized American citizens.

The State Department has reminded the Mexican Government that some time ago it gave permission for Mexican troops to cross American territory with a view to the restoration of peace and order in Lower California, and that it is now depending upon Mexico to make these outrages impossible.

CHINA NOT SENDING WARSHIP.

No Such Threat Made to Mexico, State Department Is Assured.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The State Department announced officially to-day that it has been assured that the Chinese Government never contemplated the dispatch of a warship to Mexico to assist in the collection of the indemnity for the killing of several hundred Chinese by Mexican insurgents during the revolution.

It is stated that possibly a Chinese warship participating in the coronation celebration at London may pay a ceremonial visit to Mexican and American waters on the return voyage, but this would be entirely disconnected with the preference of any indemnity claims.

MRS. LOVE ADMITS SMOKING.

At Divorce Hearing Says Love Knew She Used Cigarettes as a Girl.

Special to The New York Times.

BAKER CITY, Ore., June 15.—Mrs. Marjorie Burnes Love took the witness stand to-day to defend herself from the charges brought against her by her husband, Sidney C. Love, in his action for divorce. She told at length the details of her acquaintance with Love.

"During his courtship," she said, "he was affectionate, and my marriage with him was one of pure love. He told me always during those days that we were to live in New York, as he would not care to live in Chicago at all. The beginning of my illness was one night when he came home to dinner very much intoxicated. I had never but once before seen him so much under the influence of liquor. All through dinner that night he was ugly and sullen to me, and, though I was too ill, I went to the theatre with him. We returned home in the motor, and he left me and told the chauffeur to drive him to a club and left me standing alone on the street at midnight."

Mrs. Love admitted that she had smoked cigarettes both before and after marriage, and said Love's statement that he had known nothing of this habit until after his marriage to her, was untrue. She denied that she was an inveterate smoker.

Love read to the court a Christmas letter he wrote his wife after he had left England. After upbrailing her Love says:

"I would ask you to recall the night of Jan. 3, 1908, when in a violent passion you grasped me by the throat with both hands and started to choke me. Did I turn you out of my house, close my door in your face, employ solicitors, and tell them lies and publish you before the world? No, I took you in my arms, and for the next fifteen months nursed you and cared for you through all of your sickness and ill-health."

Mrs. Love denied that she had ever choked or attempted to choke her husband, and said at that time Love was drinking and had accused her of flirting with a man at Newport.

SAYS HUSBAND KICKED HER.

Mrs. Stansfield Also Accuses Him of Drinking to Excess.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 15.—Mrs. Eugenie Stansfield broke down and had to leave the witness stand to-day during the trial of her action for a separation from her husband, Samuel B. Stansfield, before Supreme Court Justice Tompkins, when she was about to tell of her last day with her husband at their country estate at Purchase on October 21 last. She wept so bitterly that she had to be led from the courtroom by friends, and the hearing was postponed for fifteen minutes. She finally became composed and declared that her husband had struck and kicked her and that she fell on the floor. She swore that one of the sleeves was torn from her dress.

"My husband drove me from my home," said the witness.

On cross-examination by Henry C. Henderson, counsel for Mr. Stansfield, Mrs. Stansfield admitted that she had been married before to George E. Flint, a son of Dr. Austin Flint, and that she divorced him a week before she was married to Mr. Stansfield. In her direct examination she testified that her husband was intoxicated most of the time during their married life.

"While we lived at 3 East Eighty-fourth Street, Manhattan," said Mrs. Stansfield, "I had to wait for Mr. Stansfield for dinner almost every night. He seldom came home for his dinner, and when he did he was intoxicated."

She also declared with emphasis that her husband had lashed her with a horsewhip and swore at her.

"What reply did your husband make when you called the attention of your aunt to the fact that he was intoxicated one time at the dinner table?"

"He winked his eye, just as he is doing now."

Mrs. Stansfield was asked where she generally landed after Mr. Stansfield had seized her by the hair, and her reply was, "Oh, on the floor."

SHE YEARNED FOR NEW YORK.

Affidavit Says That Was Why Mrs. Gambier Was Married.

Mrs. Edith M. Gambier, who is suing Edward V. Gambier for separation and is being sued by him for the annulment of their marriage, confided to her that she had married Gambier without loving him simply because she wanted to "live in New York," so Mrs. Hannah P. Adams of Belfast, Me., alleges in an affidavit filed yesterday with the County Clerk by Gambier. Mrs. Adams said she met the Gambiers on June 3, 1910, in Munich and went with them to Oberammergau. There, she says, she said to Mrs. Gambier:

"You don't seem to be a bit in love with your husband."

"I am rot," she says Mrs. Gambier responded.

"Then why did you marry him?" Mrs. Adams said she asked the bride, for it was the honeymoon trip of the Gambiers.

"I wanted to live in New York."

Mrs. Gambier was a New England girl and lived for many years in Boston. Whenever Gambier approached his wife, Mrs. Adams said, Mrs. Gambier drew away. She says she noticed that the bride appeared to lack interest in what he said, failed to answer when he addressed her, showed irritation when he touched her, and refused to sit beside him when driving or at the table. She says she found Gambier sitting outside the door of his hotel apartment late at night and early in the morning and was informed that Mrs. Gambier compelled him to remain outside the apartment when she was retiring or arising. Mrs. Gambier charges her husband with abandonment.

DAVIS DIVORCE SUIT FAILS.

Los Angeles Judge Throws Out New York Baking Powder Man's Case.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 15. — Judge Monroe of the Superior Court to-day refused to hear further the case of Robert Davis of New York, a wealthy baking-powder manufacturer, and denied his plea for a divorce from his wife.

"This is no Reno," he said, adding that Mr. Davis had come from the East solely to obtain a divorce, and had not established and did not intend to establish a residence here.

Mrs. Davis, in her husband's suit, was charged with cruelty in confining him to his room on the plea that he was insane. She is some thirty years younger than her husband, who is 69 years old.

Judge Monroe said that the alleged cruelty took place in New York, where it was not a cause for divorce. He assailed alienists, who, he said, testified for what they were paid. He said he disregarded such medical evidence.

MRS. SHEFFIELD MAY REWED.

Twice-Married Daughter of Yale Music Professor Divorced New Yorker.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 15.—Mrs. Kitty Sanford, who was divorced last month from George Sheffield, a New York broker, and grandson of Joseph Earle Sheffield, founder of the Sheffield Scientific School, Yale, has sailed for Europe. A report published to-day states that she will probably marry George Marcells Landers, twice Mayor of New Britain, who is said to have taken the same steamer to Europe.

Mr. Landers has closed his extensive business interests in New Britain and has told his friends that he does not intend to return there to live.

Mrs. Sanford is the daughter of Prof. Samuel S. Sanford, formerly head of the Yale School of Music, and granddaughter of Henry Sanford, founder and President of the Adams Express Company. She has been twice married and divorced. Her first husband was Samuel Thorne of New York City. Mr. Sheffield was best man at the wedding, and she soon afterword divorced Mr. Thorne and married him.

N. Y. Electrical Society Officers.

The New York Electrical Society, at its annual meeting yesterday, elected these officers: President, John Bottomley; Vice Presidents—Elmer A. Sperry, J. C. Hatzel, Dr. Emil Heuel; Secretary, George H. Guy; Treasurer, Kingsley G. Martin. The society has 822 members.

The Golfer's Paradise in the

WHITE MTS. of New Hampshire

Bretton Woods

THE APEX OF THE IDEAL TOUR.

Reached by N. Y., N. H. & H.—Boston & Maine and Maine Central Lines. Through trains, Pullman and Parlor Cars.

The Mount Pleasant—Open June 28. D. J. TRUDEAU, Mgr.

The Mount Washington—Open July 10. WM. S. KENNEY, Mgr.

Ask any well-known Golfer about BRETTON

Ask any well-known Motorist about WOODS

New York Office: 1180 Broadway. Tel. 4748 Mad. Sq.

Send for Automobile Maps and Booklet.

RUSH THROUGH BILL FOR NEW COURT SITE

City Hall Park Threatened by Passage in the Senate of Stilwell Measure.

NO CHANCE FOR A HEARING

Bar Association, Aroused by Sharp Tactics, Demands One Before the Assembly Acts on It.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 15.—The Stilwell bill, which almost inevitably will result in the locating of the new County Court House in the City Hall Park, provided, of course, that the bill passes the Assembly and is approved by Mayor Gaynor and Gov. Dix, was passed in the Senate to-day.

The railroading through of the bill was accomplished in less than a minute. Senators ready to protest and move that the bill be laid aside could not get the words out of their mouths before the result had already been announced by the reading clerk at the desk, after a roll call which, in defiance of the constitutional provision which requires that all the yeas and nays of the members shall be duly entered on the Journal, sounded like this:

"Allen, Brackett, Wagner, White—noes, none."

The Stilwell bill divests the Board of Estimate of all authority in the selection of the proposed Court House site. The board is simply authorized to approve any plan the Court House Board selects, and if sanction should be withheld and no agreement reached within four months after the Stilwell bill has become law, the Court House Board is compelled to prepare plans for erecting the proposed new Court House in City Hall Park, the filing of the plans with the Board of Estimate acting automatically to confirm this choice. After this has been done, the only thing the Board of Estimate has to do is to provide the funds with which to build the Court House.

The Court House Board, of which ex-Judge Morgan J. O'Brien is Chairman, after being at work trying to select a site for nearly eight years, last year proposed the City Hall Park site, and it is understood that the board is still committed to that location, which has the approval of a majority of the Justices of the Supreme Court in New York County.

The rushing through of the bill to-day was brought about largely to avoid a public hearing on the measure as advocated in an editorial printed this morning in THE TIMES and read with their breakfasts by a majority of the lawmakers here. There has been no hearing on the bill, and Senator Cullen, Chairman of the Cities Committee, said to-day that none had been demanded. When the bill is sent to the Assembly, as it will be to-morrow, it goes to the Rules Committee, and that body never gives public hearings on measures pending before it.

In past years, when a similar plan was before the Legislature, much opposition was voiced at public hearings. The Bar Association is opposed to locating the new Court House in the City Hall Park, and through its Committee on Court House Site has memorialized the Legislature, but to no avail. This committee takes the view that the present Court House site is unsatisfactory and that it would be most unfortunate to erect a $10,000,000 Court House on a site that is bound to grow more and more inconvenient.

There is every reason to believe that unless a vigorous protest is made the bill will pass the Assembly.

BAR ASSOCIATION PROTESTS.

Asks Assemblymen for a Hearing on Court House Bill—Other News.

Roused through the sudden activity of the Albany legislators in attempting to rush through a second Stilwell bill late in the session after the defeat of one measure designed to accomplish exactly what the revised version will accomplish if passed, many New York citizens wired protests to Assemblymen yesterday.

To-day protest meetings will be held and resolutions will be forwarded demanding that the Assembly throw aside the conventionalities and give a public hearing upon this revised measure, in spite of the fact that it has been referred to the Rules Committee, which never gives such hearings.

The New York Bar Association, anxious to get its protest on record before the Assembly could rush the bill to final passage on the plea that there were no objectors to this course, as the Senate did yesterday, filed a formal demand for a hearing last night to Speaker Frisbie, Majority Leader Smith, and Minority Leader Merritt of the Assembly. Here it is:

> The Court House Site Committee of the Bar Association earnestly requests that you give it an opportunity to be heard in opposition to the Stilwell bill, Senate 1,789, Int. No. 1,455, providing that the new Court House for New York County shall be located in City Hall Park unless the Board of Estimate and the Court House Board shall agree upon a different site within four months.
>
> This bill has been introduced late in the session, and because of the failure of an earlier bill designed to accomplish the same thing. We submit that it would be a breach of legislative propriety to force this bill upon the city under the present circumstances, into which, however, we do not now desire to enter, reserving this and other points for presentation at a proper hearing.

Except for a few Judges of the Supreme Court who are anxious to terminate in any practicable way the inconveniences and unsanitary conditions prevailing in the present Court House, there was little admiration and no friendship to be found for the Stilwell measure in a rather prolonged search through downtown officialdom in its various offices yesterday.

Controller Prendergast, while not vigorously opposed to the idea of a new Court House in City Hall Park, was decidedly opposed to interfering with legislation at Albany when a committee of the Board of Estimate is already at work on the problem. He was also opposed to the idea of rushing legislation through without ample opportunity for all to be heard.

Borough President McAneny, while just as vigorously opposed to rush-order legislation as Mr. Prendergast, differed radically from him upon the point of locating the Court House ultimately in City Hall Park.

Both Mr. McAneny and Mr. Prendergast are serving with President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen on a committee of the Board of Estimate charged with the special duty of finding a site for the Court House, in or out of City Hall Park, as its members may decide.

Advertisement of JOHN DAVID

Edited by [signature]

BLUE for *you* if you want the color that will make the *most* and *best* of your physique and personality. Our Blue Serge Suits at twenty dollars are cut to seem thirty-dollarish. The very thing for Sunday without looking a bit "Sundayfied."

Made by Stein-Bloch

$20

These are for members of the "Beach Patrol," who like to be as "smart" *on* shore as off. Swimming Suits of Pure Worsted in a "chic" *two-tone* effect, originated by us. Men who dislike "rubber-stamp" sameness, take heed! $5.

Others

$3.50 and $6.50

"Dandy" White Canvas Belts—also, handy Waterproof Bags to hold the Swimming Suit, with a "happy-thought" loop that fits the finger.

Belts, 50 Cents

Bags, 50 Cents

JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES

Broadway at 32nd Street

CARPET CLEANING J. & J. W. WILLIAMS Tel. 366 Columbus. Est. 1875. 353 West 54th St

FLEMING IN OSBORNE'S PLACE

Son of One of ex-Senator Murphy's Political Lieutenants in Troy.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 15.—Contrary to expectations, Gov. Dix to-day sent to the Senate the nomination of James W. Fleming of Troy for State Forest, Fish and Game Commissioner. It was intimated by the Governor after the resignation of Thomas Mott Osborne that he would make no appointment until the Legislature had passed the conservation bill which is to consolidate the Forest, Fish and Game Department and the office of the State Water Supply Commission. It was said in the executive chamber to-day that if the Legislature passes the conservation bill one of the three Commissioners provided for will be Mr. Fleming.

The Governor's appointee is the son of James Fleming, who was one of the old political lieutenants of ex-United States Senator Edward Murphy, Jr., of Troy. He was engaged in the wholesale liquor business and when his son succeeded to the business he sold it and has since given his attention to financial enterprises.

The Governor to-day nominated W. Barry Murphy of Medina, Orleans County, as State Fair Commissioner to succeed William Pitkin of Rochester, whose term has expired. Mr. Murphy was Secretary to Lieut.-Gov. Chanler and in the campaign last Fall was the Secretary to Gov. Dix. Mr. Murphy is the Democratic leader of Orleans County.

Benjamin Lazarus of New York was nominated as Port Warden to succeed James B. Johnson. Mr. Lazarus is a prominent Democrat, having been Tammany leader of the Sixth District of New York.

CHARTER HOLDS LEGISLATORS

May Take a Recess Over July 4—Some of Yesterday's Bills.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 15.—There is now talk at the Capitol of a recess at the end of the present month to last over the Fourth of July. If this plan is carried out by the legislative leaders, the Legislature will be called upon to resume its labors about July 10, with a view of finishing up its work that week.

The long delay in framing the New York City Charter is responsible for the tentative change in the plans. Only the first two or three chapters of the proposed Charter have been completed, including the chapter on finances. Contrary to reports the chapter dealing with the Board of Education has not been taken up at all. More time may be required if the Congressional initiative on the Congress reapportionment should have been officially filed with the Legislature by that time, when the work of mapping out new Congress districts must be undertaken. The Senate and Assembly both held regular business sessions today, but to-morrow no important business will be transacted in either House.

In the Senate to-day Senator Burd's amendment to the Constitution, which is expected to solve the water storage problem, was passed by the Senate without dissent. It provides that reservoirs may be built and operated by the State in the forest preserve both for public and private use, the property benefitted to pay a proper compensation. It is made a condition that not more than 3 per cent. of the forest preserve shall be used for this purpose.

The Senate also passed Senator Cronin's bill making it a misdemeanor for the Directors of banking corporations to loan or transfer funds or securities without the consent of the majority of the board.

The bill appropriating $5,000 for the erection in New York of a monument commemorating the distinguished services of Meagher's Irish Brigade passed the Senate and is now in the hands of the Governor.

FOR COMMISSION RULE.

Assembly Favors It in Adopting Charter for New City of Beacon.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 15.—In passing the bill providing a charter for the city of Beacon the Assembly went on record to-day as favoring the commission form of government. The new city, created by a consolidation of the villages of Matteawan and Fishkill Landing, would be the first in the State to apply such an idea in municipal government, should the Senate concur with the Assembly and the Governor approve the bill. Gov. Hughes vetoed a similar bill last year on the ground that it was imperfect in form.

The bill provides for five Commissioners, elected by the people at large, for a term of four years, to be known as the Commissioner of Public Affairs, Commissioner of Accounts, Commissioner of Finance, Commissioner of Public Works, and Commissioner of Public Safety.

The Commissioner of Public Affairs will be the ex-officio Mayor and responsible for the enforcement of the laws and city ordinances. He will preside over the Commissioners when they sit in council.

Candidates are to be nominated by petition and elected on a ballot which has no party designation, but has provision for first, second, and third choice voting. The initiative and referendum is a feature of the charter of Beacon.

$100,000 Partnership Protection

Net cost 1911 on policies issued 1910:

Age	25	35	45	50
Net cost	$855	$968	$1,275	$1,650

Smaller or Larger Amounts Pro Rata.

Policies renewable every five years at attained age without medical examination. Investigate this before deciding on ANY policy.

ROBERT A. SASSEEN, 165 B'way, City

MONEY MONOPOLY ASSAILED BY WILSON

Banking Reform One of the Greatest Problems Facing Democrats, He Says.

CLARK ON DEMOCRATS' WORK

Speaker Says the Triumphs of the Party Are the Theme of Every Tongue in the Land.

HARRISBURG, Penn., June 15.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey and Speaker Champ Clark were the principal speakers at a big Democratic rally here to-night following the organization of a State federation of Democratic clubs.

Gov. Wilson's chief theme was banking reform, which he described as one of the many great problems which faces the Democratic Party. Mr. Clark, who spoke on "Triumphant Democracy," reviewed with great satisfaction the record of the House Democrats, their present plans, and what they hoped to accomplish in the future.

Gov. Wilson said in part:

"The plain fact is that the control of credit is dangerously concentrated in this country. The great monopoly in this country is the money monopoly. So long as that exists our old variety and freedom and individual energy of development are out of the question. A great industrial nation is controlled by its system of credit. Our system of credit is concentrated. The growth of the Nation, therefore, and all our activities are in the hands of a few men who, even if their action be honest and intended for the public interest, are necessarily concentrated upon the great undertakings in which their own money is involved, and who necessarily, by every reason of their own limitations, chill and check and destroy genuine economic freedom. This is the greatest question of all, and to this statesmen must address themselves with an earnest determination to serve the long future and the true liberties of men.

"Are we wise and strong and sober and united enough to do it? Have we the knowledge, the self-possession, the poise, the courage? Are we the men?

Democratic Party Never Broken.

"There has, first and last, been a great deal of idle talk about divisions in the Democratic Party, and men here and there have spoken as if it were possible for this individual or that to disrupt it and to break the splendid continuity of its history. Men who speak such empty predictions are forgetful of the history of the party. It is the one party in the United States which has continued unbroken from the beginning of our National history until now. Whenever things are to be done in a new way, in response to a new popular impulse, in obedience to the great democratic traditions of the Nation itself, it is to the Democratic Party that the country naturally turns.

"Those who look about them see parties apparently breaking up; but if they will look closer they will see that men are turning away by the thousands from those courses of policy and of action to which the alliances and practices of the Republican Party have at last bound the country as if with a grip of iron. The free elements of thought in the country are asserting themselves with an extraordinary energy and majesty that must presently work profound changes and mark this as one of the most noteworthy eras of our politics. Some men among the Republican leaders see what it is necessary to do, but they are not numerous enough to dominate their party councils.

"If we recount the items of the liberal programme to which the country is now looking forward, it will be easy to see that it is already the programme of the Democratic Party."

Speaker Clark's Speech.

Speaker Clark said in part:

"Triumphant Democracy" is now the theme of every tongue within the broad confines of the Republic. We have laid aside the weight which did so easily beset us—that of quarreling among ourselves,—and present a solid front to the common foe. Consequently from the mount of victory we this day look into the promised land which we will enter and possess on March 4, 1913.

"When I remember what the House Democrats were at the beginning of the Sixty-first Congress—a wrangling, jangling, peevish, feeble, and despised minority—and how, by a conciliatory policy, we got together, wrenched victory after victory from our opponents, made of ourselves the most superb fighting minority ever seen in Washington, and established a record on which we swept the country in 1910, not only electing a Democratic House, but capturing a half dozen Senatorial seats from the Republicans and a half dozen Governors in Northern States, I assert without fear of successful contradiction that no parliamentary minority in history ever made a more splendid record. Every Democrat who served in the House of the Sixty-first Congress is entitled to his full share of the honor. In the words of Admiral Winfield Scott Schley, touching the battle off Santiago, 'There is glory enough for all.'

"After our triumph in 1910 all the Republican papers and orators and many timorous Democrats declared with one accord that we would go to pieces so soon as the new Congress was in session. In fact, these prophets of evil were in high glee when President Taft called the extra session, because they thought, hoped, and said that the extra session would precipitate Democratic dissolution. The new Congress is now in the third month of the extra session, and glory be! we have not only not gone to pieces, but have stood together shoulder to shoulder, heart to heart, in such a magnificent fashion as to surprise our friends and dumbfound our enemies.

"We had been sneered at for years as a party of mere negation, as utterly destitute of constructive ability, and that sneer cost us dearly. By our deeds we have given the lie direct to that monumental slander. During the ten weeks that Congress has been in session, notwithstanding the fact that we had in the very nature of things to consume some time in organizing, this Democratic House has passed more bills in the nature of constructive statesmanship than any other House ever passed in the same length of time.

"Rome was not built in a day, and all Democratic promises cannot be redeemed in the shape of bills passed through the House in a week or a month or a year, but we will accomplish the good work as rapidly as possible. We believe that by working together, standing together, and fighting together for Democratic principles we are laying the foundation not only for victory in 1912, but for victories through a long series of years."

SEA GATE BARS RAISED.

Court Upholds Woman's Right to Open Boarding House in Exclusive District.

The Sea Gate Association, which controls the exclusive cottage colony at the west end of Coney Island, has lost its fight to prevent Mrs. Helen W. Biggs from maintaining a boarding house on her property in the restricted district. Supreme Court Justice Kelly in Brooklyn yesterday granted Mrs. Biggs's application, made through Lawyer Walter W. Irwin, for an injunction restraining the association from interfering in her affairs.

In January, 1909, the association gave formal notice to the property owners of Sea Gate that it would refuse to consent to the building of cottages for boarding house purposes. Later the association notified Mrs. Biggs that unless she ceased taking boarders the water supply and sewer connection would be cut off from her house.

In asking for the injunction Mrs. Biggs said that there was nothing in the deed to her property restraining her from keeping a boarding house. The court holds that the association had no power to impose restrictions which were not contained in the deed.

BRING GIRL TO TRAP SIMMONS

Officials Get Report of Her Conversation with Accused Wife Slayer.

William Simmons, who was held by Coroner Squires of Westchester County for homicide, after his wife was found strangled to death in her bed last Tuesday morning in White Plains, was confronted yesterday afternoon in the Grand Jury room by Rose Kearns, the Mount Vernon girl to whom Simmons has been paying attention and from whom the police got more than 100 postals and letters he had written. The meeting was arranged by Assistant District Attorney Davis, Coroner Squires, and County Detective Cook, and they had a stenographer concealed in the room.

The officials say that the girl mentioned during the course of their conversation that Simmons had told her he would divorce his wife before October and marry her.

In one of his many letters Simmons had told the girl, referring to his wife, that he "would knock her block off" if she again troubled the girl.

Simmons's aged father, who lives in Canaan, Conn., visited his son in jail in White Plains for the first time yesterday afternoon and had a long talk with him. He later told reporters that his son "did not have spunk enough to commit such a crime," and said he would stand behind him to the finish.

The body of the murdered woman was taken in the morning on an express train to North Adams, Mass., by her mother, Mrs. Anna Demurse, and was buried in the churchyard there. Mrs. Demurse took with her the six and four year old daughters of Mrs. Simmons and will care for them.

HOLD-UP IN DAYLIGHT.

Purse Knocked from Dressmaker's Hand in Brooklyn—Two Arrests.

A woman was held up in daylight in the street in the fashionable St. Mark's section of Brooklyn yesterday morning, and two men, alleged to be the thieves, were caught after a pursuit in an automobile. The hold-up took place in St. Mark's Avenue, near New York Avenue.

Miss Sarah Woods, a dressmaker of 423 Pacific Street, was walking in St. Mark's Avenue at 9:30 o'clock when two men confronted her. One of them struck her arm and she dropped a purse containing $15. The thieves picked it up and ran away.

Miss Woods screamed, and Charles K. Lennon, Superintendent of the municipal asphalt plant at the foot of Sixth Street, who was passing in an automobile, started after the fugitives. In Prospect Place, near Kingston Avenue, Mr. Lennon saw a runner vault over a fence into a yard. Springing from his car, Lennon ran into the yard and seized the man. The latter fought, but Lennon threw him to the ground and made him a prisoner.

In the meantime a policeman had captured another man after a chase of several blocks. The prisoners described themselves respectively as Oscar Englert, 20 years old, and Joseph White, 19 years old, both of Brooklyn. In the Gates Avenue Court they were held for examination. Miss Woods's purse, with the money, was found in the street.

150-MILE SUBMARINE RUN.

Seven Craft on Three-Day Cruise from Newport to Gloucester.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., June 15.—Somewhere in Cape Cod to-night seven submarines of the Atlantic fleet moored on the first leg of a 150-mile run from Newport to Gloucester, which they began to-day. At noon five of the vessels were seen running along the surface of the water off Vineyard Haven. It is thought they may have come up to recharge their batteries, or to give the men a chance to eat their meals in daylight. The other two under-water fighters were probably submerged when they passed this port.

The sea was smooth and the weather clear all day, but marine observers saw nothing of the craft, and a search of Hyannis Harbor, where it is thought the fleet might put in for the night after passing the "Vineyard," disclosed no sign of them. Off Bass River, a favorite anchorage of vessels waiting for daylight to go over the shoals, a number of lights were seen, and it was thought probable that the division might have anchored there.

The vessels, which are commanded by Lieut. Donald C. Brigham, are the Grayling, (flagship;) Bonita, Narwhal, Salmon, Snapper, Stingray, and Tarpon.

On leaving Newport every craft submerged, only the periscopes showing above the surface as they headed eastward in the direction of Vineyard Sound.

WIFE HEARS RIVAL TESTIFY.

Mrs. Cooke, in Big Four Fraud Case, Hears Herself Called an Old Hag.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 15.—The trial of Edgar S. Cooke, charged with embezzling $24,000 from the Big Four Railway, was to-day marked by the presence of Mrs. Jeannette Stewart-Ford on the stand, being wheeled into court on an invalid chair, and of Mrs. Edgar S. Cooke, wife of the defendant, who has stood by Cooke through all his troubles, and who took a seat by his side.

The testimony of Mrs. Ford was interrupted by the entrance of her daughter, 6 years old. As the child ran to her mother the latter said: "There is my daughter Jeannette, and she is Cooke's child."

The witness burst into sobs as she made this confession.

The child's entrance was preceded by the introduction of a letter from Mrs. Ford to Cooke in which she asked him to visit her at the hospital or at least send her some money, and to provide for their daughter.

The cross-examination of the woman was merciless throughout. She admitted having shot and wounded Cooke, of having had him arrested for assault in Chicago and later for non-support of their child.

Letters that passed between the two were read, and their recital made Mrs. Cooke shrink, for in many of them her husband referred to her as "O. H." which Mrs. Ford testified meant "old hag."

A Glass *for* Lunch

A keen appetite and good digestion means health and strength.

Pabst Blue Ribbon

The Beer of Quality

is the best of appetizers. It gives keen zest to the meal and aids digestion.

Order a case today.

M'ANENY EXPECTS QUICK SUBWAY ACTION

He'll Propose to Give the Lines a Week and Then Go Ahead with Triborough.

OTHERS SEE OBSTACLES NOW

Provisions Open the Way to Delays—Conferrees Amended the Report—Interborough Expected to Resist.

Activity of various realty organizations in Manhattan and the Bronx against the proposal of the McAneny subway report admitting the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company to Broadway strengthened the impression yesterday that the Interborough Company will oppose the terms laid down by the city's transit conferrees rather than withdrawing its Broadway ultimatum and accepting the operating basis proposed by the report.

This operating basis, with the decision respecting Broadway, is the bitterest pill of all for the Interborough, for according to the declaration of the report of the car mileage basis proposed by the company for the operation of its extensions would have been unduly profitable for the existing lines at the expense of the extension, whereas the proposal to calculate the operating expenses on the extensions according to the average cost per passenger over the entire system gives the extensions the benefit of the very profitable short haul traffic on the so-called "inner lines."

The report of the McAneny committee leaves it open for the company to suggest some other basis "equally acceptable to the city," and invites such suggestion by the language quoted, which is incorporated in the clause relating to operation. If the Interborough proposes an alternative, profiting by this provision of the report, there will, according to information obtained yesterday, be a determined effort made by its friends in the Board of Estimate to obtain time for further consideration of the alternative, inasmuch as the operating basis involves the discussion of about the most technical data of any subject involved in the controversy.

Mr. McAneny Confident.

Notwithstanding these prospects, however, Borough President McAneny, Chairman of the Joint Conference Committee, declared yesterday that, in his opinion, a final decision would be reached involving the acceptance of the city's offer by one company or the other, not later than June 29, which is a week from next Thursday. Mr. McAneny intends to introduce a resolution at the special meeting of the Board of Estimate next Wednesday, contingent upon the acceptance of the report, that the companies have one week in which to reply to the city's terms, and that if the terms are not accepted within the time city proceed with the Triborough.

Mr. McAneny believes that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company should have its day in court on the Coney Island 5-cent fare, which that company is expected to reject, and on the basis of return to be allowed on its elevated lines; also that the Interborough should have an opportunity, if it wish it, to propose an alternative operating basis which it may think "equally acceptable to the city."

Further information which came out yesterday indicated the manner in which the city's conferrees reached a compromise on the points finally agreed to in the report. The joint transit conference made up of Mr. McAneny, who has two votes in the Board of Estimate; Borough Presidents Miller and Cromwell, who have one vote each, and the five members of the Public Service Commission, who have no votes in the city's governing body.

The Way the Committee Divided.

The majority members of the Public Service Commission, Chairman Willcox and Messrs. McCarroll and Eustis, were in favor of accepting the Interborough's offer on the general terms laid down in its proposal of Dec. 5, and Commissioners Bassett and Maltbie were radically opposed to the Interborough's terms and in favor of the principle of competition in Subway operation. Borough President Miller of the Bronx indicated his belief in the Interborough plans, leaving Mr. McAneny and Mr. Cromwell of Richmond as the members whose minds were theoretically open. Under these conditions, according to the information which came out yesterday, all that was required to incorporate a recommendation in the McAneny report was the voice of Mr. McAneny and Mr. Cromwell, and such a recommendation, if in favor of the principle of competition or of the imposing of stringent terms on the Interborough, had, in addition to the three votes of the two conferrees just mentioned, six votes in the Board of Estimate cast by Controller Prendergast and President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen, the two members of that board committed against the Interborough and in favor of an independent system.

Nevertheless, as the event proved, the recommendations of the McAneny report were, after much manoeuvring, submitted to vote of the entire conference committee on the theory that each member of it had one vote, and on this basis there were three votes of members of the Public Service Commission and one vote cast by President Miller of the Bronx, which stood out for terms calculated to make it pretty sure that the Interborough would get the lines offered to it.

These Votes Altered the Report.

Many of the concessions which formed the basis for the agreement embodied in the McAneny report got there by this process, according to the information which came out yesterday, and it is understood that the final insistence of a five-cent fare to Coney Island to be put up to the B. R. T. had a similar origin.

The hope that the Interborough will accept the lines offered to it on the terms laid down lies largely in the favorable conditions prescribed for the third-tracking of the Manhattan elevated lines and the clause placing the adjustment of franchises to enable a swap of subway leases below Forty-second Street at some indefinite time in the future when the city may wish to recapture a through line. As to the elevated franchise, the facts which underlie the hope of the Interborough's friends that the company will be tempted to accept are substantially these:

In its offer of June 10, 1910, the Interborough proposed to spend $30,000,000 in the extension and third-tracking of its elevated lines. In the course of the negotiations with the city's conferrees the extension up Jerome Avenue, originally proposed for the Ninth Avenue elevated system, and the extension up Gun Hill Road in the Bronx, originally proposed for the Third Avenue elevated road, have been shifted over to the subway, the former being the westerly branch of the proposed new subway running into the Bronx via Lexington Avenue, and the latter being an extension of the West Farms branch of the present Subway.

The Plans for the Elevated.

According to the tables contained in the McAneny report, the proposed cost of these two extensions will be $11,900,000 in the aggregate, leaving an expenditure of a little above $18,000,000 indicated for the third-tracking of the elevated lines and the building of such incidental new structure as may be required in the process of readjustment. The McAneny report provides that, having built these extensions, the Interborough may retain out of the earnings a sum equivalent to the average net profits of two years ending June 30, 1911, and that the increased profits on the elevated shall be divided with the city. This is a much more stringent provision than that in the Interborough's own proposal for the elevated third tracks, which provided that the city should get no more than 2 per cent. of the increase in gross receipts at the express stations.

However, the terms are considered liberal enough to tempt the company to take considerable else that may be rather unpalatable, for the net profits on the elevated lines for the year ended June 30, 1910, were $1,441,187, which constituted a contribution of 4.1 per cent. toward the dividend of 9 per cent. on the $35,000,000 Interborough stock, and this sum, plus the $4,200,000 paid out to the stockholders of the Manhattan elevated system, constituted a [illegible] per cent. on the $60,000,000 [illegible] of the Manhattan elevated [illegible] the com-

pany before it begins to divide net profits with the city.

Concerning the swap of leases below or above Forty-second Street, as the case may be, to enable the city to retake a north and south line through Manhattan and the Bronx capable of independent operation, the terms follow largely the terms proposed by the company.

One of the amendments to the McAneny report which is likely to be offered to the Board of Estimate will seek the modification of the document so as to make the swap of leases below Forty-second Street immediate. This is urged on the theory that the company, if the exchange were put off, as the McAneny report prescribes, could by legal and other opposition, or by refusing to consent to the terms of the arbitration, put off the reacquirement by the city for an indefinite period.

The chief legal obstacle urged hitherto to such an exchange of lease is that the present Subway lease is pledged as security under a mortgage issued a couple of years ago by the Interborough, and that the holders of the bonds issued on this mortgage, which were handled by J. P. Morgan & Co., could object to the disturbance of their lien.

On this point several proposals are made. One is that the city, in giving a ten-year indeterminate franchise on the existing Subway below Forty-second Street, leave the lien undisturbed, and contract to make the agreement subject to such a lien if it take over the road.

There is also in the mortgage a release clause allowing the substitution of collateral pledged, and a clause which specifically allows the modification of any leases pledged as security, and these clauses, in the opinion of those who are for an immediate exchange, make it possible for the city and the company to do business.

A Way It May be Offset.

In addition the assertion is made that in the new financing of the Interborough, if its offer is accepted, it will be necessary to take up the bonds outstanding under this particular mortgage—as the terms of the mortgage permit at 105—so as not to make a virtual second mortgage out of the comapny's new issue of bonds, and that in such refunding of the $15,000,000 of bonds outstanding, any question of lien on the subway lease in its present form would disappear.

It is understood that Mr. McAneny is in favor of the future swap on the theory that it enables the city to take either an east side or a west side line as it sees fit. Some of his associates in the Board of Estimate, however, will urge when the question comes up for discussion, that these apparent advantages disappear in view of the fact that if the matter is left in such shape, the operator will have every reason in its own interest to oppose the recapture by the city.

CRAM INSPECTS NEW SUBWAY.

Puts in the Day Getting Acquainted with Fourth Avenue Tunnel.

J. Sergeant Cram, the new member of the Public Service Commission, made his first inspection trip of the Fourth Avenue subway construction work in Brooklyn yesterday. Accompanied by Travis H. Whitney, Secretary of the commission, and Engineer Noble, Commissioner Cram went over the entire line from the Brooklyn end of the Manhattan Bridge to Forty-third Street, and returned over the line on the Manhattan side of the Centre Street loop, which is to operated with the Fourth Avenue subway.

The station at Seventeenth Street has been completed so far as concrete construction is concerned, and, in addition, ten blocks of the subway is ready for the laying of the double sets of tracks. But at many points it was impossible to pass through the subway, where the work was going on, and Mr. Cram covered the distance in his automobile, following the surface lines to where the work could be inspected in the tunnels. This subway will be four miles long and will cost $16,000,000.

TO REMOVE ELEVATED SPUR.

McAneny Wants Structure from 3d Av. to Grand Central Taken Down.

Borough President McAneny let it be known yesterday that he was negotiating with the Interborough Rapid Transit Company for the removal of a spur of the elevated railroad which connects the Grand Central Station with the Third Avenue line.

It is said that the structure has outlived its usefulness, as commuters, who formerly turned east to take the elevated road to business, now use the Subway. The structure will also be entirely out of keeping with the new Grand Central Terminal.

B. R. T. TO ANSWER PLAINLY.

Will Accept or Reject the McAneny Report, Says Col. Williams.

Col. Timothy S. Williams, President of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, who, with Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Company, was a guest at the meeting of the Subway Committee of the Brooklyn League at the league's headquarters, in the Temple Bar Building, Brooklyn, last night, declared that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company would cause no delay in the city's getting its subways, and would either accept or reject the terms of the McAneny report, leaving the field clear for the speedy building of the needed subways.

Col. Williams, who spoke very briefly, made this statement in reply to the charge that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, even if its offer were accepted, would delay the city seven years in getting its subways. That charge was made by Joseph L. Quackenbush, counsel for the Interborough Company, who spoke for more than an hour, comparing the Interborough offer with that of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, to the disadvantage of the latter company. The Brooklyn company, he said, offers few or no new subways, but simply aims to perpetuate its existing elevated systems and extend them, making Broadway and Manhattan merely a terminal for its Brooklyn properties. Mr. Quackenbush said he could not yet discuss the McAneny report, which, he said, is being studied by the engineers, financiers, and lawyers of the company. Mr. Shonts did not speak.

THIEF GOT HER $1,800.

Woman Chased Him Up Broadway in a Taxicab, but He Escaped.

A woman jumped out of a taxicab at 108th Street and Broadway at noon yesterday, and rushing over to Policeman McTreede at the corner, told him that a man had stolen her handbag, containing $1,800, and had just eluded her after a taxicab chase up Broadway from Forty-fifth to 108th Street.

Later, at the West Forty-seventh Street Station, to which she was referred, she said she had met the man several days ago and dined with him at a hotel at Forty-third Street and Broadway. Yesterday morning, she said, she went with him to another hotel in West Forty-fifth Street, where, she said, he suddenly snatched her handbag, containing the money, and darted into the street. She said she saw him jump into a taxicab and followed him in another to Forty-ninth Street and Broadway, where, she said, she saw a second man jump into the cab ahead. At Fiftieth Street, she said, a third man jumped in, and the cab sped on to Seventy-second Street and across to Riverside Drive.

At Ninety-sixth Street, she told the police, one of the men jumped out, and the chase continued. At Ninety-seventh Street the second man jumped out and disappeared. Her taxicab was gaining on the first when, at 108th Street, she said, the man who had taken her money jumped out and disappeared in a crowd.

The woman at first told the police she was Marion Prime of 508 West 118th Street, but later gave the name of Mrs. Ray Carroll. The police listened to her story and took a description of the men from her.

Revival Services for Brokers.

Revival services were started in the financial district yesterday under the auspices of the Old Tent Evangel Committee, one in front of the New York Stock Exchange in Broad Street and a second in Broad Street, near Beaver. The meetings were held in preparation for the opening of the Tent Evangel in West 124th Street on June 18. The Rev. G. W. McPherson, Superintendent of the Tent, announced that he was well pleased with the meetings yesterday, and would probably hold weekly meetings in the financial centre hereafter. Other speakers at yesterday's meetings were the Rev. Dr. Price of the Washington Heights Methodist Church, and the Rev. E. F. Sanford of the Eleventh Street Baptist Church.

Odd Lots of Stock

We will buy for you one share or more of stock, and one bond or more, for an initial deposit, and monthly deposits thereafter until the securities are paid for or sold.

Send for Circular 40—"Odd Lot Investment"

John Muir & Co

Specialists in Odd Lots

Members New York Stock Exchange

71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

ELEVATED ROADWAY AROUND NEW STATION

Central's Plan to Carry Park Avenue Over Forty-second Street Approved.

TIME LIMIT IS EXTENDED

Eighteen Months More to Complete Grand Central Terminal Work—Opposing Property Owners Beaten.

The Board of Estimate, despite many protests from property holders, approved yesterday the plans of the New York Central Railroad for changes in Park Avenue in the vicinity of the new Grand Central Station. A committee of the board, consisting of Borough President McAneny, Controller Prendergast, and Nelson P. Lewis, Chief Engineer, submitted a report recommending that an extension of eighteen months be granted the railroad in which to complete its terminal work and approving the plan for a viaduct connecting the roadway of Park Avenue at Fortieth Street with an elevated roadway on the westerly and southerly sides of the new station, thus making the avenue continuous. The report says:

"The most striking feature of the plan is the provision of an elevated street or roadway extending around the station building. This elevated street is to be located upon the property of the railroad company, and will extend along the westerly side and the southerly side of the new station, the main portion of which is set back of the building line a sufficient distance to provide for this roadway, the space underneath which is to be retained by the company and used for railroad purposes. The act of 1910 and the proposed agreement contemplate the erection by the city of a bridge or viaduct occupying the central portion of Park Avenue, which will connect with this elevated roadway, and pass over Forty-second Street and over the approach to the tunnel occupied by the Fourth and Madison Avenue surface cars, and extend to Fortieth Street, where it will connect with the side roadways of Park Avenue at their present grade, thus completely establishing the continuity of Park Avenue, and adding a much-needed north and south street which will afford great relief to the traffic congestion on Fifth Avenue and other parallel streets.

"The company proposed to construct this elevated roadway passing around the westerly side of the station, and to grant to the city a permanent easement over it, and it also proposes to construct a similar roadway extending around the easterly side of the station on the line of Depew Place, which it is proposed to close, to a connection with Forty-fifth Street. It does not, however, propose to convey to the city the easement over this easterly section of the elevated street, as it desires to retain control over the traffic along the easterly side of the station, and between the station proper and the express and Post Office buildings, which will abut upon this elevated roadway on its easterly side.

"After a hearing given by your committee to interested property owners, it was strongly urged that the central portion of Park Avenue be entirely covered in the manner proposed between Forty-fifth and Fiftieth Streets. Representatives of the company who were present at this hearing admitted that the covering of these proposed open spaces was possible, although it might be attended with some difficulty. When the original plans including these openings were adopted, it was contended by the company that these openings were very desirable from an operating standpoint, in order to admit as much natural light as possible to the tracks beneath.

"Inasmuch as the company now proposes to utilize the space over the tracks by the erection of buildings, it is evident that it does not now consider the admission of natural light to the yard an important matter, and in view of the character of the development of the abutting property, which will undoubtedly take place along both sides of Park Avenue, the committee believes that these spaces should be closed and that the central portion of the avenue should be one unbroken promenade.

"For the same reasons we believe that the structures which the company proposes to erect in these central spaces between Forty-fifth and Fiftieth Streets, consisting of nine ventilators and one emergency exit, should be designed with due regard to the future development of this street, and the committee believes that a provision should be inserted in the contract requiring the approval of the Municipal Art Commission to the plans for all structures above the street surface within the lines of Park Avenue."

Regarding the viaduct which is designed to cover the central portion of Park Avenue from the northerly line of Fortieth Street to the northerly line of Forty-second Street, the report says:

"The architects for the Grand Central Station have prepared a plan for such a connection, which consists of three flat arches of ornamental design, each with a clear span of 106 feet, and extending from the northerly side of Forty-second Street to a point about 23 feet south of the southerly side of Forty-first Street, from which point to Fortieth Street the roadway would be supported by retaining walls. The introduction of these arches is designed not only to avoid which might be an obstruction of light and air on Park Avenue, but to permit the opening of Forty-first Street across Park Avenue, in accordance with the recommendation of the Forty-first Street Improvement Association."

Representatives of the Grand Union Hotel, The Hotel Belmont, and the Murray Hill Hotel protested against the construction of the viaduct to Fortieth Street and Park Avenue, and other property owners along Park Avenue argued against giving the extension of eighteen months' time unless assurances were given that the bridging of Park Avenue from Forty-fifth to Fiftieth Street would be completed by Jan. 1. Ira A. Place, Vice President and counsel for the railroad, said that the company would do everything possible to have the work finished by July 1, 1912. The cause for delay, it was pointed out, was the fact that the railroad company had not made agreement with its tenants, the express companies. William Barclay Parsons thought that these agreements could be made and the bridges completed by Jan. 1. It was finally agreed to have the work completed by April 1 next.

Imported Habutai Silk Shirts

Special, $5.00

Not the sleazy, gossamer stuff that leaves half of its body in the tub. No. A hefty Habutai, woven in Japan, in white grounds with black, blue and all manner of delicate colored stripes. French cuffs with pearl links. Why do I cry it from the housetops? I'll tell you—they are worth a good bit more than five dollars.

While you are listening, hark unto the cry of comfort. The Lion DUNBAR Summer Collar will satisfy it. The Dunbar looks high, but it isn't—and it does set close in front. Two for a quarter, in quarter sizes.

William G. White

CORTLANDT NEAR CHURCH ST.
BROADWAY COR. LEONARD ST.
42D ST., 3 DOORS WEST OF 5TH AVE.

NASSAU NEAR LIBERTY ST.
BROADWAY COR 26TH ST.
79 ORANGE ST., NEWARK.

FACTORY—79 ORANGE ST., NEWARK, N. J.

STOKES OUT OF DANGER.

Leaves the Hospital, but May Not Appear Against Assailants To-day.

W. E. D. Stokes, proprietor of the Hotel Ansonia, who was shot in the apartment of Lillian Graham and Ethel Conrad at the Varuna a week ago, was discharged from the Roosevelt Hospital yesterday and taken in his automobile to his Summer cottage at Long Branch, N. J. At the hospital it was said all danger from the three bullets he received was past.

Mr. Stokes's counsel, Terrence J. McManus, said that though Mr. Stokes may not appear in the library of the District Attorney's office when the two girls are arraigned to-day, he will certainly appear and press the charge against them next week. They are still in the prison of the West Side Court, the Conrad girl refusing to accept bail unless her companion, too, is released.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., June 15.—W. E. D. Stokes arrived at his Summer home in Atlantic Avenue in this city this afternoon, making the trip from New York by automobile. At his cottage it was learned that he stood the journey well, though slightly fatigued by the long ride, and expects to be able to receive callers tomorrow.

"PICKWICK" IS MISSING.

Dr. Dana Offers a Reward for Return of His Daughter's Bull Terrier.

Dr. Charles L. Dana is trying through THE TIMES Lost Column to recover the bull terrier "Pickwick," owned by his daughter, Miss Margery Dana, which disappeared from in front of his home at 53 West Fifty-fifth Street Wednesday night. Pickwick is white with brown spots between the ears.

"In temperament, Pickwick could scarcely be considered, let us say, tractable," said Dr. Dana last night. "Therefore I feel pretty certain that he was stolen by members of one of the organized gangs who know just how to do such things and escape without scars. Pickwick does not like strangers."

Miss Dana has owned Pickwick about four years, and it is not thought likely by her that the dog wandered away. She had left it for a few minutes in front of her home while she stepped inside to use the telephone, and when she came out again Pickwick was nowhere to be seen. Dr. Dana offers a liberal reward for Pickwick's return.

Dressmakers Settle Customs Frauds.

In behalf of the Government, Assistant United States District Attorney Levy yesterday accepted $32,065 in full settlement of the undervaluation frauds alleged against the Mrs. Osborn Company, dressmakers and costumers, at 24 East Forty-sixth Street. The settlement was offered by the trustees of the Mrs. Osborn Company, who hold all but fifty shares of the corporation's stock and run the business for the benefit of Mrs. Osborn's daughter.

Saks-made Clothes for Men—at 15.00 to 25.00

¶ It will be a matter of surprise to you when you see what we can accomplish between 15.00 and 25.00 in men's clothes.

¶ But we do not consider it remarkable that we should be able to do so much at these prices. On the contrary, they afford us ample opportunity to produce garments that are distinctive in cut and perfect in tailoring.

¶ If Saks-made clothes at 15.00 to 25.00 are remarkable at all, it is in their superiority over average clothes at similar prices. And the reason for this superiority is to be found in the fact that *all are not tailors who sell men's clothes.* They are mostly distributors, whereas we are producers.

¶ The clothes we sell we make. And as we are no respecter of class in labor—or, rather, as we are a respecter of only high-class labor—it follows that all Saks-made clothes, irrespective of price, are produced by the most expert tailors obtainable. Our prices are affected only by the quality of fabrics and linings. And at that we yield the palm to none on the quality of the fabrics and linings used in Saks clothes at 15.00 to 25.00.

¶ With all the conviction at our command, we state it as a fact that in no other clothes made at 15.00 to 25.00 are style, character, quality and finish so happily combined.

Silk Half Hose Sales for Men to-day and to-morrow

50 and 59c. silk half hose for Men at 39c.

¶ The chief merit of this sale consists in the fact that our 50c. and 59c. men's silk half hose are the very limit of value to be offered at such prices, outside of a special sale such as this. Some are full fashioned and others seamless, with double heel and toe. Colors are navy, tan, London smoke, pearl grey, maroon, lavender, Dresden blue, purple, green or black.

1.00, 1.50 and 2.00 silk half hose for Men at 79c.

¶ Furnishd to us by a manufacturer who is reputed to be the finest maker of hose in this country. Made of the goodliest quality silk, rich and lustrous. Some with lisle soles, others all silk. All have double soles and high spliced heels. Obtainable in black, navy, tan, lavender, purple, royal blue, bronze, garnet, pearl grey, cadet, green or white. All sizes.

Open Saturday until Six o'Clock.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

LESS than an hour from New York—with a railroad service of 100 trains a day.

Bound Brook offers the business man an ideal situation for suburban living.

There is every modern facility for perfect residential comfort.

For the lover of outdoors there are beautiful green vistas for motoring or walking.

A country club, golf, and tennis.

Watchung Ridge, located in the most beautiful section of Bound Brook, offers home sites at prices within reach of the man of moderate income.

If you are looking for country advantages within easy reach of New York, ask us for more definite information.

Why not send for our Illustrated Booklet? It will prove interesting.

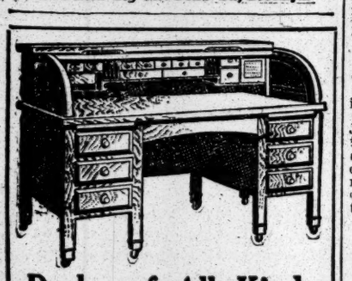
Watchung Ridge Co.

604 Church St., Bound Brook, N. J.
41 Park Row, Dept. B, New York City.
Telephone 5900 Cortlandt.

WHEN YOU NEED AN OCULIST get one of experience. All our physicians have served in prominent eye and ear institutions, otherwise they wouldn't be with us.

Eyes Examined Without Charge.
We Charge for Glasses Only.
Perfect-Fitting Glasses at $2.50.

J. Ehrlich & Sons
Oculists' Opticians
223 Sixth Av., 15th St. 217 B'dway, Astor House
350 Sixth Av., 22d St. 101 Nassau — Ann St.
17 West 42d—Bet. 5th & 6th Aves., New York
498 Fulton St., Cor. Bond St., Brooklyn.



Desks of All Kinds
Office and Library
Chairs and Tables,
Sectional Bookcases.
Filing Cabinets
in Wood and Steel
Prompt Service
Honest Prices
The Globe-Wernicke Co.
380-382 Broadway.
Phone Franklin 3870.

Good Living
does not necessitate the eating of
Lindt Chocolate
but the best livers usually have it on hand — especially if they have traveled in Switzerland — the home of this ideal confection. In cakes and wafers, 5c. to $1, at all good dealers.
Chas. Spitz, Mgr. Wholesale Depot,
18 and 20 West 21st Street, N. Y. 57

Manufacturers Wholesalers

Want to save $5000 on cartage, $5000 on insurance, $3000 on labor and get RENT FREE?
Write and ask us "HOW?"

Bush Terminal Co.
100 Broad Street, New York City.

Lackawanna Limited
Lackawanna Railroad
Leaves New York 10 A. M. daily for Buffalo and Points West
The Road of Anthracite

DENY CASTRO IS ON STEAMER GROSTUCK

Vessel Arrives at Port au Prince and Haitian Officials Make a Statement.

SHOULDN'T FLY GERMAN FLAG

Repudiation by Government at Berlin Makes the Former Italian Cruiser Technically a Pirate.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, June 15.—It is officially denied that Cipriano Castro, ex-President of Venezuela, is on board the steamer Consul Grostuck.

The Grostuck arrived here at 3 o'clock this afternoon, flying the German flag. She fired a salute, and the officers of the vessel came ashore and were received by President Simon.

The Consul Grostuck was purchased for the Haitian Government, and the reports that Castro was on the vessel and that she had become the property of the ex-President gave the Government officials much concern. They took occasion soon after the arrival of the steamer to declare that the reports that Castro was a passenger were without foundation. A further explanation was made to account for the delay in the voyage, it being stated that at the various ports where the Grostuck touched the authorities, at the instance of the Venezuelan Consuls, who were on the lookout for Castro, had acted rigorously with respect to the steamer's papers and those on board.

BERLIN, June 15.—The German Government disclaims all responsibility for the steamer Consul Grostuck, which is reported as flying the German flag.

It is stated emphatically that the steamer has no right to display the German colors. It was formerly the Italian cruiser Umbria and was purchased from Italy by Haiti, which country is the one now properly concerned with the movements of the vessel.

HAMBURG, June 15.—The company which sold the dismantled Italian cruiser Umbria, since named the Consul Grostuck, attempted unsuccessfully to obtain permission for the vessel to fly the German flag.

Local ship owners who were approached last January by supposed agents of Castro, interested in fomenting a revolution that should restore him to the Presidency of Venezuela, declined to enter into negotiations for the sale of vessels to be used for insurrectionary purposes. They feared that they might become involved in a breach of international law.

This situation was understood by the authorities when an effort was made to obtain a German register for the Umbria.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Its right to fly the German flag formally repudiated by the German Government, the steamer Consul Grostuck may be regarded as an international pirate under the construction of the Navy Department. This Government was to-day notified of the German repudiation in a cablegram from the American Embassy in Berlin.

It is possible that the Consul Grostuck may change her status by transfer to the Haitian Government.

CARACAS, June 15.—The Venezuelan Government has no authentic advices concerning the whereabouts or intentions of ex-President Castro. It is officially announced, however, that any vessel showing a hostile attitude in Venezuelan waters will be declared a pirate.

It is pointed out by members of the Government that public opinion would defeat Castro or any other persons attempting a revolution in Venezuela, which is now at peace and making great preparations for the centennial celebration in July. The announcement that the United States is sending a mission to participate in that event is warmly appreciated by the Government, which has already prepared a fine residence in Caracas for the use of the representatives of the United States.

OFFER BY J. H. SCHIFF.

Financier Says, However, the Frankfort Report Is Exaggerated.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 15.—Telegrams from Frankfort-on-Main state that Jacob H. Schiff has offered to subscribe several million marks for the foundation of a university there. Frankfort is Mr. Schiff's native city.

A message from Mr. Schiff, who is now in Munich, says the report is exaggerated, but that he is not ready to discuss the matter in detail. It is said that a conference regarding Mr. Schiff's proposal will be held in the next few days between the New York banker and the Burgomaster of Frankfort.

The local newspaper that is responsible for the story intimates that the condition on which Mr. Schiff insists is full equality for all professors as regards their religious beliefs. This condition appears to have been approved by the municipal authorities of Frankfort, but to meet with opposition from the Prussian Ministry of Education.

Although many of the most eminent scholars in German university Faculties are Jews, they cannot attain the full rank of "professor" unless they abandon their faith.

Mortimer L. Schiff said yesterday to a NEW YORK TIMES reporter that he knew nothing of his father's reported plan to found a university in Frankfort.

"He never spoke of it to me," said Mr. Schiff. "I remember reading in some paper last Winter that Frankfort wanted a university. Perhaps they have approached my father in regard to the matter."

PORTUGUESE MUTINY REPORT

Rumors That Monarchist Revolt Has Begun Appear Unfounded.

MADRID, June 15.—Telegrams from Vigo give a report that a monarchist revolution has started at Chaves, Portugal, and that the Portuguese garrison has mutinied and killed its commander.

The Monarchists, it is added, stormed and raided the offices of the Republican newspapers in the Plaza Braga.

VIGO, June 15.—Reports from Chaves of the mutiny of two regiments of Portuguese troops are not confirmed. The rumors are probably unfounded, since it is learned from other sources that the royalist plans on the Portuguese frontier did not develop as had been expected.

It is supposed here that the royalists at Chaves planned to mutiny upon the approach of Capt. Couciere, the Monarchist leader, who is said to be at the head of the forces near Braga.

LISBON, June 15.—Owing to the persistent rumors of an invasion by Monarchists from the Spanish provinces to the north of Portugal, the Portuguese Minister of the Interior has made an inspection along the frontier, visiting Viana do Castello, Valenca do Minho, and other towns for the purpose of studying the situation. Foreign Minister Machado to-day received dispatches from him saying that the plotters would not attempt to cross the border.

The dispatches added that quiet reigned in the whole northern district. Military precautions, however, will be maintained.

The commission appointed to investigate the advances made by the Treasury to members of the royal family has issued a report showing that the Queen Mother Amélie received $82,000 and the Duke of Oporto $122,500. The Government will repay itself these advances from ex-King Manuel's private property.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath. Mothers should teach the little ones its daily use.

MADE BOGUS TICKETS OF STREET RAILWAYS

Counterfeiters, Raided by Federal Officers, Defrauded Traction Companies in Three Cities.

PLATES FOUND, MEN CAUGHT

J. E. Farris, Conductor; His Brother, W. L. Farris, and J. C. Hart, Printer, Confess.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 15.—A scheme to swindle the traction companies of Chicago and other cities through the manufacture of spurious tickets was frustrated by Government officials to-day, when they arrested three men and confiscated a complete outfit for counterfeiting street-car tickets.

The men under arrest are William L. Farris of 6,312 Stony Island Avenue; his brother, John E. Farris, of the same address, a conductor for the Illinois Central Railroad, and Joseph C. Hart, 60 years old, a printer. In the kitchen of the Stony Island Avenue flat occupied by the Farris brothers was found a complete outfit for counterfeiting street-car tickets.

Hart, when taken into custody, admitted having printed thousands of the tickets, and said that the plates used in the process were manufactured by a concern in Chicago. Electrotype and zinc plates for reproducing tickets for the street-car companies in Cleveland, Columbus, and Indianapolis were seized by the Government officials.

John F. Voigt, Assistant District Attorney, said to-night that until six months ago, the men operated in Akron, Ohio, where bogus tickets were made and sold in Cleveland. According to Operative Drautzburg of the Federal service, John E. Farris admitted the charge of counterfeiting, and declared that for years there has been systematic counterfeiting of transportation tickets, whereby the traction companies have been defrauded of thousands of dollars.

According to information given by the operative who arrested William Farris, the latter told him that he was approached by a man four years ago who offered him what purported to be a passage of railroad tickets for a Cleveland street railroad. The package was said to contain $300 worth of tickets and was offered to Ferris for $100. Ferris purchased the package and found it contained only worthless paper.

The appearance of hundreds of pasteboard tickets a little thicker than the official tickets of the car company in Cleveland aroused suspicions among the railroad officials. Private detectives wer employed and a conductor was seen opening and taking from an envelope fifty strips of pasteboard, each containing five tickets. When the conductor made his report for the day the fraudulent tickets were found. He was arrested and finally told where he purchased the tickets.

The Cleveland tickets, of which the Government detectives seized about 90,000, are sold in strips of five for 6 cents. The car company sells five tickets for 15 cents. The intermediary who buys the spurious tickets for 6 cents sells them to street car conductors for 8 to 9 cents a strip.

B. Altman & Co.

A SALE OF MEN'S SHIRTS & BATHING SUITS

WILL BE HELD THIS DAY (FRIDAY), AND SATURDAY UNTIL NOON, WHEN STORE WILL BE CLOSED.

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, PLAITED OR PLAIN,
USUAL PRICES $1.75 & 2.25 . . . AT $1.15

WORSTED BATHING SUITS,
USUAL PRICE $3.50 . . . AT $2.50

BOYS' CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS
AT REMARKABLE REDUCTIONS IN PRICES
WILL BE OFFERED AT THE SAME TIME, AS FOLLOWS:

BOYS' NORFOLK & DOUBLE-BREASTED WOOL SUITS,
FORMERLY $8.00 TO $14.00 . AT $4.00 & 6.00

BOYS' SAILOR AND RUSSIAN WOOL SUITS,
FORMERLY $5.00 TO $8.00 . AT $2.00 & 3.00

BOYS' WASHABLE SUITS

RUSSIAN SUITS, WHITE OR COLORS,
FORMERLY $1.75 TO 5.00 . AT $1.00 TO 3.50

IMPORTED RUSSIAN SUITS, HAND-EMBROIDERED,
FORMERLY $4.50 TO 8.50 . . AT $3.25 TO 5.50

NORFOLK WASHABLE SUITS, FORMERLY $3.85 AT $2.50

WASHABLE REEFERS, FORMERLY $4.00 & 4.75 AT 2.50

WASHABLE BLOUSES IN COLORS, FORMERLY $1.50, AT 75c.
STRAW HATS, FORMERLY $2.00 TO 4.75, AT $1.00 & 1.50

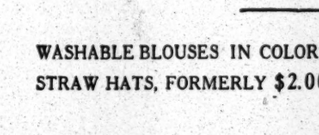
Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Double S. H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE.
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.
TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE, 18TH & 19TH STS. NEW YORK.

Main Building *Dry Goods and Wearing Apparel*

Sheffield Plated Ware
At ⅓ to ½ Less Than Regular Selling Prices



So-called "Specialty shops" have had duplicates of these pieces, but never at duplicates of these prices. You will agree with us that the reproductions are beautiful. "Queen Anne," "Selma Samuels," and "Adams" designs in "grapevine," "thread" and "shell" borders. This sale began Monday. It continues, to-day, with these values:

Double Vegetable Dishes—grapevine or floral border; at.....$7.75 and $12
Well and Tree Meat Platters—grapevine and floral border; at.....$12
17-inch Meat Platters—at.....$9.75
Large Serving Trays—with handles; 17-inch; beautifully engraved; at.....$19.50
Sandwich Trays—the "Selma Samuels" pattern; specially priced at.....$4.75
Bread Trays—grape border; at.....$4.75
Tea Set—Colonial design; 5 pieces; at.....$39
Candlesticks—true reproduction of the Adams pattern; at.....$7.75

(MAIN Building, Second Floor.)

Greenhut Building *Everything for the Home*

Ask for S. H. Green Trading Stamps—We Give Them

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

From any standpoint you may choose—whether it be from breadth of assortment, exclusiveness of fabric designs, or range of all the better accepted foreign and domestic models, or all combined, this is the greatest Summer clothes offering that has ever been made in New York at this season of the year.

For here—due to a delay in our tailoring plant—is practically all of our Summer stock that should have been on our tables the first of May, and, since it now devolves upon us to dispose of a season's stock in from four to five weeks, there result values, coupled with an assortment, the like of which New York has never seen.

Included are practically all of our lightest weight two and three piece Summer Suits, in the most exclusive and advanced styles in both fabrics and models, many of which will not be shown outside the Smith Gray & Co. stores for at least another season.

15.50 for two and three piece Summer Suits—regularly 18.00, 20.00, 22.50 and 25.00.

Included in the assortment are Canadian homespuns of excellent quality, in metal, steel and Oxford grays, also blue, brick brown, tan and olive shades, as well as blue and black fancy serge weave worsteds in stripe weaves, pencil stripes and silk mixtures. Among the models are two and three button designs for men, young men and boys. Your choice at this special price is broader than you will find in most stores, even though you paid 18.00 to 25.00, instead of 15.50.

18.50 for two and three piece Summer Suits—regularly 22.50, 25.00 and 27.50.

You may make your selection from worsteds in handsome grays in hair line stripes, pin checks and neat overplaids—homespun crash Norfolks, smart velours and cravenetted mohairs in correct grays and an excellent assortment of new mixtures; yarn dyed worsteds, worsted cheviots, Saxony cassimeres and velours in new grays, browns and tans, blue and black grounds in fancy weaves, silk stripes and silk mixture effects—and blue serges of finest Australian stock. There are more than a dozen two and three button distinctively styled models for men, young men and boys.

22.50 for two and three piece Summer Suits—regularly 27.50, 30.00 and 32.50.

27.50 for two and three piece Summer Suits—regularly 35.00 and 37.50.

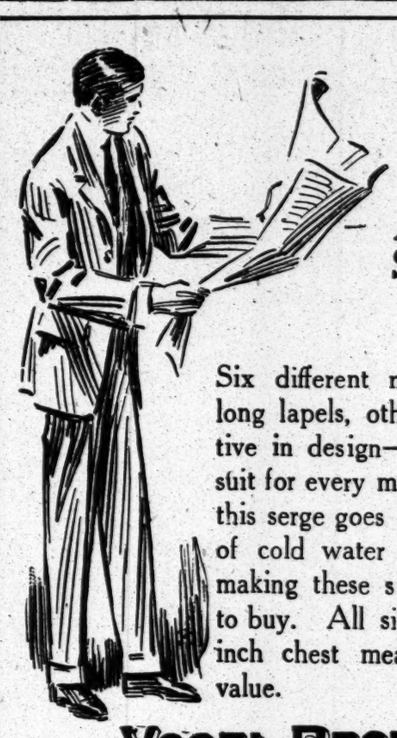
Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs
Auto Clothes Book on Request

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

We Give "S. & H." Stamps



A Sale of $20 Serge Suits at $16.50

Six different models—some with long lapels, others more conservative in design—the ideal Summer suit for every man. Every yard of this serge goes through the process of cold water London shrinking, making these suits absolutely safe to buy. All sizes from 33 to 46 inch chest measure — remarkable value.

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

A Trip That Is Taken For Itself

Most railroad trips are taken simply as a means of getting from one place to another.

The trip over the Lehigh Valley from New York to Buffalo and Niagara Falls is taken for its inherent pleasure.

It is the most beautifully scenic railroad ride in the East, providing an everchanging car window panorama of mountains, rivers and woods.

A glance through a car of the Black Diamond Express shows, instead of the usual restless, time-killing assemblage of passengers, a group of interested, happy, contented folks enjoying the fascinating scenery of "The Switzerland of America."

Railroad and Pullman Tickets delivered at home or office on request.
New York: Telephone 4212 Bryant.
Brooklyn: Telephone 97 Main.
Newark: Telephone 984 Waverly.

Lehigh Valley Railroad

Beginning Tomorrow, this Store will close at Noon on Saturdays and at 5 P.M. on other days.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 AND 568 Fifth Avenue. 46TH AND 47TH STS.

OFFER, FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY, IN THEIR

Semi-Annual Clearance

Voile and Lingerie Dresses, $18.50
For Misses and Small Women. Daintily Trimmed. Formerly $35.

Marquisette and Lingerie Dresses, $25
Trimmed with hand-embroidery and Irish and Val. lace. Formerly $38.

Custom-tailored Suits, $25
Of fancy suitings, plain blue and black serges. Formerly $50 to $65.

Fancy and Tailored Linen Suits, $18

Traveling and Motor Coats, $32
Of Scotch mixtures and navy serge. Formerly to $65.

Lord & Taylor
Founded 1826

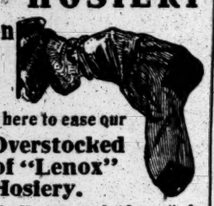
Exceptional Offering of
Men's Shoes

The best made Low Shoes for Men to be had at any price

Comprising
All Leathers, Including White Buckskin with Rubber or Leather Sole
Three Ninety-five
Value $7.00.

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

SILK HOSIERY
At Cotton Hosiery Prices.



A SALE is on here to ease our
Heavily Overstocked Shelves of "Lenox" Silk Hosiery.

"Lenox" Silk Hosiery and "Lenox" 6-Month Guaranteed Lisle and Cotton Hosiery for MEN and WOMEN and CHILDREN are well-known standards of quality, which have been supplied to discriminating patrons for several years on the "MANUFACTURER TO WEARER" (cut out middleman's profit) plan.

A large Surplus Stock of Silk Hosiery for Men and Women **must be turned into cash** to provide for our mill requirements, **AND WE HAVE TO STAND THE LOSS** by establishing a **40% PRICE CUT** off our wholesale list.

This means that a pair of Silk Hose selling at 75 cents to retail stores (which in turn are sold by them at about 98 cents) can now be bought here

For 45c in all shades and sizes

All other hosiery of this season's manufacture, values from 15c. to $2.00, IN PROPORTION until this Surplus stock is reduced. Remember the address,

LENOX SILK WORKS
Manufacturer to Wearer Product,
5 West 31st St. (Only a step from Fifth Ave. Take Elevator.)
Telephone Orders Filled Promptly. Mad. Sq. 3358.
Open Till 6:30 Daily, Including Saturday.

Smoker's throat is unknown to lovers of the weed who use Vernas Lotion.

Free Trial Bottle for your dealer's name. Sore throat, hoarseness, swollen glands, tonsillitis, diphtheritic throats yield promptly to Vernas Lotion. Combines healing, soothing qualities with the most efficient antiseptic and germicidal action. Incomparable in all cases of mouth irritation.

Sold at all Drug Stores 15c 50c $1.00

Vernas Lotion
VERNAS CHEMICAL COMPANY, 249 W. 36th St., N. Y.

New Jersey Central
POPULAR ONE-DAY OUTINGS
Lake Hopatcong
$1 EVERY SUNDAY AND HOLIDAY
Leave W. 23rd St. 8.50 a.m.
Leave Liberty St. 9.00 a.m.
Mauch Chunk
NEXT SUNDAY $1.50
Leave W. 23rd Street 8.20 a.m.
Leave Liberty Street 8.30 a.m.

CARSTAIRS RYE

A delightful blend of the choicest old whiskies. Perfectly aged in wood. Mellow, tasty, smooth. Try it.
STEWART DISTILLING CO.
Philadelphia New York Baltimore

SWAN SAFETY FOUNTPEN
The Pen That Never Leaks.
The Pen That Never Blots.
The Pen That ALWAYS writes.
At all Stationers' and Jewelers', $2.50 and up
MABIE, TODD & CO.
17 Maiden Lane, New York. 209 State St., Chicago.

That Peculiar Zest
in soups, sauces, and salads prepared by foreign chefs—you've often noticed it. They use
MAGGI'S ESSENCE
(prepared in Switzerland)
A teaspoonful gives weak soup that nourishing, meaty taste that you have tried so hard to get. A few drops in the sauce or the salad dressing give them "body." It's hard to describe the exact taste, but you can't get it without Maggi's Essence. A small bottle lasts a long time.
AS NECESSARY AS SALT
Supplied by all first-class grocers and druggists. Importers, James P. Smith & Co., New York.

Wanted—A steel smokestack, 36 inches diameter, 60 feet long. Weltfisch, 150 Nassau St.

Of paramount importance to investors are the articles and correspondence in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Trustworthy accounts of developments in bond, stock, cotton, grain, and metal markets. Declared dividends, railroad earnings, range of prices for ten years. Every Monday. Mailed to any part of the United States for One Dollar a Year. Strong binder to hold The Review mailed for One Dollar.—Adv.

VICHY CELESTINS
Natural Alkaline Water

A delightful table water with highly medicinal qualities
Ask your Physician
Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government
Not Genuine without the word
CELESTINS

WOMEN'S POOLROOMS GO ON UNDISTURBED

Runners at Little Dairy Lunchroom and Other Resorts Continued Taking Bets Yesterday.

NO POLICE INTERFERENCE

Rumor That Sleuths Were on the Lookout Soon Forgotten — Tea Rooms for Women Gamblers.

There was an air of caution about the poolrooms that are run in the shopping district exclusively for women yesterday in the early afternoon, and patrons of the resorts appeared to be chary of them for the first half hour of the racing period. But it was not long before the gathering of 300 or 400 women who go to the district every pleasant week day ostensibly to shop but really to gamble on the horse races spurred the touts and runners of the poolrooms and hand books to great activity.

The runners were soon at their old practice of spanking to women they observed watching a certain bulletin board bearing sporting results or carried a sheet open at "past performances," the sure sign of the woman bettor.

For half an hour the little dairy lunchroom described in THE TIMES yesterday was inactive, because it was reported that six detectives were in its vicinity, but after a short wait the runners began accepting wagers.

Several new aspects of the problem of race betting among women were pointed out last night to a TIMES reporter by the informant who made the original disclosures. Several women agents of the poolroom and handbook men were observed circulating about the department stores in the neighborhood, collecting small sums from the saleswomen. Several tea rooms also were visited, as well as back rooms of saloons in the Tenderloin section.

In one place, an apartment on a cross-town street, there was no pretense of maintaining a tea room, or anything but a place for women to gamble. This place is run by the wife of a handbook man. The women there placed large bets. One of them said in reply to a question:

"I don't know why I bet. I think I ought to have a commission appointed to examine into my sanity. I used to be able to quit betting for a few months at a time. Now I find myself making bets every day. I never make a killing, and might as well try to shoot the moon." She had a bet down on the next race.

One of the men who operates a poolroom near Columbus Circle serves a buffet luncheon to his women patrons. He said yesterday to an inquirer who asked him whether his visitors were good sports: "You have to watch these women all the time. Only last week I lost $400 through a trick they played on me. Since then I have screened my windows on the street. I found that they had a confederate who had a wire held open to Albany, where they get the Latonia results flashed. This confederate gave them the horse that had won five minutes before I had it by holding up fingers to indicate the position of the horse on the race chart. A jealous woman who did not get in on the deal gave the game away and I stopped the front room gallery in jig time.

"A few days ago the women intercepted the boy who carries my messages and arranged to have him delay the results and give them the winner. He told me about it and I arranged to have him pass them a false horse. The women fell heavily and I got back some of the money I had lost on the signal trick."

One of the favorite spots for women race bettors to gather is at the southwest corner of Central Park. Poolroom runners bring race track tips and carry bets to a near-by saloon, which has a full service on the races by telephone. Fully fifty women with papers containing past performances on the Latonia races were observed on the park benches. Some of the women even went to the back room of the saloon, where the odds are received. It is patronized by a mixed crowd of black and white touts and gamblers.

One of the women with whom a TIMES reporter talked yesterday said:

"You cannot realize the awful temptations to which a woman bettor is exposed. She is frequently concealing the fact that she is betting on the races from her husband and friends. When she loses she must make excuses. A great many times she borrows money. The people with whom she associates during racing hours are of a class to take quick advantage of a woman's need and extremity, and many a respectable woman does things in desperation which eventually lead to her disappearance in the Tenderloin.

"The other afternoon I saw a terrible scene in a saloon. A woman whose husband earns good money in a wholesale dry goods house had just lost her husband's half-month's salary. She became hysterical and threw her arms around the neck of a diamond-bedecked man in the back room, crying:

"'Oh, somebody must help me out of this fix!' She was thrown off, and then turned to the proprietor of the place, and he ordered her out."

In several of the places run especially for women THE TIMES reporter found small chuck-a-luck wheels with six numbers on them. The woman patrons get odds of 4 to 1 on a single number, which makes a formidable percentage in favor of the banker. Yet the women played this wheel eagerly in the interims between races, betting dimes, quarters, and half-dollars.

The ranks of the woman gamblers were originally recruited, according to those who should know, from the women who went to racetracks in their halcyon days. Of the regular attendance at the principal tracks about New York about one-quarter were women.

SERVICE FOR SLOCUM DEAD.

Survivors and Relatives Meet at the Cemetery in a Thunderstorm.

More than 2,000 survivors and relatives and friends of victims of the steamboat Gen. Slocum disaster attended yesterday a memorial service of the unknown dead in Lutheran Cemetery, Middle Village, Queens.

The service was held near the monument, the survivors occupying seats around it. The service was not interrupted by the lightning or by the roll of thunder or the downpour.

Forming in line in front of their headquarters in Metropolitan Avenue, near the cemetery, the survivors, led by a band playing a funeral march, proceeded to the monument. The service was opened with a prayer by the Rev. D. W. Peterson of the German Evangelical Lutheran Church of Middle Village. Addresses were delivered by Charles Dersch, President of the Survivors' Association; by the Rev. George H. Miller of the German Reformed Church of the Bronx, and David Kehoe, President of the United Singers of Brooklyn. Elsie Frisher and John Bolze sang solos, there was a cornet solo by Minnie Goodman, and singing by the Kreutzer Quartette Club of New York.

LOEB REDUCES EXPENSES.

Abolishes Duplicate Forces Handling Merchandise at Appraiser's Stores.

Collector Loeb, having decided to abolish the office of Deputy Collector in charge of merchandise in the Appraiser's Warehouse, at Christopher and Washington Streets, the entire force of laborers, clerks, and watchmen now employed there under authority of the Collector will be turned over to-morrow to the jurisdiction of the Appraiser of the Port. Three hundred men will be affected by the change. George S. Cort, who, as Deputy Collector, had charge of this force, will probably be assigned to a clerkship in the Appraiser's department.

The change is made to improve the service and to reduce expenses of operating the Appraiser's Warehouse by doing away with the old system of employing two sets of men to do the work—one under the jurisdiction of the Collector or his Deputy and the other employes of the Appraiser.

CALL FOR A PEACE SUNDAY.

Federal Council of Churches Suggests Arbitration Sermons for July 2.

The Executive Committee of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America yesterday authorized a call to be sent to the more than 100,000 ministers and pastors of churches in the fellowship of the council, asking them to consider on Sunday, July 2, questions of international arbitration and peace.

The call suggests "that the fact that this Sunday is so close to the National holiday, July 4, makes it especially fitting that such themes should have the attention of the pulpits of this country on that day."

This Council of Churches, representing the larger part of the Protestant Church membership of the United States, is pledged to do all in its power to advance the cause of international arbitration and peace.

Report Still Shows Water Shortage.

The weekly report from the Croton watershed received at the Water Department yesterday indicates that the rainfall of Saturday, Sunday, and Monday has not yet brought as large a supply to the watershed as was at first estimated. The supply is half a billion gallons above where it was last week, the total on hand being a little more than 50,000,000,000 gallons, as against 88,000,000,000 gallons a year ago. A great deal of water is expected to drain into the watershed within the next few days.

Send for Prospectus
ISSUED TO-DAY
THE FEDERAL BISCUIT COMPANY
A Merger of Leading
Biscuit, Crackers and Bread Bakers
More than 70 Bakeries in 30 Different States
Business for 1910 - - $27,650,000
Sent free on request. Address the Head Office
The Federal Biscuit Company
100 Hudson Street, 'Phone 2117 Franklin **New York**

The Man in the Tower

IN China many shop-keepers put out a sign, "No Cheating Here."

Fortunately, in New York such a sign is unnecessary.

But The Man in the Tower suggests this substitute:

"It is possible to be cheated in style and not material. Here you get full measure of both."

* * *

The materials that go into Weber & Heilbroner clothes are selected by a man who for years sold woolens to the best New York tailors.

Quality is only the starting point. These suits must be of the very cloths and the selfsame models that are being made up this year by fashionable custom tailors.

The tailoring is as near a duplication of the best custom tailoring as can possibly be secured.

While these clothes are ready-made, they are tailored individually.

Applies to the two-piece flannel and homespun suits at $20 and up, as much as to the $20 to $40 business suits.

* * *

What should go under these soft front, carefully draped suits?

GOTHAM underwear—if you have been educated to the use of feather-weight athletic-shirt and knee-drawers style.

In cut and tailoring they leave as little to be desired as our clothes.

Generously full, without an extra inch of bulk. Fit smooth and permit your outer clothing to fit without a wrinkle.

Materials include nainsooks, cambric, linens and silks—from $1.00 to $3.50.

If you're not familiar with the progress that has been made in underwear, a view of our Gotham lines will be as instructive as a visit to the new Library.

Weber and Heilbroner
Nine Stores
Weber & Heilbroner Clothes Carried Only at Stores Marked with Star.
150 Nassau* 58 Nassau 27 New* 20 Cortlandt 146 Broadway 369 Broadway
757 Broadway 1185 Broadway 42nd and Fifth Avenue*

GIMBELS

Store Your Furs at Gimbels
Largest, Newest, Safest, Cleanest, BEST Cold-Air Vault in New York (Right in Our Building)
TELEPHONE MADISON SQ. 8300
When You Want Us to Call for Them
MODERATE STORAGE CHARGES
Send for Schedule

Gray or Blue---Brown or Tan
Which Suit Will You Have?
Gimbel Clothing for Men Provides Much Latitude
At $25, $30 and $35

Brown and tan are enjoying their innings of popularity this Summer, but for the man who sticks to his cherished gray or blue, we have taken care to supply just as wide a field for choice.

The fabrics themselves are delightful. Well-bred, distinguished weaves, soft of texture and fine of finish, and put together by highly-priced workmen with a strict observance of modern style-tenets, upon which the custom tailor could not improve.

Not even in fit; for these Suits are cut and built upon

The New Gimbel No-Padding Model

which follows the lines of a man's figure without the struggle that comes with unyielding buckram, canvas and horsehair. Coats are half, quarter or full-lined, as you choose—some with silk.

Summer Suits, in short, for men with ideas of their own—just the men we are eager to have see this splendid showing. Other Suits, as low as $15 and as high as $42.

Boys' $13.50, $15 and $16.50 Suits at $8.75

Some very sharp price-reductions on various groups of boys' High-grade Suits that we have hitherto had in stock at the higher prices. Fine choosing among the Double-breasted Suits, 9 to 18 years, and Norfolk Jacket Suits, 7 to 15 years, at the new price of $8.75.

Boys' $7.50 All-Wool Suits at $5

Another stirring offering of Suits specially made for Gimbels that have regularly sold for $7.50, now in a clearance at a third less. Many have two pairs of knickerbockers. Included are splendid Blue Serge Suits. All sizes, 7 to 15, in Norfolk style, and 8 to 18 in. Double-breasted style, at $5 a Suit.

Boys' $5, $6 and $7 Sailor Suits at $3.75

All this season's materials in Homespuns, Cassimeres, Tweeds and Cheviots; sizes 5 to 10 years, in Gimbel $5, $6 and $7 grades, now $3.75 a Suit. Fourth floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th St.

"Old Fashioned Macy Sale"

A THREE DAYS' RECORD
80,000 pairs of Hosiery already sold
50,000 pairs of Hosiery still on sale
Including 30,000 added to maintain the full assortment
At 40% to 50% Off Regular
Silk, Cotton and Lisle, for Men and Women.

ALL SORTS OF STRAWS
For Men, Youths and Boys
You can get $5.00 Panamas for $5.00 anywhere. Except at Macy's. We do not sell them.
We Sell Panamas worth $6.00 & $7.00—the prices charged everywhere else—for $4.96.
The latest lot of new Panamas, just received under conditions which enable us to sell at $4.96, is of remarkably fine quality. Some are practically $12.50 value.
We have higher grade Panamas, and in every case our prices are proportionately less than standard prices.
Easy enough to test this if you understand degrees of quality.

Sailor and Other Shapes and Our Own Particular "Hak-Hak."

The **99c** straw at Macy's equals the usual $1.50 kind.

The **$1.49** at Macy's is the $2 straw at the good-class specialty shops. And so on, up to **$3.96** at Macy's—and $5.00 elsewhere.

The new straw—**the Hak-Hak**—you can get only at Macy's. Costs you **$1.88.**

You would get it here even if it were sold elsewhere as well, as its quality would justify our competitors in charging a higher price.

You can wear it in the city; you can wear it in the country.

Most informal. Yet most dressy. Nothing like it ever been seen before.

When you wear the Hak-Hak you're up-to-date.

And you can keep on wearing it. Its artistic brownish color makes it the hat for the whole season.

REDUCTIONS ON BOYS' STRAWS 94c, $1.29, $1.98 Formerly $1.49 to $2.97.

Have you a boy? If you have, *we have his hat.* You will be pleased with the price, and he with the hat.
All styles, all shapes, all grades.

MORE SILK & COTTON SHIRTS 1st Fl. rear, 34th St.
More Savings for Those Who Buy Them, Value $3.00 **$1.98**

The cotton with which the silk is blended gives just that body and stability which makes for durability as well as for stylish effect.

We have these shirts in a particularly large assortment of woven—not printed—stripes, also in plain white, tan and blue.

Men who would not wear silk shirts (not because they could not afford them) wear these Century Silk Shirts—and keep on wearing them. **Sizes 14 to 17.**

We have a new shipment also of those popular **$1.50 Negligee Shirts** which sell for **94c.** Soft collars attached.
This will be good news to many late comers whom we had to disappoint last week.

When you come in for your shirt, just step into our custom shirt department at the rear of the main floor and see the delightful assortment of imported silk and linens for our made-to-order trade. A shirt to your measure at Macy's can be had for as little as $2.48.

Andrew Alexander
Men's Oxfords at $3.50

Tan Russia and black gunmetal calf.
Blucher Pattern. Some better than any we have seen at this price, and the style and fit were put there by experts.
SIXTH AVENUE AT NINETEENTH STREET.

Daniell's. Broadway. 8th and 9th Sts.
SALE OF
Women's Black Silk Hosiery
EXTRA HEAVY PURE THREAD SILK HOSE, with double tops and soles, regularly 2.50 pair, for this sale..... 1.75
PURE THREAD SILK HOSE, manufacturers' samples, in various weights, values up to 2.00, for this sale..... .95
THREAD SILK HOSE, with cotton tops and soles, regularly 75c pair, for this sale..... .50

NEW BUILDING FALLS; FOURTEEN MEN HURT

Workers Are Buried as Overloaded Floors Give Way, Carrying a Wall Down.

THREE PROBABLY WILL DIE

Bronx Crowd Sees a Young Carpenter Rescue Two Men Who Were Left Clinging High in Air.

As Inspector Joseph Wilson of the Building Departent was looking yesterday afternoon for the Superintendent in charge of construction of an unfinished three-story building at 1258 and 1260 Boston Road, the Bronx, to tell him that his floors were overloaded with brick and lumber, there came a terrific crash. The inspector and half a dozen others scurried for safety, while the north wall above the third floor, on which twenty men had been at work, crashed with the flooring of that story to the cellar below.

When the dust cleared the cries of the buried men who had been working on the wall could be heard as they struggled to unearth themselves in the darkness of the cellar, and two men could be seen still clinging to the top of the unbroken section of the wall on the third floor. The crash, which was heard for several blocks, brought frightened tenants from all buildings of the neighborhood. Some plunged directly into the work of rescuing the buried laborers, while other sent in an alarm of fire. Before the firemen arrived under Battalion Chief King, Policeman Murphy sent in a call for ambulances from the Lebanon and Fordham Hospitals and for the reserves of the Tremont and Morrisania stations.

When the police arrived the street was blocked by thousands, including the pupils of Public School 40 and the Morris High School, two blocks away, both of which had just closed. It was all the reserves could do to keep back the crowd. The firemen and the first citizens on the scene worked to rescue those who were still hidden under the debris in the cellar.

While they were laboring in the darkness below a far more spectacular rescue was being carried out before the eyes of the thousands of watchers high up on the remaining fragment of the broken wall, where hung the two laborers who alone had not plunged into the cellar. Four feet back of where they hung a narrow wooden crossbeam still held in place between the north and south walls. The men could not work their way back to it, however, for it was all they could do to keep their hold with numb fingers on the edge of the wall. Their cries for help came down to the crowd below, but rescue seemed impossible.

Suddenly a man was seen to climb from the rear of the building to the crossbeam. As he made his way slowly across that it was seen that he was Harry Robkin, a young carpenter, who had been working on the second floor when the crash came, but had escaped injury.

Sitting astride the beam, he made his way slowly to the wall, where the two men hung, and reaching it, climbed on top of it. Then, outlined against the sky, those below saw him walk to where the first man hung. He stooped, and seeming to tremble with the loosened end of the wall, seized the man's wrist and drew him slowly upward. For a moment the two were balanced there, Robkin leaning far back, the other not yet upon his feet. A moment later both were standing upon the narrow, foot-wide wall, and Robkin was guiding the man along the wall toward the crossbeam, where he was able to make his way slowly to safety.

The crowd, which breathlessly had witnessed the rescue, was about to break into cheers when the watchers saw Robkin make his way back toward the second man, still hanging with his fingertips to the wall. No one dared to cheer. All watched in silence while Robkin repeated his feat and lifted the second man up the wall to the crossbeam and to safety. Then a cheer broke from thousands of throats, as Robkin himself got astride of the beam and made his way down to the street.

Meanwhile fourteen men had been taken out of the cellar and attended by four ambulance surgeons on the sidewalk. Most of them had to be removed to the hospital. Three will probably die. The injured were:

COLOMBO, JOSEPH, a laborer, 515 East Fifteenth Street; fracture of left leg; Lebanon Hospital.

CORDARO, Vincenzo, bricklayer, 339 East Twelfth Street; abrasions of hands and face; went home.

CURVETO, PAUL, bricklayer, 337 East Twelfth Street; fractured skull and broken rib; removed to Lebanon Hospital; will probably die.

GAZZARO, ANTONIO, bricklayer, 326 East 117th Street; contusions of face and body; went home.

GAZZARO, PAUL, boss bricklayer, 326 East 117th Street; fracture of left arm.

GOLDSTEIN, CHARLES, plumber, 284 Rutledge Street, Brooklyn; contusions of head and body; Lebanon Hospital.

KRINDEL, MAX, Superintendent in charge, 338 East 121st Street; contusions and abrasions of face.

MAZERELL, TONY, laborer, 400 East Thirteenth Street; fractured skull; Lebanon Hospital; will probably die.

MAZILLO, JAMES, bricklayer, 527 East Thirteenth Street; fracture of left leg and internal injuries; Fordham Hospital.

MUNDARO, DOMINICK, bricklayer; contusions and internal injuries; Fordham Hospital.

RANDAZZO, PHILIP, bricklayer; 206 Avenue A; contusions of head and possible internal injuries; Lebanon Hospital.

ROGOVE, DAVID, plumber, 1,065 Boston Road; contusions of head and back; Lebanon Hospital.

SEAVATTO, GIUSEPPE, bricklayer, 443 East Thirteenth Street; fracture of left leg; Fordham Hospital.

UNKNOWN MAN; removed unconscious to Fordham Hospital with fractured skull; will probably die.

Krindel, who was struck by bricks while supervising work on the ground floor of the building, and Paul Gazzaro, who plunged into the cellar with the platform on which he had been supervising the work on the third floor, were attended on the sidewalk and then arrested on charges of criminal negligence. Inspector Joseph Wilson reported to Superintendent William Henderson of the Building Department, who was called to the scene soon after the crash, that he had found the floors of the building overloaded and was seeking Krindel to warn him, when the crash came.

Coroner Schwanecke, who went to the scene, declared indignantly that the construction of the building was faulty throughout, that the floors were overloaded and that if any deaths resulted from the accident he would summon the owner and architect before him for an investigation. The building is owned by Philip Wattenberg of 1,253 Franklin Avenue, and was constructed by the Model Construction Company of 578 East 138th Street.

E. L. Raldaris, Chief Inspector of Buildings, who was also on the scene, declared that the mortar used in the building was not good. On this point Coroner Schwanecke and Supt. Henderson fell into a dispute, whereupon the Coroner called Lieut. McMahon and ordered him to arrest Raldaris for interfering. Raldaris in turn demanded the arrest of the Coroner on a charge of assault. Friends intervened, however, and as no one seemed to know what the quarrel really was about the matter was dropped.

Supt. Henderson said later that an inspector of the iron girders and crossbeams ordered the ironworkers out of the building two days ago on the ground that the iron girders were lighter than the plans called for. His order was obeyed, and the ironworkers had not returned yesterday. Supt. Henderson said also that the accident may have been due to weakening of the wall by the recent heavy rains.

DR. COOK TESTIFIES

And Cap'n Osbon Will Tell the Testimony for $20, but It Contains No News.

Dr. Frederick A. Cook, who once thought he might have discovered the north pole, appeared as a witness yesterday afternoon at 49 Wall Street in the office of Carl L. Schurz, who was appointed by the German courts a Commissioner to take testimony in the suit brought in Germany by Rudolf Francke to recover 20,000 marks from Commander Robert E. Peary, on the charge that Peary took away on his auxiliary steamer Erik furs, walrus tusks, narwhal tusks, and the like, belonging partly to Dr. Cook and partly to Francke, who had accompanied the doctor in the earlier stages of his near north polar expedition, but returned ill to Etah. Dr. Cook testified at an earlier hearing of the case in London some months ago.

Commander Peary was notified that he had the privilege of attending yesterday's hearing, but he did not appear, being represented instead by Harold Russell Griffith of Joline, Larkin & Rathbon, as counsel. Mr. Francke, Dr. Cook, and Cap'n B. S. Osbon, who helped Dr. Cook discover the north pole after his return to the bosom of the American people, until the doctor decided he might have been mistaken, were present at the office. But, since the examination was private, Cap'n Osbon was not alowed to attend the hearing itself.

After the hearing, however, Cap'n Osbon told a TIMES reporter that he had in writing all the questions that were asked of Dr. Cook, and that the doctor had promised to tell him all the answers he had given, to give in turn to the press.

"But I want dollars for 'em," he added. He explained that he wanted $20.

Dr. Cook, asked what he had testified to, said he would tell his answers to Cap'n Osbon, patting the Cap'n's shoulder as he spoke, and would let the Cap'n make what arrangements he could with the press.

Mr. Schurz, the Commissioner who took the testimony, said he could not as Commissioner make it public, but he said it contained nothing at all new.

EXCHANGE SUSPENDS BROKER

F. W. Duryea Violated Rules in Accepting a Speculative Account.

The suspension of Frank W. Duryea from membership in the Stock Exchange for three months was announced on the floor yesterday, following action by the Board of Governors, which was taken on Wednesday, but not made public at the time. Mr. Duryea was accused of accepting a speculative account from an employe of another member of the Exchange. The firm of F. W. Duryea & Co. made the following statement after the announcement:

> We recently discovered that one of our customers who had been introduced by our Branch Manager as, and whom we believed to be, a Long Island real estate dealer, was in fact an employe of another Stock Exchange house. The account was at once closed, but because of the technical violation of the rule against dealing with employes of fellow members, the Exchange took the action announced to-day.
>
> Arrangements have been made with Van Schaick & Co. by which we will extend to our customers the same facilities in the transaction of their business as in the past.

The firm is composed of Mr. Duryea and Emlen T. Littell. It was organized in December, 1901, and has offices at 7 Wall Street.

Verdict for Hudson-Fulton Accident.

John Cook, a lineman, who broke an arm and a leg when a temporary light pole erected for the Hudson-Fulton celebration in front of the Hotel Majestic fell while he was on it, recovered yesterday a verdict of $6,500 against the New York Edison Company in the Supreme Court before Justice Lehman. Witnesses testified that the pole had not been properly set.

NEW LINE OF ATTACK ON MRS. JOHNS'S SUIT

Hoe Estate Gets Decision in England Which It Hopes Will in Effect Annul the $145,000 Bond.

EVASION OF "DEATH DUTIES"

Executors Brought Action in British High Court of Justice Expecting That It Would Be Negatived.

How the estate of Robert Hoe "stooped to conquer" in a legal action in England that it might stand in a better position in its litigation with Margaret Johnson Brown Johns in this country was told yesterday in legal papers submitted to Supreme Court Justice Cohalan. By offering a defense which the executors hoped might fail, and pressing it to the highest courts in England on grounds identical with those at issue in Mrs. Johns's suit to recover on a bond for $145,000, the executors obtained a decision which they regard as of so much value to their case that they asked Justice Cohalan to renew a commission to eminent British barristers.

The effect of the decision, the executors believe, will be such that under the English law Mrs. Johns will find it impossible to enforce her claims. The barristers to be examined are expected to testify that this is the effect of the new English decision. Since Mrs. Johns must make her claims in the American courts good under English law, because the bond was made in England and must be governed by the law of that country, the executors feel that they have won a notable strategic victory. Justice Cohalan granted the order for the new examination.

The decision, according to the attorneys in the case, opens a new line of defense to the Hoe estate, which formerly fought the claims of Mrs. Johns on the ground that the Hoe gifts and assignments to her were for a consideration contrary to public policy, and hence unenforceable. The new line of defense will be that the deeds and bonds given by Hoe were an attempted testamentary disposition. To get a court decision that such an attempted testamenary disposition is illegal, a point not hitherto decided, the Hoe estate refused to pay to the Board of Governors and Guardians of the Foundling Hospital a half year's rent for the Hoe house, Brunswick Square, London, when it fell due. They set up that Mrs. Johns was responsible, on the ground that an assignment of the lease of the house, to insure her tenancy after Hoe's death, had been made to Harold Burne Hopgood, an attorney. Mrs. Johns, it is believed, would not have fought this proposition if she had been the defendant, but unfortunately for her the Foundling Asylum, as defendants, raised the very point which the Hoe executors hoped would be raised, that the assignment was an attempted testamentary disposition. The British High Court of Justice gave the Hoe estate an unpleasant and undesired victory, but the Foundling Hospital took an appeal and the Court of Appeals, composed of Lord Justices Williams, Farwell and Kennedy, overthrew the agreement and assessed the rent against the Hoe estate. Lord Farwell said:

"If effect could be given to such a transaction as the present one an easy way of defeating the provisions and safeguards of the Wills Act and evading death duties has been found."

Lord Kennedy said: "It is an attempt by means of the deed to make in regard to this property and interest dealt with by the deed a testamentary disposition which is not attested in the way provided in the Wills Act and which the law treats as a nullity."

PINKNEY ESTATE IS SUED.

Interborough Demands the Return of a $5,000 Deposit on Land.

The discovery by the War Department that a triangular section of the plot of land bounded by 148th Street, Exterior Street, Lenox Avenue, and 147th Street is outside the bulkhead line of the Harlem River and has been illegally filled in and must be scooped out is responsible for a suit brought by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company against the estate of Mary G. Pinkney.

The Pinkney estate agreed to sell the land to the Interborough for $72,000 and took $5,000 on account. When the discovery was made the Interborough officials say they asked for their deposit and the representatives of the Pinkney estate ignored their request. The bulkhead line is said to run diagonally across the plot of land the Interborough agreed to buy.

SPIRIT NOTES FROM JO-JO.

Testimony of Visions of Mrs. Bull in Suit Contesting the Will.

ALFRED, Me., June 15.—Spirit messages transmitted by "Jo-Jo," a wealthy London woman interested in East Indian mysticism, to Mrs. Ole Bull, widow of the great violinist, and references to visions of the dead which Mrs. Bull experienced, were some of the things testified to to-day by Mrs. Edith Swanander of Brooklyn, N. Y. She was on the witness stand most of the afternoon in the hearing of the contested will of Mrs. Bull in the Probate Court here.

During a visit by Mrs. Bull to Mrs. Swanander at the latter's Brooklyn home, the witness testified, Mrs. Bull received notes from a Mrs. McLoud of 12 Burton Street, Berkley Square West, London, who signed herself "Jo-Jo." One note contained messages purporting to have been received from a Dr. Coulter, who had died several years previously. It said:

> Dear Friend: These separate messages were sent me from Dr. Coulter on Dec. 12, and each word is his. I added nothing, nor did I ask questions. Heart's love. JO-JO.

The messages referred to were as follows:

> Dear Friend: Tell Sarah to educate Swami's brother another year or more. Remember that, and also to have enough money to carry on Swami's work, and that Margot is needed in England. Tell Sarah to hold strong to the thought of getting well, and trust in God. And if she needs me, I will go to her any time. Tell her to try to get into more sympathetic relations with her daughter, to forget the past, and live in the present and future.
>
> Dear Friend: Tell Margot she must leave there. She is needed in India, and must make her arrangements accordingly, especially to help and talk with Sarah about what she means to do about the future of Swami's cause.

The "Margot" referred to was Miss Marguerite Noble, or Sister Navidita, as she is known in India, to whom Mrs. Bull once referred, according to Mrs. Swanander, as "the greatest living woman."

Mrs. Swanander said that while Mrs. Bull was her guests she had always referred to her brother, Joseph G. Thorp, in a very loving manner. Mrs. Bull spoke frequently about what a bother her account books were, and how kind her brother, Mr. Thorp, was to take care of them for her.

In one of Mrs. Bull's visions said Mrs. Swanander, she saw Dr. Charles L. Henderson, a New Hampshire physician who had written a book in which Mrs. Bull figured prominently. Dr. Henderson was remembered in Mrs. Bull's will with $20,000 for charitable and educational work.

In other visions Mrs. Bull, according to the witness, had seen some of her dead friends and relatives, including her husband, the famous Ole Bull; her granddaughter Edwina, her mother, and her father.

According to Mrs. Swanander, Mrs. Bull had made but had forgotten to carry out several plans for disposing of her money, and explained her own forgetfulness by a horoscope reading, saying that she was born "under Gemini," and was therefore unbalanced.

Mrs. Swanander said she had lived in Brooklyn twenty-five years and resides at 629A Madison Street. She first met Mrs. Bull in 1896 at a parlor meeting at 238 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York, but did not remember in whose home it was held. She went there by invitation to hear a lecture by Swami Vivokananda. While she was standing in the middle of the room Mrs. Bull approached her and asked: "You are a Scandinavian?" She replied in the affirmative, whereupon Mrs. Bull said: "Let me embrace you for the sake of Ole Bull."

In 1910 she was invited to Mrs. Bull's cottage at Greenacre, Me., where her daughter, Miss Siri Swanander, already was visiting. Mrs. Bull looked very thin and told the witness that she was unable to eat because of trouble with a nerve in her stomach. Mrs. Bull went to Mrs. Swanander's home in Brooklyn on Nov. 1, 1910, for a visit of five weeks. Mrs. Bull spoke lovingly of her daughter, and always with much affection.

500 GIRLS IN A PANIC.

Rush from Factories When Electric Light Fuses Blow Out—None Hurt.

Five hundred girls were working in the five-story building at 546 and 548 Broadway at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon when the fuses on an electric light switchboard blew out with a noise and a flash. The girls rushed to the street shrieking, but beyond some torn dresses no one was injured and all went back to work in half an hour.

The same girls were at work about six weeks ago when a fire started in a neighboring building. Some one in their own building cried fire and they rushed downstairs. Twelve of the girls were bruised and injured by falling through a balustrade, which broke in the rush.

Three hundred of the workers are with Scherr Brothers, shirtwaist manufacturers, on the third floor, and 200 with the Harris Brothers, shirt makers on the second floor.

Advertising in all branches

Cheltenham Advertising Service

150 Fifth Ave. at 20th St.

To Meet and To Beat Competition

$20, $22, $25, $30 Suits Reduced

Blue Serge and Fancy Suits **$17.50** For Men and Young Men

Choice of Our Entire Stock of $20, $22, $25 and $30 Fancy Suits, $17.50
Choice of Our Entire Stock of $20, $22 and $25 Blue Serge Suits, $17.50

This is not a sale of manufacturers' samples or surplus stock, nor is it caused by any one of a dozen other reasons which we might give but, won't.
The only reason for this sale is to BOOST BUSINESS, to MEET AND TO BEAT COMPETITION. Every suit is right from our regular stock of high-grade clothes. Each and every suit at its regular price of $20, $22, $25 and $30 was the biggest and best value to be had. Every suit is splendidly hand tailored and finished, and shows the distinction and tone of high-class workmanship. Suits that will delight the critical, well-dressed man.
Included is our entire stock of $30 fancy suits; our entire stock of $25 and $22 blue serge and fancy suits, and our entire stock of $20 suits—the famous Brill Twenty—the equal of any $25 suits. Fine blue and gray serges, cassimeres, worsteds, hopsack weaves, flannel serges, cheviots and Irish cheviots. Plain grays, blue-on-blues, and an immense assortment of tan, brown, gray and silk mixtures, Oxford blue, and shepherd plaids. In short, every good, seasonable fabric and design; all models; English, modified English and conservative; soft roll and flat lapels. Half, quarter and full lined. Silk, mohair and serge lined. The biggest and best sale we have ever had.

Sale Begins This Morning At All Five Stores:

FIVE STORES:
BROADWAY At 49th Street
279 BROADWAY Near Chambers St.
125TH STREET At Third Ave.
47 CORTLANDT Near Greenwich
UNION SQUARE 14th St., nr. B'way

Brill Brothers
THE HOUSE OF BETTER VALUES

MAINE
LAKES AND WOODS INLAND RESORTS

LEAGUES of forest stretching unbroken as far as the eye can reach—waters lapping on the lake shores—welling from the springs—gliding through clearings and valleys. That's Maine—spend a summer there.

Luxury Amid the Woods

Palatial hotels each with its group of bungalows and cabins—with equipment, cuisine and service to suit the most exacting taste. Gay social life—canoeing, sailing, tennis, golf, in the keen, cool mountain air. That's Maine—spend a summer there.

THROUGH EXPRESS TRAINS (Daily except Sunday)
Leave Grand Central Terminal, New York
8 P. M. (beginning June 19)
9:03 A. M. (" " 26)
Parlor, Sleeping and Dining Cars and Coaches.

Helpful Literature
Send 2c in stamps for our Illustrated Booklets. Full of details that will expedite your plans. Prompt attention given all correspondence. Address—
ADVERTISING BUREAU
Room [illegible], South Station, Boston
For Tickets, Parlor and Sleeping Car Space, write or call
CITY TICKET OFFICE
171 Broadway, N.Y. City

Wm Vogel & Son

MEN'S OUTING SUITS, CONSISTING OF COAT AND TROUSERS IN NORFOLK AND REGULAR SACK MODELS, MADE OF KHAKI, IMPORTED GABERDINE, SILK, IRISH LINENS, BATISTE, WOOL CRASH, FLANNEL, HOPSACKING, TWEED, HOMESPUN, SERGE, IMPORTED MOHAIR, IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC TROPICAL WORSTEDS..... $10.00 TO $40.00

WM. VOGEL & SON
TIMES SQUARE
Broadway at 44th Street

POSTUM.

Coffee is an irritant
To the nervous system.
It interferes with digestion,
And affects the Kidneys
In a great many cases
Where it is not even suspected.
If you value health
And a sound body
The wise thing to do
Would be to quit coffee and
Give Postum a fair trial—
Say, two weeks, or longer.
"There's a Reason."
Read the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville," in Packages of Postum.

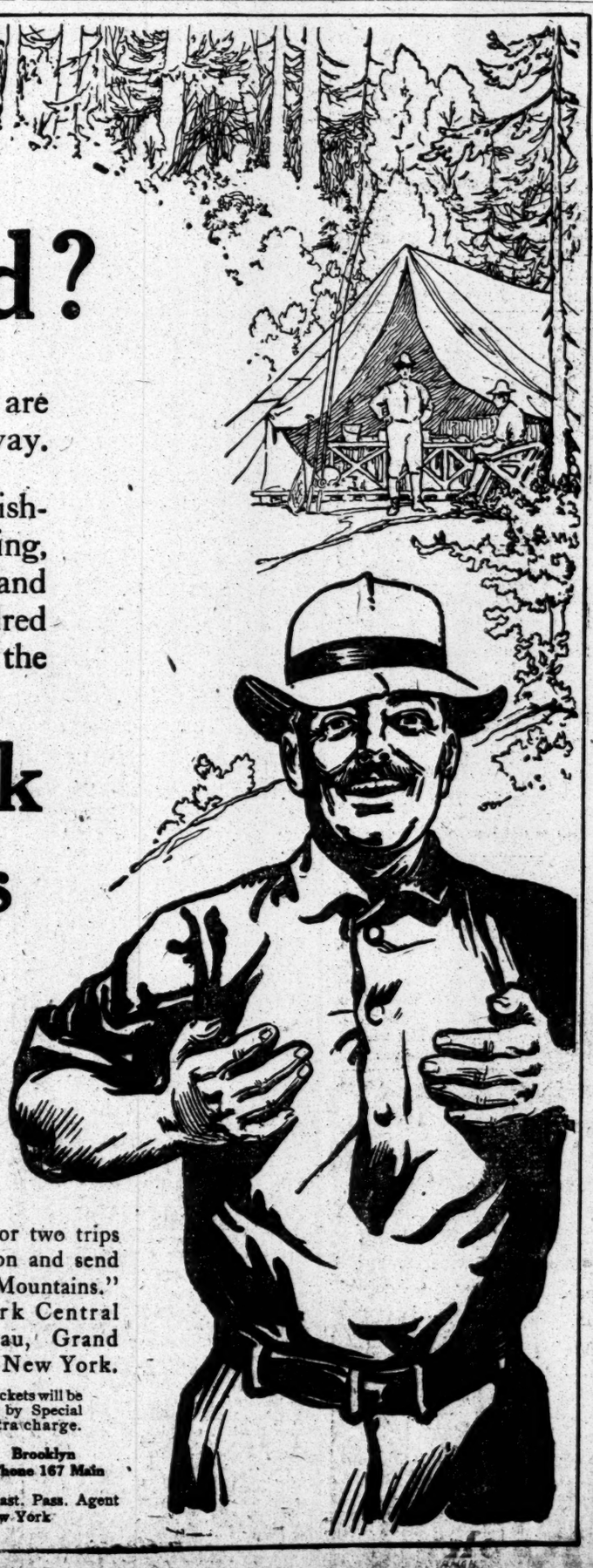
Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

City Tired?

Cool breezes and perfect rest are only a day or a night's ride away.

Camping, hunting in season, fishing, boating, mountain climbing, perfect golf or tennis, dancing and refined entertainments at a hundred hotels of all sizes and prices in the

Adirondack Mountains



Train service from New York right into the woods. Sleepers by night, parlor cars by day—dining cars and all comforts and conveniences. Are you interested?

Let Us Plan Your Vacation

Tell us in a general way what you require, the number in your party, and the amount of money you want to spend, we will propose one or two trips for your consideration with complete information and send you descriptive folder, "In the Adirondack Mountains." Address New York Central Lines Travel Bureau, Grand Central Terminal, New York.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

Railroad and Pullman Tickets will be delivered upon request by Special Messenger without extra charge.

New York 'Phone 6310 Madison — Brooklyn 'Phone 167 Main

E. J. O'HAYER, General East. Pass. Agent
1216 Broadway, New York

RAY FISHER SHUTS OUT DETROIT, 5 TO 0

Tiger Batsmen Helpless with Stick When Runners Are on the Bases.

THE SCORE.

New York	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	—5
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, cf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Wolter, rf	4	1	1	0	0	0
Hartzell, 3b	5	1	2	0	0	0
Cree, lf	3	0	2	1	0	0
Knight, ss	4	1	1	0	1	0
Chase, 1b	4	1	2	0	0	0
Gardner, 2b	3	0	1	1	0	0
Sweeney, c	3	0	0	0	1	0
Fisher, p	4	0	2	0	0	0
Total	34	5	12	2	2	0

DETROIT.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
D. Jones, lf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Shaller, lf	3	0	1	0	2	1
Bush, ss	3	0	0	1	0	2
Cobb, cf	4	0	2	0	1	0
Crawford, rf	4	0	0	0	0	1
J. Deleh'ty, 1b	4	0	2	0	0	9
Moriarty, 3b	2	0	0	0	1	0
O'Leary, 2b	3	0	0	0	0	3
Casey, c	2	0	0	0	1	2
*Drake	1	0	0	0	1	0
Stanage, c	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mullin, p	3	0	0	0	0	1
Total	30	0	5	2	5	24

*Batted for Casey in the eighth inning.

Two-base hits—Chase, (2,) Hartzell, Cree, Fisher, Cobb. Sacrifice hits—Gardner, Sweeney. Stolen base—Hartzell. First base on errors—New York, 1. Left on bases—New York, 10; Detroit, 5. Double plays—Knight and Chase, Shaller and O'Leary. Struck out—By Fisher, 5; by Mullin, 2. Bases on balls—Off Fisher, 2; off Mullin, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Mullin, 1, (Wolter.) Wild pitch—Mullin. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Connolly. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

The ferocious Detroit Tigers became as mild as pussy cats on the Hilltop yesterday, and again lost to the Yankees, being branded with the zero end of a 5-to-0 score. It was Ray Fisher's classic pitching that baffled the runaways and stripped them of all their snarls and growls. Fisher gave them five hits, scattered through as many innings. In the other four stanzas he held them hitless. Jennings sent the veteran, George Mullin, to the mound to get the Yankees out of the path, and Chase's team developed a batting streak that splintered every curve that Mullin had.

Fisher had the Detroit cannonaders at his mercy from the start. Ty Cobb got two of the raps and Jim Delehanty two others, the fifth being a bunt by Shaller. Cobb was the only Tiger who threatened to score, and in the ninth inning he clipped a hit to centre field which would ordinarily have been a single, but by his reckless base running he stretched it into a double and went to third after Crawford's long fly to centre field. Fisher fanned Cobb in the fourth inning, and the crowd of 12,000 persons made much noise about it. Striking out Cobb going at his present rate of speed is a work of art in itself. Cobb is the one man in the league who knows no traffic ordinances or speed regulations.

The Yankees went at Detroit in slambang fashion and forced the attack all the time. It required so much attention and energy fighting off the Yankees' aggressiveness that the Tigers' progressive manner of smashing into things was lacking. Fisher fanned five of them and gave only two bases on balls. Behind the young pitcher the New Yorks contributed encouraging support, and the team had all the earmarks of a tip-top ball nine. Chase found his batting eye again and ripped out two doubles, while Fisher aided the Detroit demoralization with a commendable batting talent, as well as his sterling pitching. Hartzell and Cree also brandished the ash with wholesome effect.

Attorney Hugh Jennings did not present a very strong case. His arguments yesterday didn't hit the nail on the head, and although he exhausted much oratorical ammunition, there was never a time in the trial when the jury leaned toward a decision for him. One thing that Jennings did was to scatter smiles and good cheer about, even in the face of defeat. He's as good a loser as he is a winner, Hughey is.

Mullin was tottering under the spirited assault in the first inning. Daniels burned a grounder through short that scorched Bush's hands. Owney got Wolter's grounder and tossed him out at first. Hartzell drove a double to left field and Daniels scored. Cree followed the good example and smashed a two-bagger between centre and left, scoring Hartzell. Mullin got his bearings then, and Knight and Chase were easy outs.

The Yankees were spunky in every inning, ad got into the run getting again in the fifth inning. With one out, Wolter singled to centre, and went to second on Mullin's wild pitch, scoring on Hartzell's second hit. Cree walked, and Knight banged a high fly almost to the scoreboard. It looked as if Shaller didn't have a chance to cash the rocket, so Hartzell raced around and was nearly at the plate when the Detroit fielder made a gorgeous catch. He hurled the ball back to second base and doubled up on Hartzell.

The eighth inning was one of pains and aches for Mullin. Knight started the session with a lively jolt to centre field. Stanage, who had succeeded Casey behind the bat, saw Knight with a generous lead off first base, and pegged the ball in that direction to catch him. Stanage's heave was yards too wide, and the ball rolled to the stands, Knight going to third.

Chase ripped off a double, scoring Knight. Gardner sacrificed Hall to third, and the Yankee leader traveled home on a squeeze play, Sweeney sacrificing himself at first in the good cause. Fisher then tore off a double to right, and Daniels was same on Bush's fumble of a ground ball. Wolter was hit by a pitched ball and the bases were filled. Hartzell forced Wolter at second, O'Leary to Bush, for the third out.

Boston Wins in First Inning.

BOSTON, June 15.—Securing a lead of three runs in the first inning, Boston won a slow game from Cleveland to-day, 4 to 2. The hitting and fielding of Olsen and the fielding of Ball were the features. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	3	1	0	4	0
G'ner, 2b	3	1	0	2	1
Engle, lf	4	0	2	2	0
Lewis, cf	3	2	1	0	0
Yerkes, ss	4	0	1	1	4
Purtell, 3b	4	0	0	0	1
W'lliams, 1b	3	0	0	10	1
N'maker, c	1	0	1	3	0
Wood, p	2	0	0	1	2
Kleinow, c	1	0	0	4	0
Total	28	4	5	27	9

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Turner, 3b	3	0	2	1	3
Olsen, ss	4	0	3	3	7
J'kson, rf	4	0	0	2	0
Graney, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Stovall, 1b	4	0	1	11	1
B'm'h'm, cf	4	0	0	3	0
Ball, 2b	4	0	0	3	3
Eas'ly, c	3	0	1	3	0
Bl'ding, p	3	0	0	0	1
Total	32	2	6	24	15

Errors—Ball, Easterly.

Boston	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	.	—4
Cleveland	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Olsen, (2,) Easterly. Home run—Lewis. Stolen bases—Lewis, Jackson. Double play—Olsen and Stovall. Sacrifice fly—Graney. Left on bases—Boston, 5; Cleveland, 6. First base on balls—Off Wood, 2; off Blanding, 4. Hit by pitcher—Lewis by Blanding. Struck out—By Wood, 7. Time of game—One hour and fifty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Mullin and Evans.

Senators Win Hard Hitting Game.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Washington defeated St. Louis to-day in a hard-hitting game, 8 to 7. Both Powell and Hughes were driven from the rubber through the fusillade of hits. A home run by Milan featured the contest. Score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf	3	1	2	4	0
Sch'fer, 1b	1	2	1	10	1
Walker, lf	4	2	3	1	0
Elb'f'd, 2b	3	0	0	4	4
Gessler, rf	4	0	1	3	0
M'B'de, ss	4	0	2	1	1
Conroy, 3b	3	1	0	0	3
A'smith, c	4	1	1	4	2
Hughes, p	3	1	1	0	3
Groom, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	29	8	11	27	14

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Slotten, cf	5	0	2	1	0
Austin, 3b	5	0	2	5	0
Meloan, rf	5	0	1	1	0
Laporte, 2b	5	2	2	2	3
Hogan, lf	3	1	2	0	0
Clarke, c	4	2	3	4	4
Hal'nan, ss	4	1	1	1	4
Rowan, 1b	5	1	1	10	1
Powell, p	3	0	1	0	5
Ham'ton, p	0	0	0	0	0
*Criss	1	0	0	0	0
Total	40	7	15	24	17

*Batted for Powell in eighth inning.

Errors—McBride, Shotten.

Washington	2	3	0	0	2	1	0	0	.	—8
St. Louis	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	.	—7

Two-base hits—Walker, Laporte, Hogan. Three-base hit—Austin. Home run—Milan. Hits—Off Powell, 11 in seven innings; off Hughes, 14 in eight and one-third innings; off Groom, 1 in two-thirds of an inning. Sacrifice fly—Milan. Sacrifice hits—Hallinan, Elberfeld, Hughes, Schaefer. Stolen bases—Milan, Schaefer, Gessler. Double play—Powell, Hallinan, and Rowan. Left on bases—Washington, 5; St. Louis, 9. Bases on balls—Off Hughes, 3; off Powell, 4. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1. Struck out—By Hughes, 2; by Groom, 1; by Powell, 1. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Sheridan.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Montreal.

										R.	H.	E.
Montreal	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	.	—5	10	1
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1	3	3

Batteries—Merritt and Killifer; Burke and Roth. Umpires—Messrs. Pender and Wright.

At Rochester.

										R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	1	0	1	2	0	1	1	.	—6	12	1
Toronto	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3	5	2

Batteries—Lush and Phelps; Hughes and Jacklitsch. Umpires—Messrs. Kelly and Kerin.

At Baltimore.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	.	—1	4	2
Providence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	3	3

Batteries—Maroney and Rondeau; Atkins and Egan. Umpires—Messrs. Murray and Rudderham.

Rain Stops Yale-Crescent Game.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 15.—Yale and Crescent Athletic Club of Brooklyn attempted to play a game of baseball here to-day, but a rainstorm caused the game to be called in the second half of the fourth inning, with the score standing: Crescent, 2; Yale, 0.

Baseball To-day. 4 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Detroit. Amer. League Park. Adm. 50c.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 5; Detroit, 0.
Boston, 4; Cleveland, 2.
Chicago at Philadelphia—Rain.
Washington, 8; St. Louis, 7.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 3; St. Louis, 0.
Brooklyn, 1; Cincinnati, 0.
Philadelphia, 1; Chicago, 0.
Boston, 8; Pittsburg, 7.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Newark at Jersey City—Rain.
Rochester, 6; Toronto, 3.
Baltimore, 1; Providence, 0.
Montreal, 5; Buffalo, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	37	17	.685	Chicago	24	21	.533
Philadelphia	32	17	.653	Cleveland	20	34	.370
Boston	28	22	.560	Washington	19	33	.365
New York	27	22	.551	St. Louis	16	37	.302

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	33	19	.635	St. Louis	27	24	.529
Chicago	32	19	.628	Cincinnati	24	29	.453
Philadelphia	32	21	.604	Brooklyn	19	33	.365
Pittsburg	29	23	.558	Boston	18	41	.241

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	35	14	.714	Montreal	23	23	.500
Baltimore	30	20	.600	Jersey City	19	25	.432
Toronto	27	23	.540	Providence	17	33	.340
Buffalo	23	21	.523	Newark	16	31	.341

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit at New York—4 P. M.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Washington.
Cleveland at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Boston at Pittsburg.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Newark at Jersey City.
Providence at Baltimore.
Toronto at Rochester.
Buffalo at Montreal.

GIANTS' LONG HITS DEFEAT CARDINALS

Crandall Holds St. Louis Safe, but Sallee Weakens in the Seventh Inning.

THE SCORE.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	—3
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Devore, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Doyle, 2b	4	0	0	2	1	0
Snodgrass, cf	3	1	1	1	0	0
Murray, rf	4	1	2	3	0	0
Merkle, 1b	2	1	1	10	0	0
Bridwell, ss	3	0	0	2	7	0
Devlin, 3b	3	0	1	0	1	0
Meyers, c	3	0	2	7	2	0
Crandall, p	3	0	0	0	4	0
*Wilson	1	0	0	0	0	0
Becker, lf	0	0	0	1	0	0
Total	29	3	7	27	15	0

*Batted for Devore in eighth inning.

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Huggins, 2b	3	0	1	7	3	0
Smith, ss	4	0	1	0	4	0
Ellis, lf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Konetchy, 1b	4	0	0	10	0	0
Evans, rf	4	0	1	3	1	0
Mowrey, 3b	4	0	0	2	3	0
Oakes, cf	3	0	2	1	0	0
Bresnahan, c	1	0	0	3	1	0
Sallee, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Total	30	0	5	27	14	0

Two-base hit—Merkle. Three-base hits—Oakes, Murray, Devlin. Sacrifice hit—Bridwell. Double plays—Smith, Huggins, and Konetchy; Evans and Konetchy. Stolen bases—Oakes, Devore. Hit by pitched ball—By Crandall, (Bresnahan.) Bases on balls—Off Sallee, 3; off Crandall, 3. Struck out—By Sallee, 3; by Crandall, 5. Left on bases—New York, 3; St. Louis, 7. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran. Time of game—One hour and thirty-seven minutes.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 15.—The Giants won the first game of the series with the Cardinals at League Park to-day, by a score of 3 to 0. Eight thousand witnessed the battle. Harry Sallee, the star southpaw, pitched for St. Louis, and had the Giants eating out of his hand for six innings. But they plugged "Sal" hard in the seventh, a base on balls, two triples and a double, and a sacrifice netting New York three runs.

There was no action in the run-getting line before or after the seventh on either side. St. Louis lost a chance in the last half of the seventh when Sallee struck out with three men on. Bresnahan had just reached first, having been hit by a pitched ball. He signalled for McIver to bat in place of Sallee, then changed his mind and told the pitcher to try his luck. "Sal" fanned and the big chance was gone.

Crandall let the "Cards" down with five hits. The Giants carved "Sal's" curves for seven safeties. A ripping three-bagger by Murray, and the scratchiest two-bagger ever recorded in the history of baseball at League Park by Merkle, put "Sal" on the downward path. Murray's triple scored Snodgrass, who had walked. Merkle's dinky double over Koney's head tallied Murray, and Arthur Devlin's three-bagger to right centre sent Merkle over with the Giants' third run. The other four hits credited to New York were singles, which were scattered over as many innings. Both teams played errorless ball, the Giants according Crandall brilliant support. Three double plays cut a tremendous figure in keeping the New York score down. The game was run off in a hurry, the players were on their toes all the way, and the play was full of spice from start to finish.

McGraw's men played fine ball in the third, when Rebel Oakes was nipped at the plate on an attempted double-steal. Oakes got on by cracking a single to third. Huggins walked and bluffed Meyers into throwing to second. Oakes headed for home. It took a perfect throw to Bridwell and a perfect relay of the ball to the plate to get Oakes, who hit the dirt for a great ten-foot slide. The play was close, but the umpire gave New York the benefit of the doubt. The decision checked a rally that saved Crandall, who was shaky at the time.

Fortune also smiled on the Giants in the fifth. Two men were gone when Oakes tripled and Bresnahan walked. Sallee hit the first ball and whipped it over second base. It was the hit-and-run play, and Bridwell was rushing to cover the bag and landed right in front of the ball.

The only thing that looked like a hit in the first two innings was Murray's rap to left in the second round. Merkle followed with a stinger over short. Wallace Smith, who was subbing for Hauser at short, speared the ball, shot it to second ahead of Murray, and Huggins's relay got Merkle for a double at first.

Crandall's work was pleasing to McGraw. Save for two innings he was in no great danger, and he seems ripe for his turn in the box. McGraw's left-handed batters were helpless before Sallee, and the men from Manhattan had to depend upon the right-handed hitters to save the day. Murray's triple, that started the victory, was a major league crash against the wall. Devlin and Meyers also hit the Cardinal southpaw very hard.

BROOKLYN BLANKS REDS.

Rucker Outpoints Suggs in Pitchers' Battle in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 15.—Rucker had the better of Suggs in a pitchers' battle to-day, and Brooklyn won, 1 to 0. Brooklyn made its run on a single, a sacrifice, and an error. Score:

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Tooley, ss	4	0	0	6	2	0
Daub't, 1b	4	0	1	11	1	0
Wheat, lf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Hummel, 2b	4	0	2	0	3	0
Burch, cf	4	1	2	1	0	0
Coulson, rf	3	0	1	2	0	0
Z'm'n'n, 3b	2	0	0	1	2	0
Bergen, c	2	0	1	6	0	0
Rucker, p	2	0	0	0	4	0
Total	29	1	7	27	12	0

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Bescher, lf	3	0	1	3	0	0
Egan, 2b	3	0	0	2	1	0
Bates, cf	2	0	2	4	0	0
Beck, 1b	3	0	0	8	1	0
Downey, 1b	1	0	0	1	0	0
Mitchell, rf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Esmond, ss	3	0	1	1	4	0
Grant, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	0
McLean, p	3	0	1	5	4	0
Clarke, c	1	0	0	0	0	0
Suggs, p	3	0	0	1	3	0
*Altizer	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	29	0	5	27	14	0

*Ran for McLean in seventh inning.

Errors—Tooley, Burch, Egan, (2.)

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Left on bases—Brooklyn, 5; Cincinnati, 5. Two-base hits—Coulson, Hummel. Sacrifice hits—Coulson, Bergen, Rucker, Grant. Stolen base—Mitchell. Double plays—McLean and Esmond; Tooley and Daubert. Struck out—By Suggs, 2; by Rucker, 5. Bases on balls—Off Suggs, 1; off Rucker, 4. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and O'Day.

Pirates Blow Up in Eighth.

PITTSBURG, Penn., June 15.—Boston to-day defeated Pittsburg by scoring five runs in the eighth inning. The local team apparently had the game high and dry before that period. Adams relieved Hendrix in the middle of the inning, and Boston scored four times while he was on the rubber. Score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sw'ney, 2b	3	2	2	2	1
Tenney, 1b	4	2	2	6	0
Herzog, ss	3	2	1	4	2
R. Miller, cf	4	1	1	4	1
Ing'ton, lf	2	0	0	2	0
Kling, c	4	0	0	5	1
Flah'ty, rf	4	0	0	2	2
Young, 3b	2	0	0	1	1
Spratt, 3b	2	0	1	1	0
Weaver, p	4	1	1	0	1
Brown, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	42	8	8	27	9

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, cf	5	1	2	2	0
Clarke, lf	3	2	0	1	0
Byrne, 3b	4	2	2	0	1
Wagner, ss	5	0	1	4	3
J. Miller, 2b	5	0	0	0	0
Flynn, 1b	4	0	2	10	2
Wilson, rf	3	1	1	3	1
Gibson, c	2	1	0	4	1
†Simon	1	0	0	0	0
Hendrix, p	3	0	0	2	3
Adams, p	0	0	0	0	0
†McK'nie	0	0	0	0	0
Steele, p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	35	7	8	27	11

†Batted for Gibson in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Adams in eighth inning.
Errors—Wilson, Kling, Young, (2.)

Boston	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	—8
Pittsburg	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	1	—7

Two-base hits—Carey, Wagner, Spratt. Three-base hits—Tenney, R. Miller. Sacrifice hit—Ingerton. Sacrifice fly—Ingerton. Stolen bases—Byrne, (3,) Sweeney, Herzog. First base on balls—Off Hendrix, 1; off Weaver, 9. Struck out—By Hendrix, 2; by Steele, 1; by Weaver, 3. Wild pitch—Weaver. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 9; Boston, 1. First base on errors—Pittsburg, 1; Boston, 1. Hits—Off Hendrix, 7 in 7 1-3 innings; off Adams, 1 in 2-3 inning; off Steele, none in 1 inning; off Weaver, 8 in 8 2-3 innings; off Brown, none in 1-3 inning. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Johnstone.

Cubs Drop Out of Lead Again.

CHICAGO, June 15.—Philadelphia shut out Chicago 1 to 0 to-day and put the locals out of the lead in the pennant race. The game was a pitchers' battle between Brown and Burns, in which two singles and a sacrifice resulted in the only run of the game. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Knabe, 2b	4	0	1	0	3
Pask't, cf	3	1	1	2	0
Lobert, 3b	3	0	1	2	2
Magee, lf	3	0	1	1	0
Lud'us, 1b	4	0	0	14	0
Walsh, rf	4	0	0	2	0
Dcolan, ss	4	0	1	2	3
Dooin, c	4	0	0	3	1
Burns, p	3	0	0	1	5
Total	32	1	7	27	14

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sh'kard, lf	3	0	0	4	0
Schulte, rf	4	0	0	1	0
Hofman, 1b	3	0	0	12	1
Z'm'n'n, 2b	4	0	1	3	6
Doyle, 3b	3	0	1	1	2
Shean, ss	3	0	1	0	4
Goode, cf	3	0	0	1	0
Archer, p	3	0	0	5	1
Brown, p	3	0	0	1	0
Total	29	0	4	27	15

Error—Shean.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Doolan, (2,) Doyle, Brown, Doolan. Sacrifice hits—Lobert, Doyle, Paskert. Stolen base—Lobert. Double plays—Shean, Zimmerman, and Hofman; Burns and Luderus. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Philadelphia, 7. First base on balls—Off Brown, 1; off Burns, 2. Struck out—By Brown, 4; by Burns, 3. Time of game—One hour and thirty-four minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie.

BASEBALL NEWS IN BRIEF.

Infielder Roach was released yesterday by the New York American Club to the Jersey City Club.

Catcher Lou Criger of the Milwaukee American Association baseball team was unconditionally released yesterday.

John Kling, former Chicago catcher, has been appointed Captain of the Boston National League team by President Russell and Manager Fred Tenny.

Patrick Bauman, second baseman of the New Bedford Club in the New England League, has been sold to the Detroit Americans and will join that club in the Fall. The New Bedford Club gets $2,500 and First Baseman Ness of Detroit.

It is reported that the Pittsburg Club has purchased John Shovelin, shortstop of the Erie, Penn., team of the Pennsylvania and Ohio League for $2,500. The new player, it is said, will report for duty within a few days.

Pitcher Peter Wilson of the Troy State League team has been sold to the Hartford team of the Connecticut League. Wilson started his baseball career with Hartford, and was later drafted by the New York Americans. Later he went to Montreal, and was purchased by the Troy club.

Harry Jones of Holland Patent, N. Y., was elected Captain of the Colgate University baseball team for 1912 at a meeting held yesterday afternoon. John Sindbinger was elected manager. Ernest Baker of Poughkeepsie and Robert Ingraham of Binghamton were elected Captain and manager, respectively, of the track team for next season.

Outfielder Jones of the Portsmouth, Ohio, baseball team has been purchased by the Boston Nationals.

Tri-State League.

At Altoona—Johnstown, 6; Altoona, 3.
At Trenton—Wilmington, 11; Trenton, 9.
At York—Harrisburg, 3; York, 1; (13 innings.)
Reading at Lancaster—Rain.

New England League.

At Brockton—Brockton, 8; Haverhill, 2.
At Lowell—Lowell, 4; Fall River, 1.
At Lawrence—Lawrence, 9; New Bedford, 8.
At Lynn—Lynn, 4; Worcester, 3; (11 innings.)

Connecticut League.

At Waterbury—Waterbury, 4; Northampton, 2.
At New Britain—Holyoke, 9; New Britain, 0.
At Hartford—Bridgeport, 5; Hartford, 1.
At Springfield—Springfield, 5; New Haven, 4.

American Association.

At Milwaukee—Louisville, 5; Milwaukee, 2.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 10; Indianapolis, 3.
At Kansas City—Columbus, 13; Kansas City, 11.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 1; Toledo, 0; (16 innings.)

South Atlantic League.

At Albany—Albany, 7; Savannah, 3.
At Columbus—Columbus, 9; Columbia, 6.
At Jacksonville—Charleston, 10; Jacksonville, 2.
At Macon—Augusta, 9; Macon, 6.

Southern League.

At Birmingham—First Game—Birmingham, 4; Atlanta, 0. Second Game—Birmingham, 5; Atlanta, 4.
At New Orleans—Nashville, 3; New Orleans, 2.
At Montgomery—Chattanooga, 15; Montgomery, 4.
At Mobile—Mobile, 4; Memphis, 3.

MONTCLAIR GOLFER LEADS IN HOME PLAY

Oscar Woodward Qualifies for First Sixteen with a Score of 76 Strokes.

An evenly balanced field of amateurs competed for places in four sixteens in the qualification round of the annual invitation golf tournament at the Montclair Golf Club yesterday. Oscar Woodward of the home club won the medal with a round of 76, a stroke better than the score of F. W. Dyer, the Montclair schoolboy, and H. D. Smith, one of the Glen Ridge regulars.

With a view to giving everyone an equal chance, the committee repeated its experiment of a year ago of classifying the contestants. In other words, they were started in divisions according to their handicaps, but qualified on their gross scores the same as in any other tournament. It was then "up to" the player to make the division in which he had been placed. If he scored better than expected he could, of course, go up, but under no circumstances could he go lower. Furthermore, where a golfer failed to make his allotted sixteen, he forced himself out of the regular tournament, though provision had been made for those in the form of the "down-and-out" competition. Golfers in this class will fight it out at handicap match play.

Although the tournament cannot be said to bristle with class, yet there is no lack of strength. B. T. Allen of Fox Hills, the Staten Island champion, did not think he was playing well, but even so he finished among the leaders with a 79. E. M. Wild and M. R. Marston, Cranford's best golfers, both had 78.

So fast was the pace that a tie at 83 resulted for the last four places in the first sixteen. Five had that score—W. B. Langford of Columbia, C. P. Eddy of Princeton, Mortimer M. Singer of the home club; W. B. Bremner, another Montclair man, and E. Quincy of the Essex County Country Club. It required two extra holes before Quincy was compelled to drop out.

As might be expected, there were instances where the players failed to travel according to past performances. Several who were started as second and third sixteen men played sufficiently well to qualify in the first set. Young Dyer was one of those to move up, and so was Langford. Match play will be in order to-day, and in addition to the four regular sixteens and the down-and-out set there will also be beaten eights in the various flights.

The scores follow:

First Sixteen.—Oscar Woodward, Montclair, 76; H. D. Smith, Glen Ridge, 77; F. W. Dyer, Montclair, 77; E. M. Wild, Cranford, 78; M. R. Marston, Cranford, 78; B. T. Allen, Fox Hills, 79; H. C. Richards, St. Andrew's, 80; C. E. Van Vleck, Jr., Montclair, 80; T. T. Reid, Montclair, 80; J. Hodgson, Jr., Montclair, 80; J. F. Davidson, Chevy Chase, 81; A. R. Allen, Montclair, 82; W. B. Bremner, Montclair, 83; M. M. Singer, Montclair, 83; C. P. Eddy, Ridgewood, 83; W. B. Langford, Columbia, 83.

Second Sixteen.—E. Quincy, Essex County, 83; C. R. Gillett, Wykagyl, 84; Jerome A. Paul, Hackensack, 84; C. S. Kellogg, Montclair, 85; W. E. F. Moore, Canoe Brook, 85; H. M. Robinson, Montclair, 85; H. T. Nalor, Glen Rid

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Brooklyn.....343 Fulton Street
Jersey City.....415 Fuller Building
Newark.....794 Broad Street
WASHINGTON.....Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO.....122 South Michigan Boulevard
LONDON.....67 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS.....34 rue du Sentier
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere, Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—by Mail, Postage Paid.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month	0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year	8.50
DAILY, per Week	0.12
DAILY, per Month	0.50
DAILY, per Year	6.00
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section and Review of Books, per Year	2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50).	1.00
TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50)	1.00

To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $1.95 per month. Daily, $1.35 per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1911.

Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them in any part of the Country at the rate of 75c. per month. Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers or directly to the Publication Office.

TAMMANY GRIP ON ELECTIONS.

The bill to amend the election laws which has made its way in Albany under the guidance of Mr. LEVY in the Assembly and Mr. WAGNER in the Senate and with the reported support of Mr. MURPHY, ought to be killed by the up-State Democrats with the aid of all others who do not wish to see the grip of Tammany fastened on the elections throughout the State. It is a bad bill; indeed, it is so bad that it is open to the suspicion of being introduced as a club with which to enforce other measures rather than with the intention to pass it.

First, it extends the powers of the State Superintendent of Elections, which at present are limited to the City of New York and to Westchester County, to the entire State. He would have the practically unrestricted power to appoint deputies all over the State. The condition that the deputies appointed for five days must be taken from the two regular parties would only increase Tammany's facilities for making deals with the Republicans of its own sort, and would make anything like independent political action difficult to the point of impossibility. Should the bill pass, there is little hope that Tammany would not get the State Superintendent as long as the present Governor is in office. Tammany rule would thus be immensely strengthened.

Second, the bill undertakes to put an end to all combined efforts to defeat or restrain Tammany. It declares that the name of no candidate shall appear in more than one place on the ballot. The effect and intention of this would be to make fusion against Tammany hopeless. We are at present in the City of New York enjoying a City Government which, thanks to the election to the Board of Estimate of three Borough Presidents, a President of the Board of Aldermen, and a Controller, on fusion tickets, is by far the best that we have had in many years. If these officers had all been Tammany men, even Mayor GAYNOR would have been unable to do much in the way of good government. As it is, the administration is better than he could possibly make it, probably better than he would have been inclined on his own motion to make it. The passage of the Levy bill is intended to destroy absolutely all chances for another such achievement at the end of Mayor GAYNOR'S term.

There are other crying faults in the bill. They are all, however, of the same general character and are meant to put more power in the hands of Tammany and its agents. We think the bill can be defeated. If the up-State Democrats will defend their own interests and assert their independence of Tammany dictation, and if the Republicans will stand by them, the bill cannot pass. If it does pass it will be because there is not courage and decency enough in the Legislature to use the means at hand to kill it.

BREAD.

That good-natured, paunched individual, called Bread, in the dramatis personae of "The Blue Bird," typifies fairly well the "trust" which is combining the chief breadmaking establishments of American cities. Here, if anywhere, is to be found a "good trust." It will restrict competition—the competition of the cellar bakeshops, wherein Commissioner FOSDICK found conditions of uncleanliness and disease. An Inspector discovered recently, in one of Boston's bakeries, a mother and child asleep in the bread mixer; in all the congested districts of cities the loaves in the underground bakeshops have been found commonly exposed to marauding vermin and to the foul conditions that pertain to the "boarding-in" system. The "trust" erects modern, well-lighted and ventilated baking establishments of spotless cleanliness; it wraps its loaves in the bakeshop before they are handled; it invests in special wagons and impervious baskets. And it competes with other large and well-organized baking companies.

But the Bread Trust is going to restrict the business of the housewife. Seven-tenths of all the bread made in the country is still baked in housewives' kitchens, not because of the cost of "boughten" bread, but because confidence is lacking in its quality and cleanliness. The "trust" employs high-salaried chemists who know, better than any housewife can find out, the breadmaking qualities of a brand of flour. They can produce the thin and brittle crust, the medium color, the porous crumb, because they know with precision how the elements of gluten and of starch should be proportioned, how the yeast should ferment the sponge, and at what temperatures the ovens should be heated. They will produce a finer loaf. The kind of loaf, not its size or price, is the consumer's first concern. But if the Bread Trust would prosper its prices must compete with those of its rivals, the chief of whom can still use the domestic breadboard and baking range.

THE STILWELL BILL.

In spite of the earnest demand for public hearings on Mr. STILWELL'S latest bill to permit, if not to compel, the erection of the new law courts in City Hall Park, it was rushed through the Senate yesterday, and it may be "railroaded" in the Assembly. It is a bad bill, as THE TIMES has already pointed out more than once. It is designed to hamper the powers of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, in the matter of selecting a site for the new Court House, and to limit the authority of the existing Court House Board.

It also provides that, if another site is not selected within four months, and approved by the Board of Estimate, the building for the courts must be erected in City Hall Park. Unless the purpose of the bill is to force the selection of City Hall Park as the site for the law courts, it has no purpose at all. The Board of Estimate cannot be expected to approve of an inappropriate site. The Stilwell bill is tricky legislation, and it should be suppressed.

AT WHOSE COST AND RISK?

Before the rapid transit contracts are signed more sober consideration might well be given to the point as to where the burden would fall in case of misadventure. At the moment the passengers who are eager to pay their nickels have no idea that anything more than their nickels can be asked from them under any contingency. But they are taxpayers as well as farepayers, and they should consider that what they gain on the one hand they may lose on the other hand. The tax valuations were raised the larger part of a billion dollars in order to supply the borrowing capacity necessary to enable the city to make these contracts. It is worth while considering, while there is time, how the city would fare in case all did not work out as expected.

It may be assumed that the city's associates in the expenditure of this $257,000,000—a larger sum than was ever expended for the account of any city for any single object in the world's history—are capable and responsible. But they recognize that they are not infallible, and have set an example that the city has not imitated in safeguarding the future. They plead that if they are advanced the $126,000,000 which is to be their contribution, they must have priority for the securities which they must issue. And it is admitted that otherwise the bankers and investors to whom they must apply would not finance the operation. For the balance of $131,000,000 the city is to issue its bonds. That is, the city is to supply the margin for an operation otherwise impracticable. The city's contract liability may be the figures named above, but it is in the position of any other second mortgagee, and must be prepared to take care of the prior lien. Admittedly this extra burden is a remote contingency, but not too remote to be considered by any cautious investor asked to finance the proposition which substantial railways could not. It does not follow that because the proposed bonds are within the debt limit therefore they can sell on the level with the city's earlier obligations. The railways must pay more for their capital, and the city as the responsible party in the background stands to be held for this burden on the bargain, as well as for its own interest charge at a higher rate. For the city has had it impressed upon it recently that it was not exempt from considerations affecting all applicants for capital.

It is not argued that the bargain should not be struck, and it is not suggested that the city's negotiators are not proceeding with due caution. A plea is made merely for caution in the assumption of an obligation for $250,000,000 additional to a debt now none too small. The need of caution is emphasized by the contrast between this contract and the previous one. Contract Number One, by which we got our present Subway and under which there was a proposition to make substantial additions to its present route, was considered such an improvident arrangement, it will be remembered, that it was necessary to pass laws to prevent its repetition. Yet under that contract the city had a first lien on the property, and the obligation of a responsible bidder under bond, besides the pledge of his investment. Naturally there was no risk about that adventure, and no doubt that those bonds were suitable for exemption from the debt limit. The real basis for the solidity of the present enterprise is the argument that in a decade there will be 1,000,000,000 more nickels paid for city rides. We are all sure of this, and no doubt of it is suggested.

The bearing of these considerations lies in their application to the contingency of neither bidder accepting the offered contract. In that case it is said that there would be a reversion to the Triborough plan. The idea is enough almost to reconcile the judgment to worse contingencies that those considered above. It is forgotten so soon that nobody would take the Triborough when it was offered to anybody who would operate it. It seems to be forgotten already that it was planned so that there could be no through interborough riding, and no access to the west side. It is a later demonstration that Broadway is the one route which the city needs above all others. The Triborough is unthinkable, or ought to be. But Contract Number One has certain practical allurements despite its condemnation by those who build subways in their minds rather than with investors' money. Of course taxpayers' money can build anything, but that is not a conclusive reason why it should build anything which could not be built on ordinary financial considerations. In short the building of subways is a financial operation and ought to be subject to ordinary financial considerations, one of which is not simply response to popular demand.

MR. STEWART'S GOOD EXAMPLE.

Mr. LISPENARD STEWART has set an example which many men of larger wealth than his would do well to follow. The money he is giving now to various institutions is clearly all his own. His heirs-at-law have no possible claim upon it. The most cleverly contrived will may be broken. The rich man who keeps all his money for his own use, and bequeaths some of it to build hospitals or libraries after his death, does so at the risk of having his good intentions defeated through the interference of clever lawyers.

Moreover, he misses the pleasure of giving. The enjoyment he may derive from his knowledge of the provisions drawn up on a few sheets of legal cap reposing in a steel box is as nothing to this. Post-mortem benevolence, to be sure, has done much to lessen the sorrows of the world and increase its enlightenment, but to give while one possesses, and has the power to give, is a better way. Mr. STEWART is still in the prime of his life, and though he cannot hope to rival Mr. CARNEGIE as a dispenser of funds for the good of his fellow-men, he has bravely set a splendid example which, we trust, others will follow.

THIN ICE.

We wonder if Gov. WILSON of New Jersey has definite ideas behind the sounding phrases he used last evening to the Democratic clubs in Harrisburg. If he has, we should like to see them clearly stated; if he has not, we fear that he is encouraging some tendencies in the public mind that are distinctly risky. Here is one passage from the report of his speech:

> The plain fact is that the control of credit is dangerously concentrated in this country. The money resources of the country are not at the command of those who do not submit to the direction and domination of small groups of capitalists who wish to keep the economic development of the country under their own eye and guidance. The great monopoly in this country is the money monopoly. So long as that exists our old variety and freedom and individual energy of development are out of the question.

We should like much to know precisely what Gov. WILSON means by "the money monopoly." If he means a monopoly of the various forms of currency, where does it exist, how is it acquired, how is it exerted, and what are the evils attending it? The only serious trouble we have had with monopolizing or locking up of currency has been in times of panic, when every frightened man with a pocketbook or a safe deposit box has engaged in this most disturbing and senseless business. Our currency is in a bad condition. Of that there is no doubt, but it does not suffer from the facility of monopoly. It is often piled up in the centres when it ought not to be, and there is infinite bother in getting it where it is really most needed, but the big bankers of the centres do not like this any better than the rest of us. Apparently, however, Mr. WILSON has another notion of the money monopoly. He says:

> A great industrial nation is controlled by its system of credit. Our system of credit is concentrated. The growth of the Nation, therefore, and all our activities are in the hands of a few men who, even if their action be honest and intended for the public interest, are necessarily concentrated upon the great undertakings in which their own money is involved and who necessarily, by every reason of their own limitations, chill and check and destroy genuine economic freedom. This is the greatest question of all, and to this statesmen must address themselves with an earnest determination to serve the long future and the true liberties of men.

This is a very earnest but somewhat vague expression of a sentiment that prevails to a considerable extent in the country. One effect of this sentiment has been to make it extremely difficult to reform the currency and to organize a system of bank issues that would correspond to the real needs of commerce, because such a reform involves a certain form and degree of central organization, and the mere name of "concentration" scares those who do not know how proper concentration works. This sentiment underlay the popular movement toward greenbackism and free silver, which were so stubborn and so terribly, so pitifully costly. We do not wish to believe that Mr. WILSON is the victim of this sentiment in its cruder forms. But in the manner in which he expresses himself many unthinking people will imagine that he is, and will accept him as a leader in the dangerous politics this sentiment inspires. It would be a misfortune for the country if so able a man as he should give encouragement to a spirit that must breed infinite confusion, error, and suffering. And, frankly, it would be disastrous to him as well.

THE RECURRENCE OF CASTRO.

CIPRIANO CASTRO again has the world by the ears. Venezuela's enjoyment of its centennial celebration is to be marred, it seems, by the general fear that CASTRO is about to pounce upon the republic, and convert its finances once more to his own uses. CASTRO is on a ship called Consul Grostuck, and was recently heard of from Port de Paix. The State Department at Washington and France, Great Britain, Holland, and Germany are all determined that he shall not be permitted to return to Venezuela. But CASTRO, in the past, has found ways to outwit Governments.

As a matter of fact, however, CASTRO and CASTRO'S pretensions could be viewed humorously, if it were not for the persistent rumors that an expedition in his behalf had been fitted out, armed, and provisioned with American money. As long as American citizens are willing and able to defy neutrality laws for the sake of "concessions" in South and Central American countries, the relations of the United States with Latin America will remain in an unsettled condition. The story of the outfitting of an armed Castro party at New Orleans may not be true. But it is firmly believed by many persons in the Southern port who have been going about lately with open eyes and ears. Everybody remembers the Honduras expedition. The best way for our Government to suppress CASTRO, and all other disturbers of international peace, is to prohibit strictly the equipment of warlike expeditions against Latin-American Governments on our soil, and restrict the activity here of "soldiers of fortune." We have good reason to believe that the Administration is preparing to act forcibly in this matter.

THE RACING BILLS.

The restrictions against race-track gambling have incidentally spoiled the business of horse racing in this State. Horse racing must be supported by money, more money than supports other popular forms of sport like baseball. The charging of an admission fee as low as 50 cents would crowd the stands at a horse race, but it would not begin to support the expensive racing establishments. If an entrance fee of $3 were charged, the stands would not be crowded unless the bookmakers were there, and even then the race tracks would need the secret support of the poolrooms in order to be profitable. These considerations are uppermost in the minds of the supporters of the Gittins racing bills.

The bills would relieve the Directors of responsibility for organized gambling at the tracks and elsewhere. The bookmakers and representatives of the racing interests are at Albany, trying by every political device to force them through. They are bringing pressure to bear upon Senator WAGNER, who was elected to the Senate three years ago because his predecessor voted against the race-track reforms in violation of his pledge. If Senator WAGNER and his associates, ROOSEVELT of Dutchess, BAYNE of Richmond, and BURD of Erie, continue to stand out against the bills, the Democratic majority in the Senate will need the help of Republicans to pass them. If passed, they will be passed in defiance of public sentiment and contrary to the public interest. The public does not need a sport dependent upon poolrooms, which depend in turn upon their winnings from the poor.

Director HORNADAY will not stop to enjoy his latest triumph—the passage by the Legislature of his No-Sale-Of-Game bill. He is working hard to obtain the good offices of Congress in stopping the killing for a fifteen-year period of fur seals upon the Alaskan Islands.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Why Weather Forecasts Are Printed.

In a moment of irritation, due, possibly, to getting his new straw hat wet in one of the recent thunderstorms, a correspondent solemnly asks what justification the newspapers have for printing from day to day "the misleading prognostications of the Weather Bureau." The question could be dismissed as of such easy answering that to reply to it was unnecessary, but as a good many people share this inquirer's impatience with the fallibility of the official weather prophets, a little serious discussion of the subject seems to be in order.

The bureau's "indications" and "forecasts" are printed by this and other papers for many reasons, the two most important of them being, first, that it is of some value to everybody and of great value to many, to get any available information as to what the weather is likely to be, and, second, that not only is this information, as supplied by the Government through its scientifically trained observers, the very best there is, but it is practically all there is of any worth whatever. Nobody else has anything like the same facilities for finding out what the weather has been in all parts of the country, and that means that nobody else is as well qualified to express an opinion as to what the weather is going to be.

All the other prophets are either quacks or empirics, and whatever little reputation they may have with the benighted results from the fact that they confine themselves almost exclusively to long-distance prognostication. What they say is forgotten before the time for the vindication of their powers comes around. Therefore do they proclaim many a triumph that was really a failure, and the few that weren't were just blind luck. The bureau men, on the contrary, are put on trial to-day for what they said yesterday. Only too often their judges will not take the trouble to understand what an official forecast really means, will not keep in mind that always there goes with it the implication that "this is the best we can do, and you must take it for what it is worth," and will not make a fair balancing of hits and misses. As a rule the hits pass unnoticed, while every miss becomes a long-treasured grievance against the service.

Unfortunately, the thing that people most want the bureau to do—to forecast the weather exactly for very limited areas—is the thing it can do least well, and a good deal more than half of what are called its failures are, in fact, highly creditable successes.

Bad Spelling and the Child Mind.

Supt. MAXWELL'S speech at the annual dinner of the Simplified Spelling Board has been put in pamphlet form and sent all over the country—simplifiedly spelled, of course—and the board's members evidently think that it is going to advance their cause a lot. That's as may be, but the hopeful gentlemen should not get too excited over the gaining of another eminent ally, for from the beginning of their campaign they have had all the language experts on their side and yet have to win their first pitched battle with the opposing army.

Dr. MAXWELL began his address by saying that by training and temperament he was opposed to simplified spelling—that he disliked all the new forms and abominated some of them. This must have had a dismal sound for his hearers, but they had reason to brighten up when he proceeded to admit practically all they claimed as to the absurdity of our present spelling and cut down their assertions concerning its retarding effect on the education of children only from two years to one. He even went further than some of them do when he said:

> The loss of time, bad as it is, is not the only evil which results to our public schools on account of our unscientific spelling. The memoriter process renderd necessary in lerning to read and to spell produces disbelief in reasoning as a means of lerning and a lack of confidence in inference. The result of falling into ridiculous mistakes by depending upon reasoning or analogy in spelling, is to make the child timorous about reasoning in arithmetic, geografy, history, and grammar. The habit of depending upon memory exclusivly in spelling engenders the habit of depending on memory in every other study, and so retards progress in teaching children to think for themselvs.

Not all of that would be easy to prove. There is, indeed, more than excuse for gravely doubting whether any child ever questioned the rightness of any spelling or ever had his trust in reason, logic, or inference consciously weakened by our orthographic eccentricities. Children are not made that way and their minds do not work that way—or else the sad experience has left strangely few traces in the minds of some of us.

Secrecy Seems Obnoxious.

Nothing has yet appeared in the so-called "Day voucher puzzle" to indicate that the puzzle veils a real scandal—that anybody has stolen anything or used any money for improper purposes. Yet in many of its features the miserable little affair does more than hint at something, if not wrong, at least highly injudicious, in the methods of department bookkeeping and tends to increase the already general dislike for secrecy in the handling of public affairs and public funds.

Hardly anybody would go so far as to say that the Government, and especially the State Department, should never go about its work quietly, should never keep any details of its negotiations to itself, either for a while or permanently. It is generally admitted that to some officials it is well to intrust certain discretionary powers as to what and when they shall disclose concerning the steps by which announced results were reached. Nevertheless the tendency of the times is to make diplomacy, once as a matter of course wholly mysterious, more and more frank, and steadily to reduce the number of "state secrets."

We all want to hurry the change and every episode which shows it still incomplete troubles or irritates us. Above all things, bookkeeping, even though—particularly when—not open to general inspection, should be exact and veracious.

REV. DR. YOUNG EXPLAINS.

Misinterpretation of His Remarks About St. Paul and Games.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I find myself widely quoted as having said in my sermon last Sunday evening that St. Paul was a baseball fan or would have been had he been living to-day, or words to the effect. I have never made that statement or its equivalent. Such a statement would be absurd on the face of it and very improper from the lips of a Christian minister. I did say that St. Paul used illustrations from the ancient national games, and it was reasonable to infer that if he were living to-day he would use illustrations from the baseball games, and I implied that, if necessary, he might for preaching purposes attend a baseball game.

I distinctly avoided implying that he went to games for his own entertainment or that he would do so if here to-day. I took the position that inasmuch as he so often used the illustrations from the games without ever intimating any disapproval, we have some ground for believing that he did not in the main disapprove of them. I am not here undertaking to rehearse all I said in the sermon; but only the essence of what I said on the one subject of St. Paul's illustrations from athletics. The sermon itself was occupied almost entirely with the enforcement of the spiritual lessons suggested by St. Paul's sentence: "Every man that striveth for the mastery is temperate (Greek meaning 'governs himself') in all things."

S. EDWARD YOUNG.
Bedford Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, June 15, 1911.

Poisonous Sulphur Matches.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My attention has been called to the letter of John B. Andrews in your issue of to-day relative to phosphorus poisoning, and especially as concerning the death of a child in Trenton. This is only one of many deaths which are occurring almost daily from similar causes.

Mr. Andrews is no doubt correct in his idea that legislation alone will compel the match manufacturers of this country to make non-poisonous matches, and thus provide for public safety. The Esch bill, to which he refers, is, I believe, opposed by all except one of the match manufacturers in the United States, and this is the only concern which has been pushing the sale of a safe non-poisonous match.

The Diamond Match Company has canceled its patent on sesqui-sulphide of phosphorus, which is known to be a safe substitute for white phosphorus, yet the match manufacturers are vigorously pushing the sale of poisonous matches. JOHN KIDD.
New York, June 15, 1911.

The Doctors' Charges.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

That old question about the difference of doctors' fees to rich and poor, on which you comment editorially to-day, is satisfactorily justified, by the doctor at least, by assuming not that he charges the rich more, but the poor less. He considers that he has a maximum fee, which some can pay, and from which he makes deduction according to the circumstances of the patient. W. C. DEMING.
New York, June 14, 1911.

VIEWS ON THE SUBWAY PLAN.

Excerpts from Editorial Opinions of the New York Newspapers.

Here are the comments of the New York newspapers on the McAneny-Willcox rapid transit report:

From The Sun, June 15.

An ideal transportation system for New York would be a monopoly, employing subway, surface, and elevated railroads. This is unattainable. The Board of Estimate and the Rapid Transit Commission have been obliged to take into account existing railways. * * *

The proposed lines offer excellent promise of developing the outlying boroughs for residential uses, and the possibilities of extending the routes, or serving them with feeders, are obvious. Manhattan below Central Park has been treated as the centre of the city to which all will wish to come, and this seems a reasonable and logical assumption.

The financial conditions proposed by the committee appear to be at least as rigorous and far-sighted as is necessary. The benison of a five-cent fare to Coney Island is provided.

From The World, June 15.

The abandonment of the Triborough route last Fall in the attempt to bargain with the transit companies will probably cost in all a year's delay. The people have the right to demand that this delay shall not be prolonged one unnecessary day.

The best way to prevent waste of time is for the Board of Estimate unanimously to back up its committee, as the Public Service Commission does, in the demand that the companies shall at once decide and state whether they will accept the terms offered.

It should be understood that the city will stand pat upon the McAneny ultimatum; if either company refuses the bargain offered, so much of the mileage assigned to it as convenient should be awarded to its rival. If both refuse, the city should at once begin the construction of the Triborough route. * * *

The crowning value of the Triborough is that it will be when completed a five-borough system. It traverses the whole city. It brings competition into every borough. If it were constructed and independently operated, both the present monopolies would be compelled to improve and extend their lines or drop behind. The city could do much worse even after this delay than resume the halted building of the Triborough.

From The Tribune, June 15.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company and its Brooklyn rival have nothing to say for publication about the report of Mr. Willcox, Mr. McAneny, and their associates. This is a sign that they realize the seriousness of the situation. There is no longer any room for "bluffing." The future of both corporations depends upon their present decisions. * * *

The city will be in a strong position if it adopts the report. For the first time it will have a definite programme decided upon, and may no longer be trifled with, "bluffed," or fooled into making more favorable terms than need be.

From The Herald, June 14.

The report on subways submitted yesterday by the Conference Committee of the Board of Estimate and the Public Service Commission on the face of it pleases neither of the companies that have submitted bids for construction of the new routes. * * *

The committee, in brief, would reject the offers of both corporations and makes entirely new proposals which it wishes to be empowered to negotiate on behalf of the city. With the view of bringing pressure upon both corporations it is suggested that if either one declines the lines proposed for it these shall be offered to the other, and if neither accepts the city shall proceed at once with construction of the so-called Triborough route. This would be a regrettable alternative, for there are other things for which the city will need its available funds and credit.

From The American, June 14.

Without passing judgment on the complicated propositions of the subway report that came to light yesterday, The American speaks for a harassed and exasperated public in insisting that negotiations should be brought quickly to an end.

If the city's future subways are to be divided between two private operating companies, the most important provision in the contract will be that enabling the city to recapture one or both of the new subways at the end of ten years. That insures good behavior. It insures public control as well as public ownership.

From The Press, June 15.

Probably the best feature of the McAneny report on rapid transit, recommending a division of territory between the Interborough and the B. R. T., is the one which provides that if either of those corporations rejects the city's terms the other may have the routes laid out by the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate, and that if both should reject the routes offered them, then the city shall go ahead with the construction of the original Triborough subway. * * *

In all probability the two companies will try to reopen the negotiations, while the Interborough, in the hope of driving the B. R. T. out of the field or getting a "gentlemen's agreement" with it, probably will play for delay as long as the great patience of the Board of Estimate and the indifference of the Public Service Commission will grant. * * *

There is every indication that the building of the Triborough by the city, which ought to be under way now, is what all the talk will come to.

From The Evening Mail, June 14.

Best of all, the metropolis has asserted, and therefore has attained, its mastery over the public service corporations which would carry its people to and from their work. The report discloses it no longer standing hat in hand before monopoly, but dictating terms and possessed of such weapons that if its terms be rejected by either party, rejection will not matter overmuch. Let either Interborough or Brooklyn Rapid Transit sulk because it receives no more or its rival so much, and what has been conceded one will be added to the other's grant. Let both sulk and there is still power, and now apparently the purpose on the city's part, to build independently, confident it can attract a responsible operator.

From The Evening Post, June 14.

Through all their report one idea persists. It is that New York is mistress in her own house. In this subway report the city may truly be said to have found herself, in all this matter of rapid transit, as never before. That outstanding fact, witnessed to in so many ways to-day, is the chief ground for felicitation in connection with the publication of the report. * * *

The detailed plans for "leveling leases," so as to make separate franchises expire simultaneously and give the city the chance to "recapture" a given system, in whole or in part, are of the greatest significance. To show how thoroughly this matter has been worked out, we need only note that the report shows how six different lines could be, under the scheme proposed, taken separately by the city after ten years. And these are "strategic links" which would thus be under full municipal control. The leases could be extinguished or transferred from one operator to another. How highly important this would be everybody must see. And the report is equally farsighted and masterly in its dealing with the intricate questions of reckoning up profits on subway operation, and of fixing the sums which the companies can charge against the cost of construction or equipment.

From The Globe, June 14.

The McAneny Committee is to be congratulated on the largeness of the plan it has developed. It has put to good use the time that has elapsed since its appointment in January. The delay against which so many have complained has been profitable. The prospect now is not merely for rapid transit extensions, but for the settlement of the rapid transit problem for a generation. New York, if the scheme is carried through, will be on a level with Paris and London, and a reproach under which the city has suffered will be removed and intolerable inconvenience will cease.

ARBITRATION FAILS IN TEXAS LAND CASE

United States and Mexico Contest Ruling Over Ownership of Valuable Property in El Paso.

BOTH COUNTRIES CLAIM IT

Point Was if a Change of River Throwing the Lands on Our Side Was Sudden or Gradual.

EL PASO, Texas, June 15.—The International Arbitration Court, which has been sitting in the so-called Chamizal case in El Paso to decide the ownership of $7,000,000 worth of property in the southern part of El Paso, to-day rendered its decision, which is a compromise, giving Mexico part of the land in question and El Paso part. Both the United States and Mexico dissent.

The Chamizal case has been in contention between the two Governments for over a dozen years. It was really brought to the front when W. J. Warder of California filed suit in the Federal courts here to oust persons holding title to the land under the Texas laws, Warder alleging that he held title from Mexico, under the Chamizal grant.

He raised the point that the land had been diverted to the United States by a sudden change of the river, and that therefore it belonged to Mexico. The treaty of the United States and Mexico provides that where the river makes a sudden change the land thrown from one country to the other remains the property of the country to which it formerly belonged, but if the change is gradual by erosion, the territory belongs to the country into which it is thrown.

The United States has contended that the change in the river has been gradual, but Mexico points to numerous full-grown trees between the former river channel and the present river, on American soil, as proof that the change had not been gradual, else the trees would have been washed away.

The two Governments being unable to agree on the ownership of the land, a treaty was drawn and adopted providing for arbitration. Mexico chose Señor Beltrany Puga and the United States selected Brig. Gen. Anson Mills as arbitrators. Judge Eugene La Fleur of Montreal, Canada, was selected as the third Commissioner. The taking of testimony and hearing of arguments began in El Paso early in April.

Joaquin Casasus, former Mexican Ambassador to the United States, acted as chief counsel for Mexico, and A. W. Dennis, Assistant Solicitor General of the United States, was a counsel for the United States.

The tract is and always has been physically and geographically a part of the City of El Paso, Texas. About 6,000 of the 40,000 inhabitants of El Paso live upon it.

The opinion and the award of the commission are considered indecisive. The net result of the rulings of the three Commissioners, which agree only at certain points of contact, is an attempted division of the tract between the United States and Mexico, the suggested dividing line being the channel of the river as it ran in 1864, a line which the commission does not attempt to relocate, and which cannot be relocated.

The decision is the first attempt, so far as is known, in the history of jurisprudence, to divide accretion land upon the theory that slow erosion would change the boundary line and that rapid erosion would not.

A vigorous dissenting opinion was filed by the American Commissioner, who takes the ground that the commission exceeded its jurisdiction in attempting to divide the tract; that it failed to apply the rule of law prescribed by the treaty between the United States and Mexico in 1884, and finally, that the award is uncertain in its terms and impossible of application.

The Commissioner adds that the award "breathed the spirit of unconscious but nevertheless unauthorized compromise rather than of judicial determination."

The Mexican Commissioner also filed a vigorous dissenting opinion. The agent of the United States, upon his own motion and subject to the consideration and action of the United States Government, filed a suggestion of protest on the ground that the commission had departed from the terms of the submission; that the award was uncertain and impossible of application; that the presiding Commissioner on certain points had failed to state his reasons, as required by the convention submitting the case, and because of essential error of law and fact.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—As understood here, the decision in the Chamizal Zone case means a practical failure of the tribunal. In substance, the Commissioners found that up to a certain point the lands on the El Paso side of the river grew by accretion, but that at another period there was a sudden cut off by the river of a considerable portion of Mexican territory.

The lands gathered by accretion belong to America; the lands suddenly cut off from Mexico belong to the latter country. It is believed to be impossible to draw the line between the two and the whole case must be relegated to diplomatic adjustment.

A Neglected Column.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In front of the Equitable Building at 120 Broadway there stands, and has stood since the building was erected, an iron column, presumably originally intended to be ornamental and of some sort of use, but whatever may have been the builder's intention or the architect's idea in the construction of this object, neither has ever been realized, and the accumulated dust of many, many years has so coated the iron work and glass as to render the purpose for which it was intended now wholly problematical. W. W. HALLOCK.
New York, June 15, 1911.

AN URBAN WAIL.

He buttonholed me on the street,
(An utter stranger he),
"Excuse me if I'm indiscreet,"
He cried, "but list to me;
Should you give way to foolish ire
A gem of truth you'll miss."
He then produced a pocket lyre
And treated me to this:

"If you sing 'Home, Sweet Home'
Or a similar 'pome'
To palace, tent, bungalow, hole,
Cottage, hovel, or cave,
They will not misbehave,
But a flat hasn't got any soul!"

His lyre I seized. "Pray, answer give.
You live in one?" I said.
"I can't," he told me, "say I live
Nor yet that I am dead.
My smile I scarce can kindle more
(Just like the kitchen fire),
My life is one long janitor!
Ah, me!—please pass the lyre:

"'Home, Sweet Home' you may dub
The inside of a tub,
Lodgings down in a bin full of coal,
Standing room in a train,
Any castle in Spain—
But a flat hasn't got any soul!"

His mouth it foamed; his eye it gleamed;
To go away I tried.
"There's still another verse!" he screamed,
"Oh, very well," I sighed.
He tore his locks in fury dire,
He cast them round about,
Then once again he smote his lyre
And handed this one out:

"'Home, Sweet Home!'—warble that
Any day to your hat.
(It somehow will rise to the rôle.)
"'Home, Sweet Home,' fondly blurt
Any day to your shirt,
But a flat hasn't got any soul!"

THOMAS R. YBARRA.

RAINBOW WEDDING FOR MISS ASHMORE

Its Colors in Gowns and Flowers Worn by Bridesmaids at Her Nuptials to H. V. Poor.

IN ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH

Pink and Green Streamers Reach from Attendants' Hats to Handles of Their Parasols—The Guests.

The wedding of Henry Varnum Poor, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Poor, and Miss Ruth Ashmore, only daughter of Mrs. Townsend Ashmore, was celebrated yesterday at noon in St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square. The chancel of the church was decorated with greens, pink peonies, and ascension lilies.

While the guests were arriving Herman Kupfer, the organist, played several selections, including Rubinstein's Melody in F, Elsa's Bridal March by Wagner, Dubois's Cantilene Nuptials, and Handel's Largo.

The ushers who seated the guests were George J. Corbett, Duncan Harris, Guy Fairfax Cary, William Wickham Hoffman, Philip G. Birckhead, Grenville Clarke, and Henry T. Ashmore.

The gowns worn by the bridal attendants and also the flowers they carried embodied the colors of the rainbow. During the ceremony the bridesmaids formed a sort of rainbow in the chancel against a background of June flowers. It was the first "rainbow wedding" of the season and was very attractive.

The bride, who walked down the nave with her brother, Henry T. Ashmore, wore a gown of white satin with a court train, trimmed with point lace and clusters of orange blossoms. Her veil, which was also of point lace, was caught by a coronet of orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and wore a diamond brooch, the gift of the bridegroom.

The Bridal Procession.

In the bridal procession the ushers preceded the bridesmaids, behind whom walked the maid of honor. Then came the bride and her brother. The bridesmaids were the Misses Elizabeth and Nina Delafield, Gladys Endicott, May Terry, Susan Ellis, Louise Jackson, and Pamela Poor, and their costumes were alike except in color.

Miss Ellis and Miss Poor, first in the group of bridesmaids, wore costumes of pink chiffon over satin, with leghorn hats, trimmed with pink taffeta and bunches of sweetpeas. Long pink taffeta streamers fell from their hats, the ends being fastened to the handle of the pink parasols which they carried, which were also topped with clusters of sweetpeas.

Miss Endicott and Miss Delafield were next in order, and their costumes were green. They also wore leghorn hats, trimmed with green taffeta and sweetpeas, the green streamers being attached to the parasols which matched their gowns.

Miss Terry and Miss Nina Delafield, the other two bridesmaids, were in costumes of purple, with streamers and parasols of the same color. Their leghorn hats and parasols were also topped with clusters of sweetpeas.

Miss Mildred Gibert Townsend, the brides' cousin, who acted as maid of honor, wore a gown of yellow embroidered chiffon over satin and a leghorn hat trimmed with yellow taffeta and sweetpeas. Instead of a parasol Miss Townsend carried a shower bouquet of sweetpeas, with streamers of green taffeta.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Hugh Birckhead, rector of St. George's, assisted by the Rev. George Norton. Mrs. Ashmore gave her daughter in marriage. Roger M. Poor waited upon his brother as best man.

The Wedding Breakfast.

After the church ceremony a small reception and wedding breakfast for relatives and intimate friends was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James B. Townsend, uncle and aunt of the bride, 357 Lexington Avenue. The house was decorated with palms, pink and white peonies, and roses.

Later the couple left on their bridal trip, after which they plan to spend the Summer at Andover, Me. They will come to New York to live at the beginning of next season.

Among those asked to the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. James Bliss Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ashmore, Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Poor, Miss Constance Poor, Miss Agnes Poor, Miss Lucy Poor, Miss Elizabeth Chandler, and Charles Lyon Chandler, the four latter from Brookline, Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. Reeve Merritt, Col. and Mrs. Edwin A. Stevens, Judge E. Henry Lacombe, Rear Admiral J. Rufus Tryon, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Peabody, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Satterlee, Mr. and Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Peabody, Miss Anita Peabody, Courtlandt Nicoll, Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Terry, Jr., Prof. and Mrs. Allan Marquand, Mr. and Mrs. Anson Blake Moran, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Moran.

Col. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Dr. and Mrs. S. Oakley Vanderpoel, Mrs. Frederic Wendell Jackson, Charles H. Jackson, the Misses Gibert, Mr. and Mrs. E. Francis Hyde, Mr. and Mrs. Adrian Hoffman Joline, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Robinson, Mrs. J. West Roosevelt, Nicholas Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Seth Low Pierrepont, R. Stuyvesant Pierrepont, Mr. and Mrs. H. Lloyd Aspinwall, Louis Keller, Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. Freeman, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Cox, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Luling, Mr. and Mrs. J. Frederic Tams, Mrs. Lewis P. Child, Miss Ruth Child, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Rathbone, and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis H. Freedman.

HEIGHAM—CREGIN.

Miss Emily Jane Cregin and Montague H. B. Heigham were married yesterday at noon in the Church of the Transfiguration by the Rev. Dr. George C. Houghton. Mr. Heigham is a grandson of the Hon. Beverly Latimer of Kent, England, and lives in Toronto, Canada.

The bride wore a gown of white satin, trimmed with real lace and embroidered in roses and orchids, and a veil of tulle. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and roses and wore a brooch of diamonds in the shape of a bird, the gift of the bridegroom.

Mrs. John Cornell Bogardus was matron of honor, Miss Pauline K. Heigham maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were the Misses Marie L. Hilbert and Ethel G. Weston. Henry R. Heigham acted as best man for his brother, and the ushers were John C. Bogardus, Charles R. Carrington, and William McDonough, Jr.

The twin brothers of the bride, Cornelis and William Cregin, gave her in marriage.

A wedding breakfast was given at the Holland House following the church ceremony, after which Mr. and Mrs. Heigham left for a trip through Canada.

SIMMONS—NICOLL.

The wedding of Mrs. Alice B. Nicoll and E. de Forest Simmons, which took place at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the chantry of the Church of Zion and St. Timothy's, in West Fifty-seventh Street, was a quiet one, owing to the recent death of the bride's father, Francis A. Bochmann.

The bride was unattended, and there was no reception. The Rev. Henry Lubeck, rector of the church, performed the ceremony.

The couple have gone to Canada on their bridal trip, and will live in New York upon their return.

Among those who witnessed the ceremony were Dr. and Mrs. Charles E. Simmons, the bridegroom's parents; Miss Ruby Gould Simmons, his sister; Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Flint, Mrs. Frank M. Black, Mr. and Mrs. Henry T. Downing, and Mr. and Mrs. E. Carson Pennal.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Ledyard Stevens have taken a cottage at Easthampton for the Summer, and during July will have the latter's nephew and niece, Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Schroeder, and their two children as their guests.

Mrs. John de Koven Bowen has arrived in New York from Chicago, and is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Stevens, at the Hawthorne. She will be one of the attendants of her cousin, Miss Alexandra Stevens, at her wedding to-morrow to Steward Slosson.

Mrs. Carl von Mayhoff will be at Bar Harbor for August and possibly longer.

Miss Gertrude Riker Leverich, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. Leverich of Corona, L. I., who is to marry John Triplett Harrison of Baltimore, Md., to-morrow, is giving a dinner to-night at her home for her bridal attendants.

Mrs. John L. Riker, Miss Leverich's sister, whose engagement to Dr. A. Schuyler Clark of this city was announced this week, is to be married on June 28 in St. Bartholomew's Church. The ceremony will be followed by a reception at Delmonico's.

Miss Josephine Osborn has returned from Europe and is at Garrison-on-Hudson.

Mrs. Arthur T. Hadley, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Elford P. Trowbridge, motored to town from New Haven, Conn., and are staying at the Hotel Gotham.

MISS HOLLINS DRIVES COACH.

Takes Four-in-Hand Meteor from Times Square to Brighton and Return.

Miss Marion Hollins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry B. Hollins, drove Morris E. Howlett's four-in-hand coach Meteor from Times Square to the Brighton Beach Casino and return yesterday, having as her guests on the trip Mrs. Oliver W. Bird, Miss Bird, Miss Leonie Burrill, Mrs. George Whitney, Leaston Pyne, Frank Appleton, and R. W. Waterbury.

Miss Hollins is the youngest member of the Ladies Four-in-Hand Club and tooled the coach on the trip without a mishap. The start was made from the Hotel Astor at 5:15, where a good-sized crowd saw the coach off with the young woman at the reins. It rolled down Broadway and Fifth Avenue to Washington Arch, through the east side to the Williamsburg Bridge.

The coach attracted much attention through the narrow east side streets, and, although they were crowded, Miss Hollins handled the four-in-hand skillfully and brought it through. At 6:10 the coach pulled into the Union League stables, where a change of horses was made. The course led them through the Park Plaza, Prospect Park, Ocean Parkway, and King's Highway. Miss Hollins brought the coach to a stop at the Brighton Beach Casino at exactly schedule time, 7 o'clock.

MISS MARIE GOOD A BRIDE.

Daughter of Mrs. John Good Married to Austen T. Sackett at Delmonico's.

The wedding of Miss Marie Good, daughter of Mrs. John Good of Brooklyn, and Austen Townsend Sackett, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Sackett of 863 Park Avenue, this city and New London, Conn., took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the red rooms at Delmonico's. Only relatives witnessed the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Father Appo of Brooklyn.

The bride wore a gown of white satin, trimmed with duchesse lace, and a tulle veil, which was fastened with a chaplet of orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and orchids.

Mrs. Arthur B. Maillefert of Brooklyn was the bride's only attendant. She wore a costume of pink marquisette and silver lace and a leghorn hat, trimmed with pink roses and tulle. She carried pink roses.

Stewart Waller waited upon the bridegroom as best man.

After the ceremony a wedding collation was served, after which the couple left on their honeymoon. Mr. Sackett has taken a house for the Summer at Larchmont.

Miss Mary Treat Weds H. B. Lang.

Miss Mary Sumner Treat, daughter of Erastus Buck Treat, and Harold B. Lang, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lang of this city, were married last evening in the Washington Heights Methodist Episcopal Church. The Rev. J. E. Price officiated.

Miss Flora Draper Treat acted as maid of honor for her sister, and the bridesmaids were the Misses Frances Wellwood and Edith MacGrath. Eugene Palmer was best man, and the ushers were Edwin C. Treat, brother of the bride; Carl Fowler Price, William H. Soper, and Malcolm MacGrath.

The bride wore a gown of white crêpe meteor trimmed with duchess and point lace, and a tulle veil. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley.

A reception was held after the ceremony at the home of the bride's parents, 942 St. Nicholas Avenue.

Miss Knowlton to Wed Lieut. Spofford

Mrs. Henry Todd Knowlton of 101 West Eighty-fifth Street has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Winifred Knowlton, to Lieut. Robert Wiltsie Spofford, U. S. N., retired. No date has been set for the wedding.

$1,000,000 FIRE IN ST. LOUIS.

Much Property Destroyed in the City's Manufacturing Centre.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 15.—A fire which started in the shipping department of the Huttig Sash and Door Company to-night destroyed $1,000,000 worth of property in the heart of the manufacturing centre of the city. The fire lasted four hours.

The chief sufferer is the Huttig Company, whose loss will be $600,000 or more. The Fathman Miller Planing Mills Company, the Mound City Box Company, and the Missouri Stair Company were also wiped out. The Koken Iron Works suffered $25,000 damage. This is a subsidiary corporation of the American Bridge Company and has big contracts in Missouri and the Southwest. The machine shops of the Koken plant were saved.

While a large part of the loss is covered by insurance, the sufferers will be seriously embarrassed in filling orders. All will rebuild as soon as possible.

The blaze almost paralyzed railroad traffice and the mail service. A network of tracks runs through the fire zone and west-bound passenger and mail trains were at a standstill at the hours when this travel is heaviest.

The fire is thought to be due to a spark from a railroad engine, already lodged on a lumber pile. This tiny blaze was isolated until a breeze extended it to a huge pile of dressed pine. In a few moments whole acres of stored lumber were in flames.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Trixie Friganza, who has been playing in "The Sweetest Girl in Paris," will be seen in vaudeville for a few weeks this Summer, appearing first at Hammerstein's Roof Garden on June 26.

Henrietta Crosman, in a play by Catherine Chisholm Cushing, called "The Real Thing," will be the opening attraction at Maxine Elliott's Theatre in the Fall. This play was produced on the road by Miss Crosman under the title of "The Peacock and the Goose."

The members of Ziegfeld's "The Follies of 1911" company will leave to-morrow afternoon on a special train for Atlantic City, where the piece will have its premier at the Apollo Theatre on Monday evening. The New York opening, at the Jardin de Paris, will come on June 26.

The Charles J. Ross Company has engaged Blanche Yurka for the principal role in "Mrs. Avery," which is to be produced early in the Fall.

Pre-Shrunken Prices

Ours are marked at bottom before being put on the tags.

Discounts Are Already Made.

The "rake-offs" are out. This policy has been a potent factor in building up our business. Square dealing to you—and the next man, too. Full value, our guarantee.

CHAS. E. MATTHEWS

Commercial Furniture

275 Canal Street
Just East of Broadway

PHONE 1299 SPRING

TELLS HOW ENGLISH LIVE MORE CHEAPLY

William Maxwell Explains the Working of the Co-operative Alliance.

PLAN TO START ONE HERE

British Union Spends Little on Management and Members Get Full Benefit of Low Prices.

How one-fourth of the population of Great Britain has solved the problem of the high cost of living by a workingman's trust to reduce prices was told last night at Greenwich House, 26 Jones Street, in the heart of Greenwich Village, by William Maxwell, President of the International Co-operative Alliance.

Mr. Maxwell, who draws exactly $1,750 a year as head of an enterprise which sells annually more than $565,000,000 worth of goods to its members, spoke under the auspices of the Co-operative League of New York City, which is planning to launch a similar venture in the United States. He gave encouragement to the American scheme by telling how the great co-operative union of workers of which he is the head started on $26, to which many of the original members contributed only an English penny.

After tracing the growth of the British co-operative union through the stages during which its individual members demonstrated their loyalty by resisting the bargain appeals of great stores to spend all their money with their co-operative venture, Mr. Maxwell said that last year the alliance had divided profits of $11,000,000 among its membership, after distributing $286,778 in charity and a like amount on education. Last year the alliance had 82,194 employes, each of whom was rewarded with a bonus above his or her salary. Some 2,765 individual societies in various communities are members of the alliance, having an aggregate membership of 2,701,000 families.

Most of the Directors of this great alliance, which has a capital of $283,320,000, are unsalaried and work for a living at some trade. All they receive for their services to the organization and for their responsibility for the handling and auditing of expenditures of great sums of money is their third-class railroad fare to meetings, the factories, farms, and plantations of the company, and board at some modest inn. Dishonesty is unknown, Mr. Maxwell said, and the Directors serve for the honor of it. That great executive ability need not necessarily be highly paid, he said, was apparent when it was known that the co-operative alliance was run on a 2 per cent. basis, whereas most private enterprises require from 7 to 12 per cent. for management.

This great workingmen's trust, Mr. Maxwell said, has five flour mills in England, a fleet of ships on the seas, four large estates in Ceylon to raise teas, coffee plantations in Brazil, woolen mills, and cotton mills, several boot and shoe factories, groves in Greece, and wheat elevators at Montreal. It has its own jam and pickle plants and tailor shops.

Edinburgh, which is the Scotch headquarters of the alliance, numbers more than one-half of its inhabitants as members of the alliance. The English headquarters are in Manchester, with branches at London and Newcastle. The alliance maintains a purchasing headquarters for American goods in New York. Among the advantages of the plan is that the members get only pure and unadulterated products.

Besides being able to purchase goods at a lower cost than most large stores, and then sell them on a 2 per cent. margin, the alliance will give its members a dividend on the amount purchased. This dividend may be collected at the end of each year or may remain in a savings fund and accumulate interest. The alliance also acts as a building and loan association, and any member who has one-fifth of the cost of a proposed dwelling may get advances for the rest of the amount from the association. Several thousand members, Mr. Maxwell said, had paid for their homes out of their dividends from year to year, first allowing their dividends to accumulate till they had one-fifth of the amount needed to build a home and then allowing their dividends from year to year to pay for it.

"Thus," he said, "they literally ate and clothed themselves into a home, as many persons drink themselves out of one."

SUITS IN WHITE RATS' WAR.

Mountford Seeks $250,000 from Managers Who Sue Union for $300,000.

Vaudeville managers and vaudeville actors have to come to what may be a direct incentive to battle in the long threatened war between the Vaudeville Managers' Protective Association and the White Rats' Actors' Union. Both sides were served on Wednesday with summonses to appear in the Supreme Court of New York County to answer complaints of alleged libel.

Harry Mountford of the White Rats demands $250,000, individually and collectively, from the Vaudeville Managers' Protective Association and its members, because of an article printed and circulated by the Protective Association and bearing on Mr. Mountford's career. The other suit, brought by the United Booking Offices, is for $300,000, and is based on an article published in The Player, the official organ of the White Rats, in which the methods of the United Booking Offices were denounced. Both plaintiffs allege that the articles were false and libelous. The complaints are returnable in twenty days.

The disagreement between the White Rats and the Vaudeville Managers' Protective Association is of long standing. The White Rats, organized as a union, has been planning a strike against the Booking Offices for some time, and the Booking Offices, through the Vaudeville Managers' Protective Association, which was organized to meet this strike, has been preparing to fight the union. It is said that the Booking Offices has been planning to fill the vaudeville theatres with dramatic and musical attractions when the strike takes place, and to simply stop presenting vaudeville. No actor, they say, who goes on strike will ever be employed by them again.

The White Rats organization, and its affiliated society, the Associated Actresses of America, is said to have a membership of 16,000 and nearly $200,000 in the treasury. Its principal demand upon the Booking Offices and the vaudeville managers in general is that only union actors be employed in the vaudeville houses. A few weeks ago a report came from Chicago that July 1 had been set for the beginning of the strike, which at first would affect the vaudeville houses in the circuits West of the Mississippi.

CHOSE A CONCERTMEISTER.

Philharmonic Society Selects H. P. Schmitt to Succeed Theodore Spelring.

Henry P. Schmitt has been chosen for the post of concertmeister of the New York Philharmonic Society for the coming season, succeeding Theodore Spelring. Mr. Schmitt is a native of New York City. He began his musical career as a choir boy of the St. Augustine Chapel, of which church later he became organist. He studied the violin in the Leipsic Conservatory under Profs. Sitt and Hermann, and later became a member of the famous Gwendhaus Orchestra.

Upon his return to the United States he was engaged by Anton Seidl for the Metropolitan Opera House. In 1892 he was appointed assistant conductor, and in 1894 concertmeister, positions he held until Seidl's death in 1898. He appeared frequently as soloist of Seidl's concerts. Subsequently he served as concertmeister under Paur and other conductors. He has been a member of the Philharmonic Society for many years.

DIES TO SAVE HER HUSBAND.

Aged Woman Tarries to Awaken Him and Is Burned to Death.

ALBANY, June 15.—In trying to get out of her burning home early to-day after she had roused her husband, who is 78 years old, Mrs. Lucian Vrooman of Schoharie, aged 78, lost her way and was suffocated by smoke. Her body was found in a hallway on the second floor. Four boys saw the flames, and, getting a ladder, rescued Mr. Vrooman through the window of the blazing room.

ACTORS AT RIALTO BLAZE.

All Ready for Heroic Stunts, but Not a Press Agent Came to Record Them.

Next time there is a fire in upper Times Square, into which the Rialto has extended, never mind the fire box but turn in three alarms for the press agents! Last night there was a fire that cleaned out the showrooms of the Parisian Shop, run by Mrs. Therese Meyers, in Seventh Avenue, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Streets, and they pungled it frightfully. Not the firemen, but a coterie of Thespians who fraternize during these dull days in that region of fancy gowners to the profession.

All the elements to make it a rare chance were there. The fire started about 8:30 o'clock when there were crowds in the square. It was a spectacular fire, and within a minute after the flames had burst through the big glass windows on the second floor the throng was so dense that Inspector McClusky and the reserves of the West Forty-seventh Street station had a hard time to keep the way clear for the firemen.

A rumor that any one of several theatres in the district was on fire quickly emptied the cafés and hotels and more spectators arrived in droves.

Here was a stage setting of roaring flames, howling fire sirens, smoke eaters scrambling up ladders, and "out in front" the surging crowds that would have filled ten theatres. Here were actors ready to scale ladders and bear out helpless victims by the score, actresses eager to do anything from ripping pieces from their petticoats with which to tie up the wounds of brave fire laddies to hanging a wreath about the neck of Acting Chief Kenlon as he stepped out of his machine after a run from Great Jones Street. Scores of chorus girls were aching to faint with excitement.

And not a solitary press agent to tell them how to do it! The fire burned out and slowly and sadly the actors wandered away.

Nor did any one take advantage of a flood scene, which surpassed anything ever attempted in the tank drama. When the firemen uncoupled their hose from the hydrant in front of the building it was found that they could not stop the flow of water. The increased pressure due to the late rains could not be held by a valve weakened by use in the fire. The water poured forth in a solid stream, and the firemen placed a barrel and several layers of sheet iron that had been ripped off the building over the hydrant to protect passersby.

The water was turned off shortly after midnight by a crew who came in one of the Water Department trucks. Meanwhile a citizen had called up THE TIMES protesting against the waste of water under present conditions. At midnight the sidewalk in front of the building was covered with débris near the gutter. Employes had taken from the pile all the dresses that had been thrown out of the building. The showroom on the second floor was completely burned out.

PARKER TO NEW LAWYERS.

Tells Graduates of Law School Money Shouldn't Be Their Standard.

Alton B. Parker gave advice last night to the 136 graduating pupils of the New York Law School, which held its commencement exercises at Carnegie Hall. He was the only speaker of the evening.

"You have had greater advantages," said he, "in this famous law school than the great leaders of the law of former days, but that doesn't mean that you will attain their position.

"You will have no difficulty in starting out on the right road, but will you stick to it? Will you keep straight on and hold to your ideals? If you will I have no hesitation in saying that you will achieve that reasonable amount of success which ought to satisfy any right-minded man. But it depends, of course, on your ideals. If your only standard is money then your ideal is not mine, and you had better choose an occupation in which commercialism is the whole idea.

"You will find the Judges on the bench are all kind to young men in the profession. I have never forgotten Judge Church's kindness to me in my first case, and since then when I have sat upon the bench I have repaid that debt with interest."

Carnegie Hall was crowded with friends of the young graduates, who sat in the front rows of the orchestra. The Faculty sat upon the stage.

The degree of Bachelor of Laws was conferred upon the following 156 members of the senior class:

George T. Anderson, Jr., J. Randolph Appleby, Jr., Herman S. Axelrod, Joseph P. Barbieri, John F. Bargfrede, Henry D. Barmore, George Murray Beal, Philip Becker, Jr., Pincus Behrens, Frederick W. Bellamy, Henry F. Blessing, Abram I. Bluestein, Edgar R. Bonsall, Carlton F. Bown, Sydney S. Braunberg, J. Irving Breyer, George T. Brokaw, Philip H. Brown, Emilio J. Buchaca, Charles H. Burnett, Thomas J. Byrnes, George Caranicholas, Raphael A. Carretta, Ralph C. Carroll, Jacob Charlop, Sherwood O. Chichester, Julius Chopak, Herbert F. Christie, John G. Clarke, Nathaniel Cohen, Samuel Cohen, Robert Cohn, Herbert A. Cone, Ralph W. Crolly, Thomas W. A. Crowe, Terence F. Cunneen, William P. Dalton, Samuel Davis, Robert L. De Groff, John O. Delamater, George A. Dewey, Howard S. Dodd, Claude B. Dore, John F. Drewen, Jr., Charles H. Duell, Jr., Louis R. Eaton, Philip D. Elliot, Carl A. Feick, Jr., John M. Ferguson, Louis J. Finkelstein, Chester E. Frankel, William W. Frankel, Henry M. Friedman, Herman D. Goldberg, Charles E. Gostenhofer, Arthur Gunther, Henry T. Hackett, James T. Hallinan, Louis G. Hamburger, Francis B. Hamlin, Samuel Y. Hampton, John T. Hancock, John J. Hanrahan, Lloyd Hatch, Robert O. Hayward, Cornelius J. Hickey, John T. Hogan, Jacob F. Hohenstein, George A. Hopkins, Max Horowitz, Outerbridge Horsey, Charles N. Horstmann, Reginald F. Isaacs, Daniel W. Janover, John Q. A. Johnson, Jr., Archibald N. Jordan, Samuel J. Joseph, Martin J. Karl, Isidor M. Katz, Courtland Kelsey, William S. Kimball, Voorhees Kline, Abraham Koch, Sylvan H. Kohn, Edgar R. Kreisen, Samuel Lemler, Saul Levine, David Lloyd, William E. Ludwig, Thomas A. Lynn, James L. Martin, George F. Mattuck, C. Mossman McLean, Louis J. de Milhau, William G. Miller, Jr., Vincent E. Mitchell, Paul Moore, Frank A. Morrison, Orson Munn, Arthur M. Murray, Matthew T. Murray, Jr., Ralph A. Nicholson, Walter F. Norris, John J. O'Hara, Julius F. Ohlmann, Daniel O'Regan, Horace W. Palmer, James A. Palmer, J. Raymond Pennefather, Andrew A. Peterson, Henry M. Phoenix, Herman H. F. Plate, Stuart D. Preston, Charles Rampires, Rufus S. Rankin, Allen H. Remsen, Romulus Rimo, Frederick W. Ritter, Herbert S. Schoonmaker, William Schroeder, Edward Schwartz, Gerald G. Schwartz, Herman A. Schwieker, Henri Schwob, Edwin L. Scofield, Jr., William P. Seddon, Gaudlo A. Sellaro, Thomas A. Shaw, Samuel Simon, Silas W. Solifrey, Samuel Sprung, Bernard L. Stafford, Emanuel Stern, Robert S. Strack, Robert Strange, Louis F. Stumpf, Alfred R. Teichman, Gerald E. Terwilliger, Charles T. Tileston, Gaston Tisne, John W. Thompson, Paul G. Tomlinson, Ravaud H. Truax, Alfred B. Van Houten, Joseph O. M. Van Tassel, Vernon S. Vivian, Leo J. Warwick, Leonard A. Watson, William Weckmann, Morris Weintraub, Charles N. Wexler, Saul Wilchinsky, Arthur L. Williams, Franklin W. Williams, Lloyd O. Wilson, and Henry J. Zinram.

The degree of Master of Laws was conferred upon these twelve members of the third-year class:

Harry Bloom, Kenneth W. Brown, George Cohen, Sam L. Cohen, Edwin F. Haaren, Fred C. Hindle, F. Campbell Jeffery, Charles H. Lane, Abraham I. Miller, David H. Miller, Charles E. Robinson, and Jacob Scholer.

These prizes were awarded by the Dean for superior excellence in scholarship:

In the senior class, day school, first prize of $100 to Reginald F. Isaacs; second prize of $75 to Lloyd O. Wilson. In the senior class, evening school, first prize of $100 to Outerbridge Horsey; second prize of $75 to Andrew A. Peterson. The prize of $100 awarded in the third-year class was divided between Edwin F. Haaren and David H. Miller. The Townsend Wandell gold medal for greatest proficiency in the law of real property was awarded to Sherwood O. Chichester.

WHY SO MANY PEOPLE BORROW OF US

BORROWERS find what they want here.

If your mortgage is due or nearly due, come in and talk over its renewal with us. Perhaps we can save you money.

Our new ten-year mortgage is a great boon to homeowners. Write for information about it.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co

Capital . . $ 4,375,000
Surplus (all earned) 10,625,000

176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., Bklyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

FOUR LINES RAISE WAGES OF SEAMEN

White Star and Canadian Pacific Among Them — Advance Is Half What Men Asked.

QUICK END OF STRIKE LIKELY

Little Effect from the Sailors' Action, but Southampton Coal Porters' Strike Has Upset Schedules.

LONDON, June 15.—The important development in the general shipping strike to-day was the concession of an advance of $2.50 a month in wages to all employes involved by the White Star and Canadian Pacific lines, an example which was followed later by the Holt and another line at Liverpool.

The present outlook is that the strike will come to a speedy end owing to the men's lack of organization or their indifference, in addition to the plentiful supply of foreigners who are ready to take their places.

At several of the large ports no inconvenience because of the strike has yet been caused, and nowhere has there been any real accession to the strike movement. On the contrary, there were several instances to-day of crews signing without protest.

It is believed that the Cunard Company will next week concede a similar advance to that given by the White Star and Canadian Pacific Lines, and that this course is likely to be generally followed by ship owners.

It is stated that the concession made will enable the Teutonic, the Baltic, and the Empress of Ireland to sail on time. The $2.50 increase per month is half the amount that the men demanded.

QUEENSTOWN, June 15.—The White Star Line steamer Olympic, which left Southampton on her maiden voyage yesterday, notwithstanding the efforts of strike leaders to delay her departure, continued on her voyage to New York to-day. During the run from Southampton to Queenstown the vessel's mammoth engines worked most satisfactorily.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 15.—The coal porters' strike while it lasted so interfered with the sailing schedules of the ships of the International Mercantile Marine Company that a rearrangement of dates has been made necessary.

The New York, due to sail on Saturday, and the White Star liner Majestic, scheduled to sail on June 21, have been withdrawn. The St. Paul will take the place of the Majestic, sailing on the 21st.

ANTWERP, June 15.—The Atlantic Transport steamer Marquette sailed for Boston to-day with an ample crew.

The Red Star Line officials say they are assured of enough firemen and trimmers to permit the sailing of the Finland for New York on Saturday.

One hour before the Marquette sailed the firemen walked off the vessel in a body. Their places, however, were immediately taken by new men.

HAMBURG, June 15.—The seamen's organization here has notified the strikers at Antwerp that the Germans will not participate in an international strike, because their demands have been satisfied. The German organization, however, will prevent the engagement of German sailors for British, Belgian, or Dutch vessels.

Matthew Tearle, Secretary of the American branch of the Sailors' and Firemen's Union, said yesterday that he had received dispatches from the International Executive Committee of the union in London containing the order for the international strike.

Secretary Tearle repeated his statement of Wednesday that the men receiving the strike order in ports outside of Great Britain would complete their round trips and strike only when they reached their home ports.

Representatives of the coastwise steamship companies talked yesterday as if they did not take the threat of a general strike of the coastwise seamen seriously. At the offices of the Old Dominion, Morgan, and other lines it was said that nothing in the nature of demands had been made. Committees of the men had called and made a number of requests. The main request was that the companies apply to the unions when they wanted men instead of to the boarding masters, as the keepers of the sailors' boarding houses are called. In other words, this was a request for the closed shop.

CLEVELAND FUND COMPLETE.

More Than $100,000 Subscribed for the Memorial Tower.

With the money in hand, plans and specifications prepared and contract soon to be awarded, the work of actual construction upon the Memorial Tower to commemorate the life and deeds of Grover Cleveland, to be erected at Princeton, N. J., within a very few weeks, will be actually under way. There was a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees of the Cleveland Monument Association yesterday, at which Senator Dryden presented a statement giving the result of the canvass conducted by him as Chairman of the association for raising the fund for this purpose.

The members of the Executive Committee empowered to act for the trustees consists of Mr. Dryden, ex-Senator James Smith, Jr., Richard V. Lindabury, and Haley Fiske, a vacancy existing caused by the death of Paul Morton. By invitation Moses Taylor Pyne and Dean Andrew F. West, representing Princeton University, who are also trustees of the Monument Association, were present and reported progress upon the Graduate Building, to which the Cleveland Memorial is to be attached. George W. Rouzer, who has represented Mr. Dryden in the work of raising the fund for the tower, was elected Secretary to the Executive Committee.

The committee clothed Mr. Dryden with authority to obtain bids for the construction of the tower, and the motion was adopted to recommend to the trustees the appointment of a permanent committee of three members of the Executive Committee, with executive power, to have charge of all details connected with the construction of the tower. They will act in co-operation with the committee of three representing Princeton University in the construction of the Graduate Building. It was also decided to call a meeting of the trustees for next Wednesday at 3 P. M., for action upon the recommendations of the Executive Committee.

Mr. Dryden, announcing the completion of the movement headed by him for funds with which to construct the tower, said to those attending the meeting:

"It affords me much gratification to be able to announce the completion of the work connected with the canvass of funds for the erection at Princeton of the Nation's Memorial Tower in perpetuation of the memory of Grover Cleveland. This association at the time it was organized in March, 1909, resolved to raise a fund of approximately $100,000. We have been more than successful. The amount actually subscribed and now on deposit to the credit of the association is $106,915."

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

WILLIAM REUFFEL, died April 4, 1911; left less than $100 personalty to Charlotte Buch, 1,670 Second Avenue.

JULIA L. RAPP, died May 29, 1911; left $1,250 personalty, $5 to her father, August Rapp, and the residue of her estate to her grandmother, Caroline Spaeth.

JANE MURRAY LIVINGSTON CROSBY left her entire estate equally to her children, Cornelia Livingston Pell, Robert Ralston Crosby, Livingston Crosby, and Edward Nicoll Crosby.

MARIA HANITSCH, died June 7, 1911; left $2,500 personalty to her husband, Julius Hanitsch.

JACOB BORGER, died March 18, 1902; left not more than $200 personalty to his widow, Margaretha Borger.

ANNIE McMOORE, died May 3, 1911; left $1,200 personalty, $200 each to Mary Townley and Julia Hanlon; $100 to Lucy McCormick, and divided the residue of her estate equally between her brothers, Joseph and Charles M. Bennett, and her sister, Mrs. Eliza Neville.

PROF. HIRAM CORSON DEAD.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 15.—Prof. Hiram Corson, prominent for many years as an educator and author, and from 1870 to 1903 Professor of English Literature at Cornell, died at his home here this afternoon at the age of 82 years. Since 1903 he had been a Professor Emeritus at Cornell.

Prof. Corson was born in Philadelphia. From 1849 to 1856 he was connected with the library of the Smithsonian Institution, lectured on English literature in Philadelphia from 1859 to 1865, and from then until 1870 was a professor at Girard and St. John's Colleges. He had the degrees of A. M., LL. D., and Litt. D.

Prof. Corson was well known in the world of letters for his writings. He published in 1863 "Chaucer's Legende of Goode Women" with introduction and notes, and from that time on offered many works of great value. Some of his later publications include: "The Aims of Literary Study," "The Voice and Spiritual Education," "Selections from Chaucer's Canterbury Tales," with introduction, notes, and glossary, and "An Introduction to the Prose and Poetical Works of John Milton."

Theophilus A. Brouwer.

Theophilus A. Brouwer, Treasurer Emeritus of the Collegiate Reformed Church of this city, died at his home, 820 St. Nicholas Avenue, yesterday afternoon, in the eighty-fifth year of his age. Mr. Brouwer was born in this city Feb. 28, 1827, and was of Dutch-Huguenot stock, the son of Jacob Brouwer and Jane Maria (De Riemer) Brouwer. He was prominently identified with the work of religious and charitable societies. In early manhood he became a manager, and afterward President, of the New York Bible Society, and was active in the New York Sunday School Union. Mr. Brouwer had served as President of the Society for Promoting the Gospel Among Seamen in the Port of New York, and also upon the Board of Managers of the National Temperance Society and of the American Tract Society. He was a Director of the North River Insurance Company and a member of the St. Nicholas and Holland Societies.

Not Jules Lefebvre, but His Son, Dead.

PARIS, June 15.—A confusion of names resulted in the erroneous announcement last night that Jules Joseph Lefebvre, the noted painter, was dead. The man who died was Maurice Lefebvre, a sculptor and a son of the painter.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE H. HARRIS, a former Attorney General and Congressman of Mississippi, died in a home for the indigent at Washington, D. C., recently at the age of 89 years. His death was revealed with the filing of his will yesterday.

Miss MINNIE A. BELLOWS of Rochester, well known in philanthropic work, died of heart disease on a special train which reached Ithaca, N. Y., Wednesday night after the commencement exercises at Wells College at Aurora. Miss Bellows was the oldest alumna, graduating from Wells about forty years ago. She ran to catch the train at Aurora and became so fatigued that she died before Ithaca was reached.

TITUS BENJAMIN MEIGS, one of the oldest lumber merchants of this city, died at his Summer home, Fairlawn, near Norfolk, Conn., on Wednesday. He was 80 years old. He was born at Delhi, N. Y., and entered the lumber trade soon after leaving school. For many years Mr. Meigs was a partner of William E. Dodge in the lumber firm of Dodge

JIM SMITH FLOORS HARRIS TEN TIMES

Referee Haley Stops Fight in Seventh Round at National Sporting Club.

The gameness of Morris Harris and his ability to absorb all kinds of punishment without taking a trip to slumberland were the main features of last night's bout at the National Sporting Club between the Boston negro and Jim Smith, the Westchester heavyweight. The contest did not go the full route, being stopped in the seventh round by Referee Patsy Haley while Harris was dangling helplessly on the ropes with Smith standing over him, raining terrific right and left hand smashes to Harris's head as fast and as hard as he could work his two arms. The crowd was in an uproar at the time, most of them calling to the referee to stop it, and all expected to see Harris sink to the floor as soon as he became disentangled from the ropes. Instead of falling Harris walked to his corner, a slight wabbling at the knees being the only evidence that he showed of the punishment.

As soon as order was restored the defeated negro motioned to the crowd that he had something to say, and he announced that he had not been knocked out and was willing to continue or to fight Smith at any time or at any place. He further stated that he had received short notice to get ready for the bout, and this was responsible for his condition.

Harris was a loser all the way, but his gameness and stamina forced the battle to the seventh round. He put up one of the poorest battles he has yet showed in New York and Smith's inability to take advantage of golden opportunities also helped to prolong the battle. Harris, too, showed poor generalship for a fighter of such experience. He was floored twice in the first round and in the second round he went to the canvas six times. The ropes saved him from going down oftener, as he spent about all the time in this round against the ropes when he was not on the floor. He failed to land one hard punch on Smith during the three minutes, doing nothing but take punishment, and was a complete picture of helplessness from start to finish. Yet Smith could not put him away. Harris, in his endeavor to show his real gameness, refused repeatedly to take the count after being floored, and not once did he stay down until Referee Haley counted nine. On each of his ten trips to the canvas he was up just as quickly as he could gather himself together, in the early rounds, when he was floored so often, Harris showed no desire to clinch unnecessarily, and practically all the fighting in the two rounds was open.

Harris appeared clumsy as soon as the pair got together. Early in the first round he threw himself off his balance with a wide swing at his opponent and went down on one knee. Soon after he was floored for a short count and gathered himself together only to go down again. There was plenty of action throughout the round, but the honors were all in Smith's favor.

In the second round Harris was floored as soon as the bell rang, and the blow was hard enough to keep him down until six had been counted. His chances of lasting throughout the round looked like a 100 to 1 shot until the bell sounded. Harris did nothing but bound against the floor and against the ropes during the round, and had to take a little elbowing and wrestling from Smith as well.

From this stage until the bout ended there was never a time when Harris appeared to have any chance of winning, but he rallied so well after the second round that Smith was unable to do much damage until the seventh. Smith succeeded in flooring Harris in the fifth round, but the negro was up in an instant. He was staggered several other times with hard punches in the four rounds, but managed to hold his feet.

Early in the seventh round Smith floored Harris for the tenth time, and when the negro got up he staggered around the ring, bounding against the ropes. He was in a neutral corner helpless and hanging over the ropes when the bout was stopped.

Haley took a long chance in allowing the bout to go after Smith had clearly shown his superiority, and it was demonstrated beyond a shadow of doubt that Harris couldn't win. Time and again the negro reeled around the ring helpless, and if by any chance he had received a hard blow in a vital spot there might have been a disastrous result.

COLUMBUS LEAGUE GAMES.

Public School No. 8 Wins First Honors in Athletics on Curtis Field.

The games of the Columbus Athletic League, composed of districts No. 1 and 9, Manhattan, after being postponed from last week, were finally decided yesterday at Curtis Field, Staten Island. Rain started just before the games were called, and the pupils of two schools which were on their way stopped at the ferry house and did not get any further, as their principals decided not to venture out in the rain. Seven schools were on the grounds before the storm broke, and when it passed the majority were in favor of contesting the games.

Public School 8, with a clean sweep in the relay events, captured first honors, with a total of 69 points, their nearest competitors, Public School 16, corralled a total of 49 points, and third honors went to Public School 3, with 19 points.

No new district records were established, but in the opening event, the fifty-yard dash for the eighty-five-pound class, W. McGinley of Public School equaled the record of 0:06 3-5. The summaries:

50-Yard Dash, 85-Pound Class.—Won by W. McGinley, P. S. 8; T. Rivara, P. S. 8, second; D. Waldron, P. S. 16, third; A. Waldman, P. S. 16, fourth. Time—0:06 3-5.

60-Yard Dash, 100-Pound Class.—Won by M. Jones, P. S. 16; B. Weiss, P. S. 53, second; N. Sagowitz, P. S. 16, third; F. Marra, P. S. 8, fourth. Time—0:07 4-5.

70-Yard Dash, 115-Pound Class.—Won by H. Camarata, P. S. 8; A. De Lorenza, P. S. 8, second; P. Prato, P. S. 8, third; G. Hard, P. S. 16, fourth. Time—0:08 2-5.

100-Yard Dash, Unlimited Weight Class.—Won by C. Norcross, P. S. 16; J. Silese, P. S. 21, second; L. Kelly, P. S. 16, third; W. Distilli, P. S. 8, fourth. Time—0:11 2-5.

360-Yard Relay, 85-Pound Class.—Won by P. S. 8, team composed of Cattogge, Zucca, Rey, and Bartalucci; P. S. 3, team composed of Fazugia, Phillips, Sands, and Hampton, second; P. S. 16, third; P. S. 44, fourth. Time—0:48 2-5.

440-Yard Relay, 100-Pound Class.—Won by P. S. 16, team composed of Pietsch, Kilmet, Shea, and Frentaz; P. S. 8, team composed of Todd, Garabaldi, Hoppe, and Brucca, second; P. S. 44, team composed of Williams, Smith, Morse, and Carter, third; P. S. 21, fourth. Time—0:57 3-5.

440-Yard Relay, 115-Pound Class.—Won by P. S. 8, team composed of Despirito, Pace, Petruzzi, and McArdle; P. S. 16, team composed of Fink, Meyerhoff, Harbach, and Carroll, second; P. S. 3, third; P. S. 44, fourth. Time—0:53 3-5.

880-Yard Relay, Unlimited Weight Class.—Won by P. S. 8, team composed of Lanza, Clancy, Voelker, and Germano; P. S. 16, team composed of Bruno, Dehner, Windsor, and Rosa, second; P. S. 44, third. Time—1:51 3-5.

Running High Jump, 85-Pound Class.—Won by C. Ketscke, P. S. 8, with a jump of 4 feet 8 inches; F. Schmall, P. S. 3, with a jump of 4 feet 2 inches, second; W. Guillermot, P. S. 8, with a jump of 4 feet, third; S. Nekritz, P. S. 16, with a jump of 3 feet 11 inches, fourth.

Running Broad Jump, 85-Pound Class.—Won by R. Ennis, P. S. 8, with a jump of 15 feet; A. Boessmann, P. S. 3, with a jump of 14 feet, second; C. Canning, P. S. 16, with a jump of 13 feet 7 inches, third; T. Jardello, P. S. 44, with a jump of 13 feet 3 inches, fourth.

Running High Jump, 100-Pound Class.—Won by J. Wood, P. S. 8, with a jump of 4 feet 4 inches; A. Cahill, P. S. 3, with a jump of 4 feet 3 inches, second; R. Nicolini, P. S. 21, with a jump of 4 feet 2 inches, third; F. Perrilla, P. S. 8, with a jump of 4 feet, fourth.

Standing Broad Jump, 100-Pound Class.—Won by M. Fabian, P. S. 16, with a jump of 8 feet 2¼ inches; C. Castagna, P. S. 8, with a jump of 8 feet 1 inch, second; T. Cavagnaro, P. S. 8, with a jump of 8 feet, third; C. Bogoni, P. S. 3, with a jump of 7 feet 9¼ inches, fourth.

Running Broad Jump, 115-Pound Class.—Won by T. Ciabattari, P. S. 8, with a jump of 14 feet 4 inches; F. Simpson, P. S. 16, with a jump of 14 feet 3 inches, second; R. Spina, P. S. 8, with a jump of 14 feet, third; C. Biositi, P. S. 3, with a jump of 12 feet 7 inches, fourth.

Putting 8-Pound Shot, Unlimited Weight Class.—Won by M. Paone, P. S. 16, distance 39 feet 9 inches; E. Bernado, P. S. 21, distance 33 feet 8 inches, second; W. Glangrasso, P. S. 8, distance 33 feet 2 inches, third; E. Boix, P. S. 8, distance 31 feet 10 inches, fourth.

Point Score—P. S. 8, 69; P. S. 16, 49; P. S. 3, 19; P. S. 21, 9; P. S. 44, 7.

MISS SEARS'S TENNIS WINS.

Boston Girl Will Play Florence Sutton for National Title To-day.

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.—It will be East against West in the final round of singles to-morrow in the women's National championship lawn tennis tournament as a result of to-day's play at the Philadelphia Cricket Club. The representatives of the rival sections will be Miss Eleanora Sears of Boston and Miss Florence Sutton of Los Angeles. Miss Sears defeated in the semi-final round Mrs. G. Warren of Boston.

Miss Sutton's opponent was Miss Adelaide Browning of New York, and while the California girl won in straight sets her victory was harder earned than the score would indicate.

No matches in the women's doubles were played, as this event had already reached the semi-final round. The mixed doubles, however, witnessed some excellent tennis. Miss Hazel Hotchkiss, the National champion, and Wallace F. Johnson won by default in the second round from Miss Cassel and H. R. Von Wieder, but in the third round had a great fight with Miss Sutton and Alexander D. Thayer. The scores:

Championship Singles.—Semi-final Round—Miss Eleanora Sears, Boston, defeated Mrs. G. Warren, Boston, 6—1, 6—3; Miss Florence Sutton, Los Angeles, defeated Miss Adelaide Browning, New York, 6—3, 6—2.

Championship Mixed Doubles.—Second Round—Miss Hazel Hotchkiss and Wallace F. Johnson defeated Miss Claire Cassel and H. R. Von Wieder by default; Miss Edna Wildey and H. M. Tilden defeated Miss Browning and C. B. Jennings, 6—3, 6—4.

Third Round—Miss Hotchkiss and W. F. Johnson defeated Miss Sutton and A. D. Thayer, 6—4, 3—6, 8—6; Miss Sears and W. J. Clothier defeated Miss A. Hutchinson and F. E. Dixon, 6—2, 6—2.

West Side Tennis Tourney.

Most of the star tennis players of the East will get into action to-morrow, when the annual tournament of the West Side Tennis Club begins on the club's courts at 238th Street and Review Place. This tournament, which has been growing larger each year, will enable many of the metropolitan and National champions to get in competitive practice for Newport and other fixture events to be decided within the next few weeks. Play in the tournament will continue all next week. The singles will be contested every day, while play in the doubles begins about next Wednesday. The list of entries includes practically every title holder.

ON LOCAL TENNIS COURTS.

Reuben A. Holden, Jr., the Yale champion, won his way into the final round of the Ardsley Cup singles yesterday by defeating Karl H. Behr, the internationalist, 7—5, 6—1, on the turf courts of the Ardsley Club, Ardsley-on-Hudson. The young Yale player thereby bracketed with Frederick C. Inman, the New York State champion, for the trophy. Inman in his semi-final defeated Artemus Holmes, 2—6, 6—1, 6—4. The summary:

Ardsley Cup Singles, (Semi-Final Round.)—F. C. Inman defeated Artemus Holmes, 2—6, 6—1, 6—4; R. A. Holden, Jr., defeated K. H. Behr, 7—5, 6—1.

Ardsley Doubles, (Second Round.)—F. C. Inman and Artemus Holmes defeated Hugh Tallant and Harry Torrance, Jr., 11—9, 6—1.

Third Round.—H. H. Hackett and R. D. Little defeated F. C. Inman and Artemus Holmes, 6—2, 6—4; H. A. Plummer and K. H. Behr defeated C. F. Watson, Jr., and E. P. Larned, 6—8, 6—3; C. M. Bull, Jr., and H. C. Martin defeated G. A. Gordon and F. D. Washburn, 6—2, 6—4.

Mrs. Frederick Schmitz gained the final round of the women's singles in the Amakassin tournament yesterday. She occupies the position in the lower section of the draw, but as the top section is yet backward the exchampion may have a good rest and plenty of time to devote to the doubles. In her match in the semi-final Mrs. Schmitz played Mrs. Albert Humphries, and, though the latter was expected to put up a stiff battle against the English women, Mrs. Schmitz made the tussle rather one sided, and she secured the match with the score of 6—2, 6—1. In the men's singles F. C. Baggs reached the final round by the defeat of the Rev. Edgar A. Lowther in the semi-final. The summary:

Women's Singles.—Second Round—Mrs. Albert Humphries defeated Miss R. Elting by default.

Semi-Final Round—Mrs. Frederick Schmitz defeated Mrs. Albert Humphries, 6—2, 6—1.

Women's Doubles.—First Round—Miss Fannie M. Fish and Miss Edith R. Baggs defeated Miss Holbrook and Miss Hill, 6—3, 10—8.

Men's Singles.—Second Round—J. C. Tomlinson defeated H. Balck by default.

Third Round—The Rev. E. A. Lowther defeated A. D. Bell, 6—0, 6—2; S. H. Voshell defeated John C. Tomlinson, 3—6, 6—3, 6—4.

Semi-Final Round—F. C. Baggs defeated the Rev. E. A. Lowther, 6—3, 6—3.

Men's Doubles.—Semi-Final Round—R. L. Baggs and G. S. Groesbeck defeated J. C. Tomlinson and J. A. Ostendorf, 6—4, 8—2.

SPECIAL GAME OF POLO.

Magpies and Wanderers to Play at Meadow Brook To-morrow.

Followers of polo will have an opportunity of witnessing what promises to be a capital match in the special game to-morrow at Meadow Brook for cups offered by Stanley Mortimer for competition between the Magpies and the Wanderers. These teams are made up of members of the Meadow Brook, Rockaway, Westchester, Great Neck, and other clubs.

In the make-up of both teams are to be seen the names of men who figured in the line-up of the Rockaway four when they beat the English team. The teams will show as follows:

MAGPIES.	WANDERERS.
1—E. S. Reynal.	1—J. S. Phipps.
2—R. Belmont.	2—Rene La Montagne.
3—J. Cowdin.	3—H. C. Phipps.
Back—Dev. Milburn.	Back—J. A. Burden.

Special trains will be run from Pennsylvania Terminal at 2:40 and 3:20 o'clock, and from Flatbush Station at 3:20. All tickets previously issued for the third match of the International series will be honored at the gate. Special tickets for the east stand will be on sale at $1, and for the west stand at $2.

DEFENDAM ATHLETIC GAMES.

Twenty-second Regiment Holds Its Annual Sports at Peekskill.

Special to The New York Times.

PEEKSKILL, June 15.—There was a fine attendance of Twenty-second Regiment veterans here to-day at the annual games of the members of Defendam. More than 2,000 witnessed the sports participated in by the youngsters of the regiment, which were held on a grass track laid out by the engineers. Although heavy, because of the recent rains, the performances on the whole were extremely keen and showed that the handicapper, Herman Obertubbesing, had a good line on the various competitors.

The Hospital Corps had an opportunity to show its training when Jim McEntee sprained his ankle in the final of the 100-yard dash, in which he was second. McEntee stepped into a hole after he had passed the finish line and will probably be out of the game for a month or more as the result of his injury.

Company F won the point trophy with a total of 20 points. Company E was second with 8, and I and L tied with 5. Company F also won the novice point trophy with a total of 13, as well as the relay prize. The prizes were very evenly distributed between the handicap and scratch men.

Storm Prevents Harvard Time Row.

RED TOP, Conn., June 15.—A severe electrical storm accompanied by a high wind prevented a contemplated time row over the four-mile course by the Harvard 'Varsity eight to-night. Instead of that row the two eights paddled down to the three-mile mark in rough water, and returned to the float. The three fours found comparatively smooth water under the west bank for two miles, and the 'Varsity fours had an impromptu brush, the first crew winning by a length and a half. The freshman four started at the end of a mile, and at the finish was two and a half lengths behind the second 'Varsity. If conditions favor, the time row will probably be held to-morrow afternoon.

Sailor Burke vs. Jim Maher.

One of the best boxing programmes arranged for any New York club in several months is the card which will be put on at the Twentieth Century Athletic Club to-night. There will be two ten-round bouts, and two bouts of six rounds each, all between boxers of ability. The headliner will be the ten-round session between Sailor Burke of Brooklyn and Jim Maher, the middleweight champion of Ireland, who recently arrived here.

Yale Crews Retarded by Weather.

GALES FERRY, Conn., June 15.—Weather conditions were such that the river was rough to-night when the Yale crews went out, and only paddling was attempted. The three fours went downstream to the navy yard and return, followed by the two eights, accompanied by Coach Kennedy. These two crews went down to the navy yard at a stroke that was not raised over twenty-three. On the return a strong wind sprang up, and the eights sprinted for the float.

SYRACUSE JOINS HUDSON FLEET

All Crews at Poughkeepsie Now That Will Row In Intercollegiate Regatta.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 15.—The five colleges that are to be represented in the regatta the end of this month are now all in their quarters on the Hudson here, and this evening crews from all five colleges were seen on the river. Syracuse, the last to arrive, came in this afternoon in time to get out the shells at about the same time the other coaches sent out their crews. Jim Ten Eyck took the Syracuse crews upstream for an easy paddle, after which they went up to their new quarters at Highland. This is the first year the Syracuse oarsmen have been on the west side of the river, and they expressed their pleasure at the new location. The boathouse from which they are rowing is situated just below the railroad bridge.

The Cornell squad put in a busy day. In the morning Coach Courtney took the several crews upstream, and in the afternoon sent them over the course. To-night's row was at a much higher clip than that of yesterday.

The Cornell 'Varsity had a hard time disposing of the freshman eight when the spurt before the finish came. Courtney is making experiments with his freshman eight, and he said to-day that he would not decide on the seating of this crew until next week. In this morning's rowing the freshman eight boated in the following order: Clark, bow; Nulson, No. 2; Benson, 3; Hyland, 4; Ott, 5; Spransy, 6; MacLachlan, 7; Howe, stroke, and Thorpe, coxswain. This afternoon Murfey went back to No. 2 and Keyes to No. 3, Nulson and Benson going to the freshman fours.

Coach Rice of the Columbia crews seems to have studiously avoided anything like a row over the course in the last few days, but though he has not come down stream at all he has nevertheless been keeping his crews in plenty of work rowing up the river for long rows and spurts on the upper course above Krum Elbow. The three boats are rowing in fine form, and there has been no change for several days in the boating of any of them.

A driving time trial was held by the Wisconsin crews this evening, their two crews coming down over the course in front of Courtney's crews. The freshmen started off with a lead of about two lengths, and they practically were able to hold this for the rest of the distance. They stopped rowing at the end of the course, with the 'Varsity about a length and a half behind. Samp is still out of the 'Varsity at No. 5 on account of the slight blood poisoning in his hand, but he is expected to get back in his seat sometime to-morrow.

Ellis Ward has not yet taken the Pennsylvania crews over the full course, even at a slow paddle, but has devoted most of his time to letting the eight get well accustomed to Hoagland's stroke. The eight is still improving in form, and Ward is becoming more and more encouraged as the training is progressing.

It is expected that he will send his eight over the course in the morning row.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE
BETWEEN
NEW ORLEANS AND SAN FRANCISCO
TWO TRAINS
EACH WAY EVERY DAY
VIA
SOUTHERN PACIFIC SUNSET ROUTE
TRAINS OF SUPERIOR EQUIPMENT
ROCK BALLAST ROAD BED
ELECTRIC BLOCK SIGNALS
OIL BURNING LOCOMOTIVES
DINING CAR SERVICE BEST IN THE WORLD
PICTURESQUE AND COMFORTABLE ROUTE
LOW RATES JUNE, JULY.
For Interesting Literature,
ADDRESS
L. H. NUTTING, G. E. P. A.,
366 & 1158 or 1 Broadway,
New York.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

TO BOSTON AND NEW ENGLAND POINTS

FALL RIVER LINE
Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

NEW BEDFORD LINE
Direct route to New Bedford, Mass., and Summer resorts on Buzzards Bay and Marthas Vineyard and Nantucket. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot of Clarkson St., week days only, 6:00 P. M. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE in commission.

BRIDGEPORT LINE
Direct route to Bridgeport and points in Naugatuck Valley leave Pier 27, E. R., week days, 11:00 A. M. and 3:00 P. M. Leave foot of East 22d St., week days, 3:30 P. M. Sundays 5:30 P. M. Strs. BRIDGEPORT and NAUGATUCK.
Tickets, Staterooms and Information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt Street; N. Y. Transfer Offices, Tourist Offices, and at Piers.
SPLENDID STEAMERS—SPLENDID SERVICE

PROVIDENCE LINE
Via Providence. Leave Pier 18, N. R., foot of Murray St., 6:00 P. M., daily except Sundays. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PURITAN. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE
Direct route to New London, Watch Hill, Block Island and Narragansett Pier. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days, 5:00 P. M. Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. PLYMOUTH and CHESTER W. CHAPIN. No stop made at Pier 70, E. R. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

NEW HAVEN LINE
Direct route to New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and North. Leave Pier 28, E. R., week days, 2:45 P. M. Sundays, 9:30 A. M. Leave East 22d St., week days, 3:00 P. M. Sundays, 10:00 A. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.
Tickets, Staterooms and Information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt Street; N. Y. Transfer Offices, Tourist Offices, and at Piers.
SPLENDID STEAMERS—SPLENDID SERVICE

The Ideal Hudson River Route to Saratoga, Lake George, Lake Champlain, Adirondack Mts., Montreal, Thousand Islands, Niagara Falls, Sharon Springs, Cooperstown, and all Northern and Eastern Resorts.

PEOPLES LINE
New York and Albany
Str. C. W. Morse (even dates June), Adirondack (alternating), Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M., W. 129th St., 6:45 P. M. daily (Sunday included). Observation and Palm Room a new feature.

CITIZENS LINE
New York, Albany and Troy
New Str. Trojan (even dates, June), Rensselaer (alternating), Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday included), Yonkers 7 P. M.; stops at Albany in both directions.
Magnificent Steamers; Splendid Accommodations; Cuisine and Service Unexcelled. Fine Orchestra on Each Steamer.
Tickets at pier and principal ticket offices. For further information and Journal, a guide for tourists, write HUDSON NAVIGATION CO., Pier 32, N. R. 'Phone 9400 Spring.

SEA TO MAINE
The Most Charming Short Sea Trip on the Atlantic Coast.
STEAMSHIPS
NORTH LAND & NORTH STAR
TO
PORTLAND, MAINE
Sailings Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday 5 P. M., from Pier 20, East River, N. Y.
For full information and booklet apply to MAINE S. S. CO., 290 B'way, N. Y.

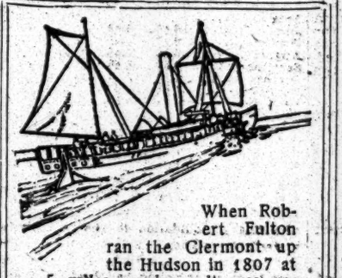
JOY LINE $2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.90
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct..... 2.00
FALL RIVER, via Boat and Rail.. 2.25
WORCESTER, via Boat and Rail.. 2.90
Leave Pier 36 and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot of W. Houston St.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE.
'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.

Catskill Evening Lines
Magnificent steel steamers CLERMONT (new) & ONTEORA leave Pier 43, N. R., Daily except Sunday, ft. Christopher St., 6:30 P. M., and West 129 St. at 7 P. M. for Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie and Intermediate Landings.
Tickets for sale at all agencies and at Pier. 'Phone 1098 Spring. Send 2 cents in stamps for booklet of Summer Hotels and Boarding Houses.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE
For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie & Kingston, Week Days, 4:00 P. M., from ft. Franklin St. For Highland Falls, Newburgh, and intermediate landings, week days, 5:00 P. M.; Sundays, 9:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:30 A. M. Tel. 405 Franklin.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 32, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.



When Robert Fulton ran the Clermont up the Hudson in 1807 at 5 miles an hour it was regarded as a notable achievement.

Today you can cover the Clermont's course at five times the speed in the swiftest, most palatial river steamers afloat.

And the Hudson today is no less beautiful than when Fulton saw it.

It is the most charming inland water journey in the world—The way to enjoy it is on one of the luxurious steamers of the Hudson River Day Line. The time to enjoy it is *now.*

DAY LINE STEAMERS, DAILY, except Sunday, leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M., landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. All through rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted.

Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses Street Pier, N. Y.
Steamer Mary Powell
Afternoon boat for Rondout and way landings leaves Desbrosses St. at 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by boat or rail.
14

CAPITAL CITY LINE
50 CENTS TO ALBANY
Fast and Elegant Steamers FRANK JONES and KAATERSKILL.
Leave Pier 46, N. R., Foot West 10th St., 5:30 P. M. West 129th St., 6 P. M.
Daily, Sundays Included.
'Phone 482-483 Spring.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY
ROUND TRIP, $1.50. GOOD 10 DAYS.
Steamers lve. ft. W. Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; ft. W. 129th St., 6 P. M. Daily and Sunday. Stop at Columbia St., Albany, (a Shining Union Station.) Special stop south bound, ft. W. 131st St., N. Y. Tel. 9236 Spring.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

ALASKA
YELLOWSTONE, GRAND CANYON, Yosemite, Canadian Rockies.
Send for Booklets
RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO.
225 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. Telephone 6370 Mad.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Halcyon and Observation, around New York Harbor and Manhattan Island. Daily from Battery Pier, near South Ferry, 10:30 and 2:30. See the Ocean, Sandy Hook Lightship and Forts. Trips daily, 1:15 P.M., returning 5.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS.
NEARBY SAILINGS: ENGLAND, IRELAND, THE CONTINENT
THE LARGEST, FINEST & NEWEST STEAMERS IN THE WORLD.

Olympic (45,324 TONS)	Sails June 28.	Titanic (45,824 TONS)	Launched MAY 31
St. Louis,	June 17, 9:30 A.M.	Arabic,	June 17, 11:00 A.M.
Minnetonka,	June 17, 10:30 A.M.	Oceanic,	June 21, 3:00 P.M.
Lapland,	June 17, 10:00 A.M.	Cretic,	June 24, 12:00 Noon

American Line — Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Louis.....June 17 | St. Louis.....July 15
St. Paul.....July 1 | New York.....July 22
Philadelphia.....July 8 | St. Paul.....July 29

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnetonka...June 17, 10:30 AM | Minneapolis.July 8
Minnehaha...June 24, 8:30 AM | Minnetonka.July 15
Minnewaska..July 1, 10:30 AM | Minnehaha..July 22

Red Star Line — Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Lapland (new).....June 17 | Lapland (new).....July 15
Vaderland.....June 24 | Vaderland.....July 22
Finland.....July 1 | Finland.....July 29
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2100 RECTOR,) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
—MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE— Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
S.S. Hamburg (10,500 TONS) Sails June 27, 10 AM
—LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG—
S. S. Pres. Lincoln Sails June 21, 1 P. M.
S. S. Bluecher Sails June 24, 9 A. M.

CRUISES DE LUXE
TO THE LAND OF THE MIDNIGHT SUN
Summer Cruises
LEAVING HAMBURG
By the large twin-screw steamships
Bluecher, Cincinnati, Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Meteor
During JUNE, JULY and AUGUST
Norway, Spitzbergen, North Cape, Scotland, Iceland, Orkney and Faroe Isles.
Duration 13 to 25 Days. Rates $62.50 up.

REGULAR SERVICES
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
CINCINNATI.....June 17, 10 A. M.
*PRESIDENT LINCOLN.June 21, 1 P. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC..June 24, 10 A. M.
BLUECHER.....June 24, 9 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
Direct Service—PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
‡S. S. BATAVIA.....June 21, 12 noon
S. S. HAMBURG.....June 27
‡S. S. MOLTKE.....July 11
‡Will NOT call at Algiers.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
TWO GRAND CRUISES "AROUND THE WORLD" By S. S. CLEVELAND
Write for Booklets of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

$10 up Round Trip to Bermuda
Tours Inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates. Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 5530 tons, sails June 24th, July 8th, 19th, 29th.
Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy. Fastest, newest and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda.
MIDSUMMER TRIPS
To Quebec
via Halifax, N. S., most delightful cruise of 1500 miles. Magnificent scenery: Northumberland Strait, Gulf and River St. Lawrence and far-famed Saguenay River. S. S. "Trinidad" from New York July 8th and 22d, August 5th and 19th, and Sept. 2d, 10 A. M. Returning from Quebec July 14th and 28th, August 11th and 25th and Sept. 8th.
For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York. THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO., Ltd., Quebec.

NEW YORK TO ROTTERDAM
URANIUM S.S. CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON AND PARIS.
1ST CABIN, ALL OUTSIDE, $50.00 & UP.
Campanello...June 22 | Volturno.....July 20
Uranium.....July 1 | Campanello.....Aug. 3
Vesely & Co., Gen'l Agts., 13 B'way, N. Y.

EUROPE AND THE ORIENT
30 fine tours, $285 upward. Frequent sailings, 14th Annual Orient Cruise, Feb. 1, 1912, by S. S. Arabic; 71 days, all expenses, $400 and upward.
5 Round the World Tours, 1911; $1,550 and up.
Frank C. Clark : Times Building, New York

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

SANDY HOOK ROUTE FOR NORTH JERSEY COAST RESORTS
New Jersey Central
Long Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, etc.
Leave N. Y., Pier 81, N. R., foot of W. 42d St. week days 9:55 a. m., 12:30, 3:15, 4:15, 7:45 p. m. Sundays 9:30 a. m., 1:00, 7:45 p. m.
Leave N. Y., Pier 10, N. R., foot of Cedar St. week days 10:20 a. m., 1:00, 3:45, 4:45, 8:10 p. m. Sundays 10:00 a. m., 1:30, 8:10 p. m.
The High Grade Sail $1
New York Harbor Round Trip.
New York to Atlantic Highlands.
Passengers can make round trip on steamers leaving W. 42d St., week days at 9:55 a.m., 12:30 and 2:15 p.m. Sun. 9:30 a.m. and 1:00 p.m. Cedar St., weekdays 9:20 a.m., 1:00 and 3:45 p.m. Sun 10 a.m. & 1:30 p.m.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO.
THE ONLY ALL WATER ROUTE TO
CONEY ISLAND
LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET.
9:00, 9:45, 11:30 A. M., 12:30, 1:15, 2:00, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30 P. M.
LEAVE PIER (NEW) 1, NORTH RIVER.
9:45, 10:30 A. M., 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.
LEAVE STEEPLECHASE PARK.
10:55, 11:40 A. M., 1:25, 2:25, 3:10, 3:55, 5:25, 6:10, 7:10, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.
Round Trip Tickets { From 129th St., 50 Cents. From Pier 1, N. R., 40 Cents.
Inc. Admission to Steeplechase Park.
FISHING BANKS, STEAMER TAURUS.
Leaves 129th St., N. R., 7:20 A. M.; Pier (new) 1, N. R., 8:20 A. M. Bait and tackle on board. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c.; Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c

Pacific Coast Tours
SPECIAL VACATION TOUR JULY 1
28 Days, all expenses included. Visiting the Grand Canyon, California Resorts, San Francisco, Yellowstone Park, Colorado. $210 and up.
Also Tours de Luxe leaving July and August.
ROUND THE WORLD Tours leave August to January.
Send for Programme desired.
THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Ave., 649 Madison Ave., New York.
Cook's Travelers' Cheques are Good All Over the World.

MIDLAND BEACH
STATEN ISLAND
Refined Amusement Amid Refined Surroundings
Reached via Staten Island Ferry, foot of Whitehall St., terminus of Subway, elevated roads and surface lines; 20 minutes' invigorating sail through the lower bay and a short trolley ride through the most picturesque part of Staten Island. Cleanest and safest bathing on the Atlantic Coast.

EXCURSIONS
LAKE HOPATCONG $1.00
EVERY SUNDAY and HOLIDAY
Leave W. 23d St. 8:50, Liberty St. 9:00 A. M.
MAUCH CHUNK, $1.50
NEXT SUNDAY
Leave W. 23d St. 8:20, Liberty St. 8:30 A. M.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
HARD COAL! NO SMOKE! COMFORT!

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point, Steamer Mary Powell.
Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by boat or rail, $1.10. Orchestra. See Parade, Public Buildings, etc.

Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton,
Around Manhattan Island, foot W. 42d St., 10:30, 2:30; lecture aboard. Tel. 5441 Gram.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD
Piers foot West 14th St., N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, opposite Battery.
Largest, Fastest, Finest Quadruple Screw Turbine Steamships.
Wireless Telegraph. Submarine Signals.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
For the convenience of passengers wishing to proceed direct to the Continent during June, special express trains will leave Fishguard for Dover.
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool.
CARMANIA June 17, 10 A. M. | CAMPANIA June 28, 10 A. M.
CARONIA July 1, 10 A. M.
Fishguard and Liverpool.
LUSITANIA June 21, 9 A. M. | MAURETANIA July 5, 9 A. M.
*MADEIRA June 21, 9 A. M. | GIBRALTAR July 5, 9 A. M. | †GENOA
NAPLES TRIESTE FIUME
Sailing hour noon.
*†Saxonia July 3 Aug. 24
Pannonia July 20 Sept. 7 Oct. 26
†Carpathia Aug.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Free Entry Granted for Creosote Oil —"Scout Cards" Not "Gaming Cards."

It was made plain by a decision of the Board of United States General Appraisers rendered yesterday that the Treasury Department intends to stick to its position that creosote oil is free of duty under the tariff provision for "dead or creosote oil." Recently, Franklin F. Mac Veagh, Secretary of the Treasury, and his assistant, James F. Curtis, in charge of the Customs Division was summoned before a committee of Congress to explain why Mr. Curtis last Fall reversed the action of Customs officials in exacting a duty of 20 per cent. on the oil.

In the case decided by the board yesterday it appears from the opinion written by Judge Chamberlain that the Government failed to submit any testimony in support of the Collector's assessment of 20 per cent. duty on the merchandise in controversy. Ordinarily, the Government, acting through the Department of Justice, never fails to be represented before the board and submit evidence. This time, however, the importers alone called witnesses and submitted evidence. As the board can only decide tariff issues on the evidence as submitted a decision favorable to the importers is reached by the tribunal.

The merchandise, which was imported by Hawley & Letzerich of Galveston, was assessed for duty at 20 per cent. under paragraph 15 of the Aldrich-Payne tariff, which provides for "coal tar preparations, not a color or a dye, and not medicinal." Under the circumstances, the Collector's decision is reversed by the board. The decision is coincided in by Judges Sharretts and McClelland.

The board decided that a game known as "Boy Scouts" is not a gaming card set, and, therefore, not dutiable as "playing cards," at the rate of 10 cents per pack plus 20 per cent. ad valorem, as assessed by the Collector. Davies, Turney & Co., the importers, alleged that the cards are dutiable property, either as "toys" at 35 per cent., or as "manufactures of paper" at the same rate. General Appraiser Fischer, in holding that the goods are not playing cards, says that the use of the cards in question is otherwise than as gaming cards. They are not toys under the importers' alternate claim. The conclusion is reached that the Collector erred in his classification. The Collector is ordered to make a re-liquidation of the entries on the basis of a 35 per cent. duty as "manufactures of paper."

The board overruled a claim filed by the Altoona Zinc Works and others regarding the rate to apply on lead and zinc contents of ores. It is held that where ore, as imported contains both lead and zinc, the zinc appearing in a quantity exceeding 10 per cent., the metal content of both is dutiable, the lead under paragraph 181, and the zinc under paragraph 193.

In denying a contention raised by the Emery, Bird, Thayer Dry Goods Company of Kansas City, the board holds that self-heating alcohol smoothing irons are dutiable properly, at the rate of 45 per cent. as manufactures of metal, and not at 8-10 of 1 cent a pound, as "cast iron sadirons," as claimed by the importers.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—Motion calendar. 1—Vacuum Cleaner Co v. Dunn. 2—Panoultas v. Nail Equipment Co. 4—O'Keefe v. Dalvey. 5—Dunn v. Kirka La Shelle. 5—U S A v. Morris & Cumming Dredging Co. 6—In re Cochaud. 7—Vermule v. Riley. 8, 9—Kamenicky v. Cotterall Print Co. 10—Motion Picture Co v. Laemmle. 11—Hanckel v. Kerr. 12—Bamles v. Heintz. 13—Bernstein v. Damwitz. 14—Hanckel v. Inv Underwriting Co. 15—Penn Steel Co v. Elmore & Hamilton. 16—Hall v. Beach. 17—In re Albert. 18—U S v. S Thompson. 19—Madden v. Star Co. 20—Duryee v. Intl Mach & Eng Co. 21—Vacuum Cleaner Co v. Waldorf-Astoria Hotel Co. 22—A Stein Co v. Grosner. 23—Victor Talking Machine v. Sonora. 24—Fed Title & Trust Co v. Dearnban. 25—Beagle v. Barrett. 26—Napier v. Westerhoff. 27—Sussman v. Penn Steel Co. 28—Ensien v. May.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J.—Equity calendar. 12—Taylor v. Bloom.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Dowling, JJ.—Court opens to-day at 10 A. M. Motions. Non-enumerated motions. 4—United Wireless Tel Co v. Wilson. 6—In re Eckerson. 7—Walker v. Schneider. 8—Short v. Warden, &c. 10, 11—McLellan v. McLellan. 22—McCarty v. Giroux. 23—Cohen v. Katz. 31—Bergstrom v. Ridgway Co. 37—Bastide v. E R Holden & Co. 38—Requa v. Board of Education. 39—Dahlgren v. Controller. 40—Matter of Latham. 41—Bendix v. Bendix. 42—Kavada v. Morgan. 43—State Bank v. Leinhardt. 44—Lang v. Lang. 46—Matter of Farley. 47—Kemble v. Dressel Ry Lamp Works. 48—Lundberg v. Rondell. 49—Oppenheimer v. Cara Baya Rubber, &c, Co. 50—Oppenheimer v. Baya Rubber, &c, Co. 51—Matter of U S Restaurant & Realty Co. 52—Holm v. Holm. 53—Bender v. Lonergan. 54—Matter of Walton Avenue. 55—Matter of Helms. 56—Hamilton v. Gibson. 57—Grammer v. Grammer. 58—Clark v. Met Life Ins Co. 59—Rochester v. Chase. 60—Madison Trust Co v. Axt. 61—People, &c, v. Barbui. 62—Van Slochem v. British Columbia Ry, &c, Co. 63—Levy v. Allison. 64—Matter of Wood. 65—Matter of Rateau Sales Co. 66—Matter of Rateau Sales Co. 67—Elliott v. Paine. 68—Matter of Young. 69—McWilliams v. McWilliams. 70—Hollander v. Roth. 71—San Remo Copper Mining Co v. Moneuse. 72—Hopkins v. Hopkins. 73—Ward v. Ward. 74—Muldoon v. Day. 75—Dawbarn v. Fleischman. 76—Streitfeld v. Levi. 77—Johnson v. White. 78—Matter of 59th and 60th Sts. 79—Lefi v. Kuhne. 80—Hubbard v. Heinze.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Cohalan, J. Litigated motions. 1—Twelfth Ward Bank v. Luckes. 1½—Underhill v. Green. 2—In re Lovell. 3—Mount Mcgris Bank v. Banks. 4—Rey v. Ray. 5—Ketchum v. Prendergast. 6—Connolly Auction Co v. Rae. 7—Cohen v. Fine. 8—Ermold v. Kaltenhauser. 9—Mc-Cargo v. Jergins. 10—Levine v. Fortannascère. 11—Dux v. Goldmount Realty Co. 12—Rodinsky v. Rodinsky. 13—Angell v. Ford Co. 14—Butler v. Stand Milk Flour Co. 15—Blossom v. Cohen. 16—Frechold v. Consit Co v. Palumbo. 17—In re Church Const Co. 18—Froelich v. Chesebrough Bldg Co. 19—Moller v. Taylor. 20—Stuppler v. Smith, Gray & Co. 21—Gaesor v. Hudson Mtge Co. 22—Burke v. Fisher Co. 23—Imhof v. Terry & Tench Co. 24—Sekanius v. Haas. 25—Anderman v. L I Elec R R. 26—In re Kilcrane. 27—Horowitz v. Ginsberg. 28—Smith v. Baker-Smith Co. 29—Sedgwick v. Seward Dev Co. 30—Simberlund v. Simberlund. 31, 32—Harding v. Conlon. 33—Muller v. City of Phila. 34—Turner v. Rodgers. 35—Schenker v. Royal Turkish Tobacco Co. 36—Dinsmore v. Macpherson. 37—Hetterich v. Bosche. 38—Maher v. Gracey. 39—Pieper v. Pieper. 40, 41—Mathsius v. Haase-Lipman Const Co. 42—O'Brien v. Waldo. 43—Imire Export Lumber Co. 44—City of N Y v. Clarke Co. 45—Janitzer v. Kahn. 46—In re City of N Y. 47—Ahnen v. Farrell. 48—Salinger v. Forquignon Sales Co. 49—Miller v. Meyers. 50—Goodale v. Morgan. 51—Hudson Iron Co v. Marshcn. 52—Ettlinger v. Morgan. 53, 54—Flagge v. Gutman. 55—City of N Y v. Devaney. 56—People v. Dutton. 57—Fanser v. Fanser. 58—Levey v. Huribut. 59—Williams v. United Wireless Tel Co. 60—Dinick v. Olnick. 61—Grossman v. Coates. 62—Cashriel v. Greenbaum. 63—Fuller v. N Y Central Storage Co. 64—Sunderman v. People. 65—Weinstock v. Weinstock. 66—Alten v. Jorn. 67—McBreen v. Gerard. 68—In re Duhrkop. 69—In re Lovell. 70—Erb v. Powers Co. 71, 72—Fauser v. Fauser. 73—Quill v. Cudy. 74—Cohn v. Wieser. 75—Harburger v. Krakaur. 76—Ames v. Farrell. 77—Mott v. Mott. 78—Knoll v. Boborodanza. 79—Hickson v. Meredith. 80—Schneider v. Zintl. 81—Hustace v. Farmer. 82—Hollins v. N Y & Java Trading Co. 83—In re P. Packard Co. 84—Talkind v. Chapman. 85—In re Wallace. 86—Mabee v. Lipton. 87—Edison v. Blout. 88—Dell' Avia v. Rorate. 89—State Bank v. Mayper. 90—Passman v. Backer. 91—Eoyle v. Elger. 92—Ogilby v. Ogilby. 93—Burns v. Stanley Hoisting Co. 94—People v. Margraf. 95—Roneo Co v. Shaw-Walker Co. 96—Cohen v. Cohen. 97—Weiss v. Weiss. 98—In re Schumnan. 99—Powell v. Kadir. 100—Di Franco v. Di Franco.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Giegerich, J.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Bischoff, J.—Motions. Preferred cause. 3543—Hirsch v. Lumber Co. 2002—Kane, Jr. v. Grunig. 2203—Kane v. same. 2184—Burns v. Stanley Hoisting Co. 2241—Friedman v. Simiansky. 2242—O'Rourke v. McKesson. 2085—Oliva v. Balso Cont Co. 5378—Freeman v. City of N Y. 4318—City of N Y v. Donohue. 1782—Diamondstein v. Epstein. 1921—Goldstein v. same. 2036—Conelon v. City of N Y. 2045—Liebert v. Haber. 1476—Lewis v. Gleason. 2064—Facella v. Harbater. 2066—Vatcher v. Notron Co. 2069—Vogel v. Wichtendahl. 2090—Speltel v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 2116—Belmont & Terrace Realty Co v. Throop R & Imp Co. 2057—Cohen v. Meyer. 804—Hadnagy v. Rooney. 1396—Connors v. Galbraith. 1520—Wieser v. Wieser. 2190—Lazarus v. Canno. 1219—White v. Chandler.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Blanchard, J. 141—Stemmerman v. Kelly. 3851—Kaplan v. Rosing. 536—Arnheld v. Cohen. 1506—Quill v. Cudy. 2081—Gillies v. Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Co. 3077—Culgin v. Title Guar and Surety Co. 3097—Moffatt v. Dockendorf. 3100—Stanford v. Castle Square Opera Co. 3093—Waldner v. Reesing. 2974—Elite Distributing Co v. Batza. 4410—City of N Y v. Henry. 4381—City of N Y v. American Mfg Co.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Motion calendar. Edwin S. Lemoine, Jacob Mamie Scott, Jacob Tepper, Richard Carlin, Heinrich Spohr, Sigmund Cohn, Joseph B. Roffis, Maximilian Berg, Fanny Klein, John C. Tillotson, George Lorillard, John McGuire, William W. Lesem, Adele Gueutal, Albert I. Silverman, William H. Jackson, Elizabeth Lauer, Carmine Sisti, Hannah Ikelheimer, Jacob Aronson, Leo L. Braunfeld, Peter Schumacher, Meyer Guggenheim, Harriet B. Tinkham, Mary A. Kennelly, Robert J. Hicks, Joseph Baum, Robert Mellen, John Quinn, Theodore Pfodenhauer, Harmon H. Steffens; Linda D. Cocksey, Samuel W. Halsey, James A. Richmond, Thomas Minford, Martha J. Whitney, Sarah R. Cornell, Peter W. Hasenak, Margaret Stanton, Henri Koch, Giuseppe Antonio Cello, Harriette Willmer, Lewis B. Brown, Joseph Coolidge, Arza C. Peck, Anna Quinn, Theodore Gilbert King, Joseph B. Hughes, William Bollmann, Eugene Schieffelin, Emily M. Noyes. Wills for probate. Margaret Schneider, Grace McVey, Dora E. Herzstein, Elizabeth Jaeger, Johanna Gerstl, Maurice Shapiro, Francis Mallon, Melville E. Hale, Thomas F. Devin, Frances S. H. Peir, Evelyn M. Bell.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S.—Contested wills: William C. Allen, Mary A. McGuire, Luke A. Matteson.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Smith, J.; Part II., La Fetra, J.; Part III., Schmuck, J.; Part V., Lynch, J.; Part VI., Finelite, J.; Part VII., McAvoy, J.; Part VIII., Delehanty, J.—Calendar called in Part III. at 9:45 A. M. 3587—Goetz v. Sloan. 3580—Wolf v. same. 3621—Stikler v. Rosenthal. 3138—Barba v. Carucci. 3526—Werner v. Dempsey. 3590—Davola v. Penn R R. 3627—Hirshman v. Klein. 3628—Schechter v. Stamler. 3630—Appel v. Praskin. 3092—Aronson v. Cooper. 3573—Goldstein v. Int R T Co. 3645—Friedman v. Joline. 3647—Fay v. Schanz. 3650—Friedlander v. Broskowitz. 3651—Mandel Williams Lumber Co v. Anderson. 3060—Lamcheck v. Joline. 3665—Baillard Co. v. Universal Stamping Mach Co. 3667½—Bernstein v. I O A I. 3458—Lalish v. Schmidt. 3495—Garvan v. Comm'l Bureau Co. 3422—Helmlich v. De Wolf. 3460—Schulman v. Morgenstein. 3626—Morgenstein v. Mayer. 3669—Vandt v. Gibbs. 3670—Amore v. Foundation Co. 3671—Pizze v. Tidewater Bldg Co. 3672—Candela v. Pace. 3673—A. B. Sands & Son Co v. Simonson. 2043—Gianpal & Co v. Paoli. 3674—Smith v. N Y Herald Co. 3675—Kaussman v. Belasco. 3676—Crawford v. Hoppel. 3677—Pollock v. Trinnible. 3678—King v. Sarin. 3679—Pretsch v. N Y Taxicab Co. 3680—Herlihy v. Blokus. 3681—Arbolino v. Arbolino.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Donnelly, J.—3274—Schwartzbook v. Schwartzbook. 3260—Kaufman v. Oliver. 3206—Roth v. Stern. 3264—Brunk v. Clancy. 3245—O'Brien v. Mandel. 3224—Pope v. Miller. 3280—Stewart v. Shubert. 3200—Zucker v. Margulies. 3276—Livingston v. Polatschek. 3188—Pumphrey v. Sonora Phono Co. 3278—Masen v. Demmerle Co. 3279—Schmacher v. Marks. 3261—Brinn v. Farowich. 3295—Kaimo v. Am Label Co. 3299—Russell v. Kearney. 3194—California Wine Ass'n v. Krauter. 3266—Roden v. Noonan & Price Co. 3296—Lovett v. Reich.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Rabecca B. Powell v. Helen D. Jenkins—Charles L. Parker. Julius Levy v. Adolph Hollander Realty Co.—Simon Schuermacher.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J.—Rose Pelser v. Isaac Peiser—William J. Moran.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Mary C. Maguire v. Annie Goldflam—Jacob Katz. Bank of Saving v. Isaac D. Levy—Albert Sanders.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Schwannecke v. Schwannecke—Edward S. Clinch. Knoeple v. Ripin—Henry N. Steinert. Rachjen v. City of New York—Wilbur Larremore.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Scheurer v. Whitridge—Arthur S. Friend. In re Weber—William O. Campbell.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J.—Coventry v. McCreery—Robert L. Luce. Balser v. Colletti—Louis Wendal, Jr. Dannhauser v. Katonah Construction Co.—John Reilly. Lawrence v. Hellbrun—John Hardy.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Crane, J.; Part II., Aspinall, J.; Part III., Clark, J.; Part IV., Kelly, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J. 6062—Zawada v. Nassau R R. 6890—Brown v. B H R R. 3191—McAlvanney v. Werbelovsky. 4496—Bellner v. Nassau R R. 4047—Evans v. B H R R. 4262—Casertano v. same. 5039, 11581—Moss v. Nassau R R. 11022—Borough Bank v. Taft Const Co. 6426, 6427—Galloway v. B H R R. 6237—Muir v. same. 10831—Reeves v. Hayes. 3386—Horn v. Schmalhols. 6734—Heyn v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 5702—Mulhearn v. Robins Co. 11044—Murray v. Turner. 6345—Baldock v. B H R R. 10721—Williams v. Hinderman. 7186—Vaccaro v. O'Grady. 7083—Naaml v. Nassau R R. 5643—Tenney v. Mackenzie. 7168—Porazzo v. Fuller & O'Connor Cont Co. 5205—Hollister v. Fuller Co. 4037—Wenslawowitz v. Kraunot. 11987—Driscoll v. Hubbard Alton Co. 11851—Hoglund v. B H R R. 6739—Kent v. Wilson Co. 3223—Ryder v. Bklyn El R R. 4158—Woods v. B H R R. 10965—Hayes v. Boro' Development Co. 5107, 5108—Williams v. Nassau R R. 5194—Westermayr v. Archer. 5576—Schneider v. Schechter & Sons. 4493—Seery v. Nassau R R. 5011—Dicker v. B H R R. 6313—Halpin v. Forbell. 4797—Ledogar v. B H R R.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 668—Sylvander v. B H R R. 5425—Sheridan v. Nassau R R. 6624—Wittman v. Rosen. 4961—Kunz v. City of N Y. 2344—Stern v. B H R R. 6943—Davis v. Jacobs. 7073—Grauer v. Vernon. 1063—Orpen v. Corn et al. 12029—Gibson v. Gibson. 11694—Cross, Austin & Ireland v. Olsson et al. 3996—Blake v. Nassau R R. 4782—Bennett v. B H R R. 4643—Driscoll v. same. 4651—Fahibusch v. same. 5137—Ringking v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 3080—Price v. Nassau R R. 4400—Rasmussen v. same. 3850—Munson v. B H R R. 4380—Walsh v. same. 5800—Bennett v. Ginsburg. 10054—Rachevalski v. Tartar Chemical Co. 5884—Clark v. Gelsman. 4861—Morrisey v. Leavy & Britton Brewery. 11969—Farley v. Nadler et al. 10485—Healy v. B H R R. 3067—McDonald v. same. 6679—Coutant v. same. 4779—Buesner v. same. 8571—Sheehan v. Nassau R R. 5922—Nickel v. Woods. 7134—Sumner v. White. 3283—Boitano v. B H R R. 3158—Batterman v. Morris et al. 6174—Spritzer v. Weinman. 7201—Algieri v. Munson S S Co. 7203—Dietrich v. Fire Ins Salvage Corps. 7200—Barr v. Paligernky. 7207—Donohue v. Cohen. Highest number reached on regular call, 7207.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Fawcett, J.—Appeals from Magistrates' Courts: The People, &c, v. Geraldine Brown; People, &c, v. Selma Brown; People, &c, v. Beatrice Wallace; People, &c, v. Catherine Smith; People, &c, v. Annie Smith. Civil calendar. 1543—Fox v. Bainbridge. 1559—Swinton v. Sulsky Bros. 1521, 1522—Willoughby Realty Co v. Erdtmann. 1558—Ward v. Marrazzo. 1560—Averill v. Block. 1524—Brody v. Willsum Rlty and Constn Co. 1525—Falz v. Rialto Realty Co.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part III.—Grant, J.—Calendar sent from Part II. (No jury trials.)

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Jenks, P. J.; Hirschberg, Burr, Woodward, Rich, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar. 677—Zirk v. Baker. 678—Cooper v. same. 679, M A—Mechanics & Traders' Ins Co v. Goebeler. 684—Gaffney v. Gaffney. 179, N E—Same v. same. 686, M A—Stelter v. Cordes. 687—Kalb v. Redwood. 506—Kellum v. Corr. 546—Taber v. City of N Y. 634, M A—Weller v. Stengel. 667—Spila v. N Y C & H R R R. 626—Reith v. same. 192, N E—Matter of Blossom Heath Inn.

Stock Increase to Improve Road.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 15.—Stockholders of the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad held a special meeting here today and voted an increase in the capital stock from $22,000,000 to $40,000,000. The increase, it was announced, is to take care of improvements.

NEW PANAMA BONDS LIKELY TO BE 102 1-2

Some Bankers Think Bids May Be Higher, Though Others Say 101½ May Bring a Share.

QUOTED ON CURB AT 103⅛

Sale of Them Will Be a Test of Investment Demand, as They Are Not Good to Secure Bank Circulation.

Bankers are awaiting the opening of bids for the $50,000,000 of new Panama 3s to-morrow with an unusual degree of interest. Owing to the absence of the customary circulation privilege, this offering is expected to prove a real test of the investment demand.

There is a wide difference of opinion in Wall Street as to the average price which will be received. The heads of several banks and trust companies expressed the opinion that the private investment demand will bring the price up to 102½ or even better, while most bond men are inclined to think that an offer of 101½ will prove high enough to get a share of the offering.

The Secretary of the Treasury has the right to sell $290,000,000 of these bonds, of which the $50,000,000 advertised this week is the first offering. Previous Government issues have appealed to National banks, which were allowed to deposit the bonds as a basis for issuing National banknotes. Moreover, it has been the custom of the Treasury Department to leave on deposit with the banks a large part of the money required to take up the bonds allotted to them. These features greatly enhanced the value of the bonds for National banks.

It has been learned from the Treasury Department that receipts from to-morrow's offering will be called for and used to strengthen the working balance in Washington, although some of the prospective bidders are hoping that 50 per cent. of the payment will be left with them. This and the fact that the Panama 3s cannot be used for circulation have made it difficult to estimate the price which it will be necessary to offer for the issue, and will undoubtedly result in keeping down the number of banking bids.

So far as could be learned yesterday there will be no syndicates formed to bid for all or part of the $50,000,000.

One report yesterday was that Eugene Meyer & Co. were forming a syndicate, in which a bank was associated, to put in a large bid. It is understood that J. P. Morgan & Co. will not participate in any syndicate, nor submit a bid on their own account. The National City Bank will bid for a large amount, and perhaps all of the issue, but not on the basis established on the curb, where the new bonds have been quoted at 103⅛. The National City Bank bid will be made up in Washington after a conference of the bankers here to-morrow morning. Eugene Meyer & Co. are expected to bid for a considerable part of the offering, but Fisk & Robinson, who got nearly all of the $30,000,000 offered in 1904, will probably make no attempt to get any large share of to-morrow's award.

A banker who has been conspicuously successful in bidding for other Government issues said yesterday that in his opinion the $50,000,000 would be heavily oversubscribed at an average price of perhaps 101¼. He did not believe that more than $10,000,000 would be obtained by banks, and of these $3,500,000 is already been sold in anticipation. He believes that the Government's effort to test the investment buying will be rewarded by upward of 2,000 bids from individuals, but that few of these will be above 101. The average buyer is not willing to pay much of a premium over par, even for a Government bond. At the curb price the yield is brought down to about 2.85 per cent.

In some previous offerings the Treasury Department has stood back of the bankers in return for assurance of a successful sale of the entire issue. In this instance the offering is made a popular one. It is understood in some quarters that the Secretary is prepared to sell additional bonds "over the counter" at a price based on the average received for the $50,000,000, and this fact, while not generally credited, has also militated against a larger banking demand for the issue.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Following is the forecast for the cotton and grain States for Friday and Saturday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

North Carolina—Unsettled Friday and Saturday, probably showers Saturday in western portion; light to moderate variable winds.

South Carolina—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; light variable winds.

Georgia—Fair Friday. Saturday, unsettled, probably showers in northern portion; light variable winds.

Florida—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; light to moderate variable winds, except southerly in northwest portion.

Alabama and Mississippi—Fair Friday. Saturday, unsettled, probably local showers; light to moderate variable winds.

Louisiana—Fair Friday. Saturday, unsettled, probably local showers and cooler in interior; moderate southerly winds on the coast.

Eastern Texas—Local showers and cooler Friday or Friday night in northern portion, fair in southern. Saturday, generally fair; moderate southerly winds on the coast.

Western Texas—Showers and cooler Friday or Friday night, except fair in extreme southern portion. Saturday fair, except showers in extreme western portion.

Utah—Fair, warmer; Saturday fair.

Oklahoma—Showers Friday; not so warm in central and western portions. Saturday generally fair.

Arkansas—Unsettled and continued warm Friday, followed by showers and cooler in afternoon or night; Saturday probably showers.

Tennessee—Unsettled Friday and Saturday; probably showers Saturday.

Kentucky—Unsettled Friday; warmer in central and eastern portions. Saturday probably showers.

Ohio—Unsettled and warmer Friday. Saturday showers; moderate variable winds.

Indiana—Unsettled and warmer Friday; showers at night or Saturday; light to moderate east to southeast winds.

Illinois—Unsettled Friday; warmer in northeast portions; showers in the afternoon or night and probably Saturday; cooler Saturday; moderate southeast to south winds, becoming variable Saturday.

Lower Michigan—Unsettled and warmer Friday. Saturday, showers; light to moderate variable winds.

Upper Michigan—Showers Friday afternoon or night and probably Saturday; moderate, variable winds.

Wisconsin—Showers Friday in western, and Friday or Friday night in eastern portion; warmer Friday in eastern and central portions. Saturday, showers and cooler; moderate, variable winds.

Minnesota—Showers Friday. Saturday, fair in western, showers in eastern portion; light to moderate variable winds.

Iowa and Missouri—Showers Friday afternoon or night and probably Saturday; somewhat cooler Friday in western portions, and on Saturday in eastern portions.

South Dakota—Showers Friday; cooler in central and eastern portions. Saturday, fair and warmer.

Kansas—Showers and somewhat cooler Friday. Saturday, fair; warmer in western portion.

Nebraska—Showers Friday; cooler in eastern and southern portions. Saturday, fair; warmer in western portion.

North Dakota—Generally fair Friday and Saturday.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

Frank Adamus, the former lightweight boxing star, has decided to join the professional ranks, and he will make his debut to-morrow night in a ten-round bout with Jack Curley at the Fairmont A. C. Adamus recently returned from Chicago, where he spent the past year. In the semi-final bout Barry Hill, who made such a strong showing against Young Reilly last week, will oppose Artie Edwards. One other ten-round bout and two contests of six rounds will also be staged.

Jewey Smith, the English heavyweight pugilist, who has fought Tommy Burns, Sam McVey, Ian Hague, and practically all the noted heavyweights in Paris and London, has arrived in this country and is anxious to take on some of the American heavyweights. He has fought Jim Maher twice and each has won a battle, so it is likely that Maher will be his first opponent here.

The Twentieth Century A. C. is angling for a match between Porky Flynn, the Boston heavyweight, who was to have fought Joe Jeanette to-night, and Andy Morris of Nova Scotia, who recently knocked out Jim Savage of New Jersey in two rounds.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—The market, after a day of irregularity, closed at a moderate net decline. News was conflicting, and price changes were quick, the market developing no decided tendency. Steadiness of cables had some influence on prices, but there was no particular interest developed from this, although there was some foreign buying of futures reported. The persistent steadiness of European markets, in face of the American decline since last week, shows an underlying condition there which may become a material factor in the market. Crop accounts from Hungary have been unsatisfactory of late, and the Hungarian market has been strong. The Government reports on European crops states that there is a notable lack of optimism over the probable yield of the Winter cereals in Europe, and they will probably fall considerably short of the production of the past two years. Weather conditions in Winter wheat States were very favorable for harvesting. There are some complaints of premature ripening and of shrunken berries, but these are not general. The Price Current states that the crop promise has improved for Winter wheat since June 1, and that the conditions for Spring wheat have been excellent. The private reports from the Northwest reiterated advices of damage in some portions of South Dakota, while the Iowa State report claims serious need of rain in that State, and unfavorable conditions for small grain. Generally the Spring wheat advices continue favorable. There was a little more export interest, and shippers reported five loads of Manitoba wheat at New York and six loads at outports. No. 2 red was quoted 95¼c. free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.03, and No. 1 Manitoba, $1.04⅛.

CORN was moderately active, with prices advancing during the morning, reacting in the afternoon. There was some selling, on the predictions of showers, and also the reports of actual rainfall at scattered points. The cash situation seems to be largely a sympathetic one. Very little actual damage is reported, although there is a great deal of apprehension. Timely rains would still keep the crop in a position promising a record yield. Cash corn is firm, and export inquiry is close to the market. Export sales were reported at 60,000 bushels. No. 2 was quoted at 60¾c, free on board.

OATS.—Trading was active, with new high levels reached, although not held. The rains reported West were not general enough to have much effect, and the predictions of showers seem to cause only temporary selling early. Later, when early buyers tried to sell, the advance was lost. The crop situation is a serious one, and unless very shortly relieved, pronounced damage is believed likely to occur. Spot oats were steady, with standards 44c; No. 2 white, 44½c; No. 3 white, 43½c.

PROVISIONS.—Trade in hog products was very quiet again, but with prices steady. Live hog receipts West were smaller, but live hog prices were generally 5 to 10 cents lower, and this offset the lighter movement.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July	95¼	94	94⅛	94⅞
September	94½	93¾	93¾	94
Corn—				
July	62	62	61⅝	62
September	..	..	62	62½
December	..	..	62	63½
Lard—	Closing Call.			Prev. Close. Bid.
Spot	$8.20@$8.35			$8.20
June	8.20@ 8.30			8.20
July	8.22@ 8.26			8.20
September	8.35@ 8.42			8.42
November	8.20@ 8.30			8.20
December	8.05@ 8.17			8.07
January	8.00@ 8.15			8.00

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July	88½	86⅞	87⅛	88
September	88⅝	86⅝	87⅛	87½
December	90½	89¼	89½	89¾
Corn—				
July	55⅜	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝
September	56⅜	55⅛	56	55⅞
December	55⅝	54½	54⅝	54⅞
Oats—				
July	38⅞	38¼	38¼	38⅝
September	39⅝	39¼	39½	39½
December	41½	40¾	40¾	40⅝
Lard—				
July	$8.12½	$8.10	$8.10	$8.17½
September	8.27½	8.22½	8.22½	8.32½
December	7.97½	7.95	7.95	8.07½
Ribs—				
July	8.17½	8.15	8.17½	8.22½
September	8.15	8.12½	8.12½	8.17½
January	7.47½	7.40	7.47½	7.47½
Pork—				
July	15.20	15.15	15.15	15.25
September	15.02½	15.00	15.00	15.10

COTTONSEED OIL.

A marked change in the undertone of the market was witnessed during yesterday's session. While further switching by July longs and covering by shorts was in evidence, heavy liquidation was discerned. Undoubtedly, however, this selling was being anticipated by shorts, as the offerings were fairly well absorbed. Probabilities of liberal tenders during the early part of July and a belief that no important support will be forthcoming until speculative holdings have been disposed of were factors. The decline in lard values and rains in parts of the Western cotton belt were also influences not lost sight of. Consuming inquiry is not in encouraging volume. Future quotations follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	6.50	6.48	6.42@6.49	6.42
June	6.47	6.41	6.42@6.48	6.50
July	6.52	6.48	6.48@6.49	6.55
August	6.52	6.48	6.48@6.50	6.54
September	6.52	6.48	6.15@6.18	6.18
October	6.18	6.17	5.82@5.84	5.87
November	5.86	5.86	5.80@5.81	5.85
December	5.81	5.80	5.81@5.85	5.86
January	..	..	..	..

COTTON.

Irrespective of benefits which the cotton crop will derive from the rains reported in Texas, and notwithstanding the difference of opinion as to the extent of this moisture, there was very heavy liquidation in the market during yesterday's session. Selling started abroad, and continued persistently until declines of over ¼ cent per pound had been registered in the old-crop months, and a dollar a bale had been deducted from the value of new-crop options. There was some support from the principal bull clique, but this proved entirely insufficient to stem the decline, although doubtless it restricted further outside pressure, and beam hammering. Wall Street and the South were conspicuous sellers during the day.

Liverpool was below expectations at the start, with the reports of American selling there, and while the official weather map failed to disclose any precipitation in Texas, long before our opening, there were private reports of moisture at many points. Under the influence of such advices losses of 3 to 10 points were established, and the rallies thereafter were feeble, until in the late trading, when a somewhat better tone was in evidence due to short covering, and private predictions of clearing conditions. It was argued that while parts of Texas and Oklahoma may have been relieved, there are still many sections in need of moisture, and it will take something more than light rains to benefit the soil where moisture has been insufficient for many months.

The detailed weather reports showed no moisture in any section worth mentioning excepting in the Houston district, where precipitation ranged from .02 to .70 of an inch at seven points. Temperatures were reported at over 100 in many sections. Private advices, however, were more bearish, and it was gleaned from these that rains were more or less general in the Dallas, Fort Worth, Waxahatchie, Sherman and Denton districts, and further intimated that the rains extended into Oklahoma. The official forecast was for unsettled conditions over night, in the Western belt, and generally fair in the Eastern sections. Advices to The New Orleans Times-Democrat from Fort Worth stated that there were general rains, Wednesday night and Thursday morning over a radius of 300 miles in every direction.

Although some authorities claim that there was evidence of good buying in the old-crop positions on a scale down, it could not be denied, but that offerings were free during the entire session. Tired holders were liquidating, discouraged at the good response made to bear news. When the drought reports were in full swing, July and August lagged, and although the statistical position has not weakened, these options are substantially below their high records.

Southern spot markets were unchanged to ⅛c lower, New York spot cotton quiet, 15 points decline; middlings, 15.65c. Future prices follow.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	15.30	15.30	15.15@15.19	15.38
July	15.45	15.30	15.29@15.27	15.52
August	15.00	14.78	14.89@14.87	15.05
September	13.78	13.70	13.71@13.73	13.84
October	13.48	13.34	13.40@13.41	13.53
November	13.46	13.43	13.40@13.41	13.52
December	13.49	13.35	13.42@13.43	13.54
January	13.48	13.35	13.40@13.41	13.54
March	13.53	13.41	13.44@13.48	13.60
May	13.53	13.49	13.50@13.52	13.64

Market steady, 12 to 26 points decline.

COFFEE.

Coffee met unexpected firmness in Europe, where the French market advanced ½@1¼f and Hamburg was up ¼ pfennig. Prices started 2 to 7 points higher. Shorts in July were nervous, but the close was barely steady, 2 points net lower to 5 points advance. Total sales were 28,000 bags. Rio was unchanged; Santos was 50 reis lower. Cost and freight offers were about unchanged. Spot coffee, 12¾c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	..	..	10.80@

Saving and Investing

The habit of saving is the first step towards investment. After a savings fund has been accumulated it should not, however, be invested until knowledge has been gained of the principles underlying conservative investment.

It is our function as investment bankers to aid investors in selecting investments that would seem to be best adapted to their requirements, and we are always ready to extend the facilities of our organization to any one seriously interested in this subject.

In these days, it is not a difficult matter to obtain investment bonds yielding approximately 5 per cent., and which, in our judgment, combine:

1. Safety as to principal.
2. Convertibility into cash.
3. Opportunity for profit.

Write for Bond Circular No. 837, "Investment Securities."

Spencer Trask & Co.
43 Exchange Place, New York
Albany—Boston—Chicago
Members New York Stock Exchange

The Desirability of Public Utility Securities

has been established by their record for stability and uninterrupted high income. These elements are conspicuous in the securities of this class which we offer because we ourselves are largely interested in and control and operate the properties upon which they are based.

Write for Circular

Meikleham & Dinsmore
Engineers and Bankers
25 BROAD STREET, New York City — 60 State Street Boston

A First Mortgage Gas Bond to Yield 5.75% Income

Earnings available for interest in 1910 over 3 times the amount required.

Earnings for 1st quarter 1911 over 5 times the interest requirements.

Principal and Interest Guaranteed by indorsement on each bond.

Compulsory sinking fund payable to trustee monthly to retire large amounts of bonds every year commencing July 1st, 1911, will in our opinion greatly enhance the market value of these bonds in the near future.

Price and full particulars on request.

White & Co.
Bankers.
25 Pine Street — New York

JOHN MUNROE & CO.
30 Pine St. NEW YORK — 4 Post Office Sq. BOSTON
LETTERS OF CREDIT
providing funds for travellers in all parts of the world.
COMMERCIAL LETTERS OF CREDIT
FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND COLLECTIONS
CABLE TRANSFERS
MUNROE & CO.
7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS.

6% Guaranteed Timber Bonds
Property valued at over FOUR times the bonded debt.
First mortgage on going concern.
Recommended by prominent banks.
Send for circular and booklet.
Farson, Son & Co.
New York 21 Broad St. — Chicago First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

7% and Safety
We offer, at a price to pay more than 7%, the Notes, due Feb. 1, 1913, of a well-known Railroad Co., secured by first mortgage Bonds, at the rate of about $14,000 a mile.
Circular upon request.
F. J. Lisman & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
30 Broad St., New York
Philadelphia Chicago Baltimore Hartford

We own and offer
$405,000
City of Bayonne, N. J. 4½s
Price and particulars on application.
R. M. Grant & Co.
31 Nassau St. BANKERS New York

WE BUY OR SELL:—
LORD & TAYLOR COMMON STOCK
Listed securities carried on margin.
B. H. & F. W. PELZER
Phone 6060 Hanover. — 43 Exchange Place, N. Y.

FOR SALE.
100 American Type Founders Pfd.
100 Atlantic Coast Line of Conn.
100 Federal Light & Trac. Com. & Pfd.
100 Hudson & Manhattan R. R. Com.
100 Niles-Bement-Pond Com.
200 Standard Gas & Elec. Pfd.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
New York 30 Broad St. — Boston 50 Congress St.
Private telephones between New York and Boston.

WE OFFER
Lackawanna Steel 5s, 1915
J. S. Bache & Co.
42 Broadway Tel. 6600 Broad

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Sell Off After Firmness in Early Trading—Interest in Bond Offerings.

COMMODITY PRICES REACT

Money Market Effects of Panama Bond Issue and Corporation Tax Payments.

A further forward movement which carried United States Steel to 80 and Union Pacific to above 187 with fractional advances in a number of other stocks was followed yesterday by a general selling movement, in the course of which prices practically throughout the list suffered losses from small fractions to above 1 point. In a few instances specific explanations appeared for the recession, but more generally speaking the decline appeared to have its origin in selling induced by no more specific cause than the advances which lately had been made in a number of issues. As a matter of fact the movement of prices was not very closely related to current developments, for these included a sharp decline in the cotton market and a reaction in grain prices, both of which should normally have stimulated the stock market. The downward movement in the commodities market was helped, if it was not brought about, by reports of rain during the day in the Southwest, particularly in Texas, which for some time past has been in need of moisture. It has been recognized that the cotton crop in particular needed rain after a prolonged dry period, and an ample rainfall would undoubtedly be a most favorable development. The Winter wheat crop has also been needing rain, but much of that crop is already so close to harvest if it has not actually been harvested that the time is fast going by at which the yield of the cereal can be much increased by rainfall.

Great interest was taken in the Chinese bond offering, and the inquiries which came to hand yesterday fully bore out the previous day's indication of a heavy oversubscription. Another bond transaction of even greater immediate interest is the $50,000,000 offering for which our own Government will receive bids to-morrow. The success of this issue is amply assured, though bankers will not be surprised if the great bulk of the bids submitted to the Government will be well below the prices lately quoted for the issue in the advance trading on the Curb Should any such premium be realized as that suggested by the current quotations of 103 and over, it will probably show that the interest which individual investors, as distinguished from financial institutions, are taking in this issue is even greater than is generally believed. From a money market point of view considerable interest attaches to the definite statement contained in Washington dispatches that no part of the proceeds of this $50,000,000 issue will be left on deposit with the banks. If this programme is followed out it means, of course, that this full sum will be drawn from the bank reserve of the country. The bulk of the corporation tax, estimated for this year at close to $30,000,000, remains to be collected during the closing days of this month, while payments on the Panama bond issue will have to be made during the first two weeks of July. These two operations will, therefore, withdraw a very considerable amount of cash, a large part of which must in the ordinary course of events be supplied by the banks of this city. An offsetting influence is the fact that July is a month of heavy Government disbursements. Despite these heavy prospective cash withdrawals bankers are not anticipating any substantial increase in interest rates, for the reason among others that any upward tendency in money rates here would almost to a certainty start the gold inflow which would already have begun had it not been for the artificial barrier put in its way by the refusal of the Bank of France to release gold for export. Somewhat firmer interest rates, however, toward the close of this month may well take place inasmuch as these special demands upon the money market will fall coincidentally with the preparations for the July 1 disbursements.

Inquiries made yesterday for sixty locomotives by the Erie Railroad suggest a condition upon which many are counting for a very considerable increase in steel trade activity durng the next few months. In the absence of any serious impairment of the excellent crop outlook many railroads, it is believed, will feel the necessity of adding to their equipment and of increasing their maintenance outlays in anticipation of the Fall crop and other traffic movements with resultant increase in the business which steel manufacturers are deriving from the railroads. The latter have placed orders only sparingly for a considerable time past, and for the most part this withholding of orders merely means a postponement of purchases which in the long run will have to be made in order to maintain railroad standards. This is one of the strong elements in the present steel-trade position and one which in part accounts for the feeling of confidence which has been growing up in the steel trade since the events which led to the recent price revision.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Can Co. for dividend on preferred.
Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad for dividend on preferred.
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway for dividend.
Cincinnati Street Railway for dividend.
Cleveland Railway for dividend.
Hedley Gold Mining Co. for dividend.
International Silver Co. for dividend on preferred.
Kansas City, Ft. Scott & Memphis Railway for dividend on preferred.
Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Co. for dividend.
Nevada Consolidated Copper Co. for dividend.
Republic Iron and Steel Co. for dividend on preferred.
Utah Copper Co. for dividend.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper..5	July 1,'13	100	100⅜	4.77
Am. Cigar P....4	Mar. 15,'12	97⅛	100	4.00
Ann Arbor.....5	May 1,'13	98½	99	5.57
Balt. & Ohio...4½	June 1,'13	100¾	100⅝	4.31
Beth. Steel Co..6	Nov. 1,'14	100½	100⅝	5.80
Ches. & Ohio...4½	June 1,'14	99½	99⅝	4.68
C., H. & D. pur. money.....4	July 1,'13	98⅞	99¼	4.37
Col. & Alton..5	Mar. 15,'13	99⅝	99⅞	5.08
Erie 6	Apr. 8,'14	100⅜	101	5.53
Gen. Motors...6	Oct. 1,'15	98	98⅜	6.33
Gen. Rubber....4½	July 1,'15	96¼	97	5.34
Hudson Co...6	Feb. 1,'13	98¾	98⅝	6.81
Int. & Gt. N...5	May 15,'14	98½	98⅝	6.81
K. C. R & L..8	Sept., 1912	..	92	..
L. St. cv. deb..5	Mar., 1915	94	94½	6.75
Minn. & St. L.5	Feb., 1913	95	96	7.60
Mo., K. & T..5	June 1,'13	99⅜	99¼	5.07
Mo. Pacific....5	June 1,'14	98¼	98⅝	5.59
Nat. Conduit of M.4	June 1,'13	97⅜	98¼	5.39
N. Y. Central..4½	Mar. 1,'14	100⅛	100⅜	4.35
Pac. T. & T...5	Jan. 5,'12	100⅝	..	..
Pere Marq.....6	July 1,'12	98	99	6.53
St. L. & S. F..5	Mar. 1,'13	98½	98¾	5.46
St. L. & S. F..5	June 1,'13	98⅜	99⅛	5.40
Southern Ry.:.5	Feb. 1,'13	100¼	100⅝	4.76
Tidewater Co...6	June 1,'13	101½	101⅝	5.01
West. T. & T..5	Feb. 1,'12	100⅝	100⅞	4.00
Westinghouse..6	Aug. 1,'13	101½	101⅝	5.11

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted unchanged in London at 24⅛d per ounce, and in New York unchanged at 53⅛c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales June 15, 1911..... 463,120
From Jan. 1, 1911..... 49,509,861
Same period last year..... 91,420,306

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
69⅜	69⅞	21,000	Amalgamated Copper..	70⅝	70⅝	69¾	69⅞	−⅛
57¼	57⅜	300	Am. Agricul. Chem....	57½	57¾	57½	57⅝	−⅛
54⅝	54½	6,300	Am. Beet Sugar.....	55½	55½	54⅝	54½	−⅛
93½	95½	100	Am. Brake Shoe & Fy..	95	95	95	95	−1
11	11⅛	700	Am. Can.....	11⅜	11⅜	11¼	11¼	−⅛
87¼	87⅝	400	Am. Can pf.....	87¼	87⅝	87	87½	−⅛
56⅜	56⅞	400	Am. Car & Foundry....	57½	57½	56⅞	56⅞	+⅛
116	118	10	Am. Car & Fy. pf.....	116½	116½	116½	116½	..
51½	52	2,600	Am. Cotton Oil.....	52¼	52¾	51	51½	−1⅛
26	26½	200	Am. Hide & Leath. pf..	26½	26⅞	26	26	−⅛
22¼	23	3,525	Am. Ice Securities....	22	23½	22	22¾	+1⅛
41¾	42½	100	Am. Locomotive.....	42	42	42	42	−⅞
109	110⅜	200	Am. Locomotive pf....	110	110	110	110	+1
34½	35½	300	Am. Malt pf.....	35½	35½	35	35	−⅛
82¼	82⅝	11,325	Am. Smelt. & Ref....	83⅝	83⅞	82¼	82¼	−⅝
108	108½	900	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf..	107¾	108½	107¾	108½	+⅝
42¼	43	50	Am. Steel Foundries...	43	43	43	43	..
120⅜	121	500	Am. Sugar Refining...	121½	121½	120½	120½	−⅞
118	119	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf....	119	119	119	119	..
151⅜	151½	1,100	Am. Tel. & Tel.....	151⅞	151⅞	151⅜	151⅝	−½
33	33⅜	300	Am. Woolen.....	33¾	33¾	33¼	33¼	−¼
95½	96	650	Am. Woolen pf.....	95⅝	96¼	95⅝	95⅝	..
40¼	40⅞	600	Anaconda Copper Co...	41	41⅛	41	41	..
113⅜	113⅞	11,900	Atch., Top. & S. F....	114⅜	114⅞	113⅜	113⅝	−⅛
104½	105	700	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf..	105¼	105¼	105	105	−⅞
131	132	400	Atlantic Coast Line...	132	122	131⅞	131⅞	−⅛
108	108⅛	3,200	Baltimore & Ohio.....	108⅜	108⅜	108⅛	108⅛	−⅛
89	89½	200	Baltimore & Ohio pf...	89½	89½	89½	89½	−⅛
33	33¾	400	Bethlehem Steel.....	34	34	33¾	33¾	+⅛
62½	63	600	Bethlehem Steel pf....	63¾	63¾	62¼	62¼	−1⅛
80¼	80½	1,900	Brooklyn Rapid Tran..	80¼	80½	80	80⅜	+⅜
144	145	200	Brooklyn Union Gas...	144¼	144½	144⅛	144⅛	−⅜
9¾	10⅜	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. Sec..	10	10	10	10	..
240⅛	140¼	1,640	Canadian Pacific.....	240⅝	241¼	240⅛	240⅛	−⅝
31¼	31½	1,300	Central Leather Co....	32⅛	32⅜	31½	31½	−⅜
84¼	84½	5,100	Chesapeake & Ohio....	85¼	85⅛	84⅛	84½	−⅛
45¾	46	300	Chi. Gt. Western pf....	45	45⅞	45	45⅛	+⅛
127⅜	127¾	7,050	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul..	128⅞	129	127¾	127¾	−⅛
154½	155	300	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf..	155½	155½	155	155	..
5½	6	100	Chi. Un. Tr. pf. tr. sta..	5½	5½	5½	5½	+⅛
24½	24¾	1,000	Chino Copper.....	24⅝	24⅞	24⅜	24⅝	+⅛
24¾	25¼	400	Colorado Fuel & Iron..	25¼	25¼	24⅝	24⅝	−⅛
55	55½	100	Colorado & Southern..	55¼	55¼	54⅞	54⅞	−⅛
80½	81	100	Col. & South. 1st pf....	80½	80½	80½	80½	−½
146	147	1,900	Consolidated Gas.....	147	147	146	146	−1
13⅜	15½	500	Corn Products Ref....	15¼	15⅝	15¼	15⅝	+⅛
82⅝	84	100	Corn Products Ref. pf..	83¾	83⅞	83⅜	83¾	+⅛
173	174	450	Delaware & Hudson...	173	173	173	173	..
28¾	20¼	400	Denver & Rio Grande..	29	29	29	29	+⅛
59¼	59½	1,510	Den. & Rio Grande pf..	59⅝	59⅞	59¼	59⅝	+⅛
36¾	37	100	Distillers' Securities..	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	+⅛
35½	35⅝	12,000	Erie	36¼	36⅜	35½	35⅝	−1
55⅞	56¼	2,900	Erie 1st pf.....	57¼	57¼	56	56	−1⅝
45⅜	46	600	Erie 2d pf.....	46¼	46¼	45⅝	45⅞	−⅛
3⅜	35	200	Federal M. & S. pf....	34¾	34⅞	33¾	34⅞	+1⅞
65¾	67½	100	Federal M. & S. pf....	66	66	66	66	+¼
162	162½	2,300	First Nat. Bank.....	990	990	990	990	..
6	6½	500	General Electric.....	163	163½	162½	162½	−⅝
137⅛	137⅜	7,100	Goldfield Consol.....	6⅛	6⅛	6	6	−⅛
62⅞	62⅞	3,050	Great Northern pf....	139	139	137½	137½	−1⅝
85	87	50	G. N. certs. ore prop..	62½	63½	62⅜	62⅝	..
18¼	18⅜	900	Homestake Mining.....	85	85	85	85	..
5..	51⅜	1,800	Interborough-Met.	18⅜	18⅝	18⅜	18⅜	−⅛
122¾	123	500	Interborough-Met. pf..	51⅞	52⅛	51	51⅞	−¾
49	50	200	Int. Harvester.....	123	126	123	123	..
42¼	42½	1,150	Int. Paper pf.....	49⅜	49⅜	49⅛	49⅛	−⅞
36½	36⅞	800	Int. Steam Pump.....	42⅜	42⅜	42	42⅜	+⅛
108⅝	108⅞	4,675	Kansas City South....	37⅞	37⅞	36⅜	36⅜	−⅛
178⅝	178⅞	9,100	Laclede Gas.....	108⅞	109¼	108⅝	108⅝	..
151¼	152	700	Lehigh Valley.....	179¾	179⅞	178⅝	178⅝	−⅛
136½	138	25	Louisville & Nash....	152½	152½	151½	151½	−½
82	83½	1,350	Manhattan Elevated...	139	139	139	139	..
5	5¼	3,335	May Dept. Stores.....	82¼	83	82	83	+2
18	18⅛	6,100	Mercantile Marine....	4⅝	5¼	4⅝	5¼	+½
21⅜	22	3,100	Mercantile Marine pf..	17½	18¼	17	18	+1
30	31	300	Miami Copper.....	21⅞	22	21⅞	21⅞	..
45¼	46	100	Minn. & St. Louis.....	30¼	30⅝	30¼	30⅝	..
137⅝	137⅞	500	Minn. & St. Louis pf..	45¾	45⅞	45¾	45⅞	+⅛
57¼	57⅝	5,400	M., St. P. & S. S. M..	137⅞	138	137⅞	137⅞	−½
68	68⅜	100	Mo., Kansas & Texas..	37⅝	38⅛	37⅝	37⅝	−½
50½	50¼	6,000	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf...	68	68	68	68	−¼
136	137	400	Missouri Pacific.....	50¾	51	50	50¼	−¼
56⅜	57⅜	700	Nat. Biscuit Co.....	137⅞	137⅞	137⅞	137⅞	..
63	67½	100	Nat. Lead Co.....	57½	57½	57	57	−½
20⅜	21	5,500	Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf..	64	64	64	64	+1
73	74	400	Nev. Consol. Copper...	21¼	21¼	20⅜	20⅜	−½
110⅜	111	2,200	New York Air Brake...	73	73	73¼	73¼	+¼
45¼	45½	1,300	New York Central.....	111⅜	111½	110¾	111	−⅝
107½	108	1,600	N. Y., Ont. & West...	45¾	45¾	45½	45½	−⅜
74½	74½	200	Norfolk & Western....	108⅜	108⅜	107½	107⅝	−⅛
134½	134⅝	16,400	North Amer., ex div..	74⅜	74⅝	74½	74½	−⅛
26⅜	27	600	Northern Pacific.....	135¾	135⅞	134⅜	134½	−1⅛
50¼	50⅞	300	Pacific Mail.....	27⅜	27⅝	27⅜	27⅝	−⅛
124⅝	124⅞	2,400	Pacific Tel. & Tel....	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¼	..
106	106¼	100	Pennsylvania R. R....	125	125	124⅝	124⅝	−⅝
87	88	300	People's Gas, Chi.....	106	106	106	106	−⅛
1,200	1,200	600	P., C. C. & St. Louis..	95½	95¾	95¼	95⅜	..
37⅜	37⅝	340	Pittsburg Coal pf.....	87	87	86½	86½	−⅝
102	103	190	Pressed Steel Car.....	37⅛	37¼	36½	36¼	−½
161¼	162	300	Pressed Steel Car pf..	102	102½	102	102½	+¼
162¼	162¼	100	Pullman Company	162¼	162¼	162¼	162¼	+¼
38⅞	38¼	100	R'way Steel Spring....	38⅞	38⅞	38⅜	38⅜	−½
103½	105	500	R'way Steel Sp. pf....	103	103	103	103	+1⅞
18	18¼	62,400	Ray Consol. Copper...	18	18	18	18	−⅛
159⅝	159¾	3,000	Reading	161	161	159¾	159⅜	−⅞
30⅝	30⅝	6,500	Rep. Iron & Steel.....	31	31⅛	30⅝	30⅝	−⅛
32½	33⅜	100	Rock Island Co.....	34½	34⅝	33½	33½	−⅞
67¼	67⅝	200	Rock Island Co. pf....	68½	68¼	68¼	68½	+⅛
66	68	100	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf..	67⅞	67⅞	67½	67½	−⅛
46	46¼	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf....	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	..
32	33	100	St. Louis Southwest'n..	31½	31½	31½	31½	..
69¾	70	400	St. L. Southwest'n pf..	69¾	70	69¾	70	+⅛
120	120½	2,600	Southern Pacific.....	51	52	51	52	+1½
32	32¼	19,100	Southern R'way ext....	32½	32⅝	32⅛	32⅛	−⅜
71¾	72⅜	800	South. R'way pf., ext..	72½	72½	71⅝	71⅝	−⅝
42¼	42⅝	2,900	Tennessee Copper	43½	43½	42¾	42¾	−1½
114	115	400	Texas Co., ex div.....	120	120	115	115	−3½
29⅝	29⅞	700	Texas & Pacific.....	29⅝	29⅝	29⅜	29⅜	..
10⅝	11	200	Third Avenue	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	−⅛
22	23	400	Tol., St. L. & West....	23	23½	23	23	−⅛
50⅝	51⅜	700	Tol. St. L. & W. pf....	51¼	51¾	51¼	51⅜	+⅛
108	109	100	Twin City R. Transit..	108¾	108¾	108¼	108½	+⅝
96	96½	3,125	Underw'd Typewriter..	93⅞	96⅝	93⅞	95⅜	+1⅝
7	7⅜	100	Union Bag & Paper....	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	−⅛
185½	185⅝	19,400	Union Pacific	186⅝	187⅛	185½	185½	−1
94	94½	300	Union Pacific pf.....	94½	94½	94	94	−⅛
104	104½	200	United Cigar Mfrs. pf..	104	104	104	104	+⅛
106¾	107½	600	United Dry Goods.....	107	107½	107	107½	+⅛
105	108½	100	United Dry Goods pf...	106	106	106	106	+½
40	41	150	United Rys. Inv.....	41	41	41	41	+½
70	71	400	United Rys. Inv. pf....	70½	70½	70	70	−1
57½	59½	10	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf...	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	..
40½	41	300	U. S. Rubber.....	41	41	40½	40½	−⅛
113½	114	1,600	U. S. Rubber 1st pf....	114	114	114	114	..
78⅝	78⅞	96,100	U. S. Steel.....	79⅜	80	78⅝	78⅞	−⅛
118⅝	118½	1,000	U. S. Steel pf.....	118⅝	118⅝	118½	118½	−⅛
51	51¼	11,900	Utah Copper	51½	51⅝	50½	51	−⅛
56⅝	57	13,400	Va.-Caro. Chemical	58½	58⅝	56⅝	57	−1⅞
69½	71	550	Va. Iron, Coal & C....	69¼	70	69	70	+1
17¼	17½	300	Wabash	17½	17⅝	17⅜	17⅜	−⅛
38½	39	1,100	Wabash pf.....	39¼	39⅜	38½	38½	−½
171	173	110	Wells Fargo Express..	173	173	173	173	−1
59⅜	59⅝	1,500	Western Maryland	60	60¼	59½	59½	..
81	82⅝	200	Western Maryland pf..	81	81	81	81	..
80¼	80¼	1,310	Western Union Tel....	81⅝	81⅝	80½	80½	−⅛
75	75½	1,600	Westinghouse E. & M..	75½	75½	75¼	75¼	−½
5	5½	2,500	Wheel. & Lake Erie....	4⅝	5⅜	4⅝	5¼	+⅝
16	17	500	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf..	16	17	16	17	+1
7	7⅜	1,000	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf..	7	7¾	7	7⅜	+⅝
68¼	69	100	Wisconsin Central	69	69	69	69	..

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100½	100⅝
2s, c., 1930	100¼	..
3s, r., 1918	101½	102¼
3s, c., 1918	101½	..
4s, r., 1925	114	115
4s, c., 1925	114	115
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	..	100⅝
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	..	100⅝
Adams Exp.	240	248
Allis-Chalm. pf.	8⅜	9½
Allis-Chalm. pf.	31⅜	32½
Am. Ag. C. pf.	..	..
Am. B. S. pf.	..	101⅜
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	132½	134½
Am. Coal..	75	100
Am. Cot. Co. pf.	98	102
Am. Exp.	238	240
A. H. & L.	4¾	5
Am. L. Co.	11¼	12
Am. L. Co. pf.	..	..
Am. Malt..	3½	5
Am. S. pf., B.	88	88¾
Am. Snuff, ex div.	250	..
Am. Snuff pf. ex d.	96	100
A. T. & C.	80	83
A. Tob. pf.	95	96
Am. W. Pa. pf.	28	29½
Ann Arbor..	20	40
Ann Arbor pf.	60	80
Asso. Oil..	51½	52½
Batopilas M.	1⅝	2⅝
B., R. & P.	115	126
B., R. & P. pf.	130	150
But'k Co..	29¼	31
Canada So..	65	72¼
Cent. Leath. pf.	102	102¼
C. R. R. of N. J., ex div.	280	288
C. & S. A. Tel.	119½	120½
Chi. & Alt..	28	29
Chi. & Alt. pf.	..	65
C. & E. Ill. pf.	107	..
Chi. Gt. W.	23⅝	24
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
C. & N. W.	148½	149½
C. & N. W. pf.	190	210
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	142	143
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	155	100
Chi. Un. Tr. ctfs. sta...	2	8
C., C., C. & St. L.	60	63
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	96½	97½
Cleve. & P.	160	..
Cleve. & P. Special ..	90	..
Col. F. & I. pf.	110	116½
Col. & So. 2d pf.	75	80
Col. & H. C. & I. full paid	12	19¾
Cons. Coal.	102¾	..
C. R. & L.	77	..
Crex Carpet.	73	80
Cub.-Am. S.	36	38½
Cub.-Am. S. pf., ex d.	87¼	89
D., L. & W.	330	505
Norf. & W. pf.	89	92
Nor. Cent.	245	..
N. T. & Light.	43½	46⅞
Ont. Mining	1⅞	2¼
Pac. Coast. pf.	97	105
Pac. C. 1st pf.	85	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.	97,	105
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	95	98
Peo. & E.	17	21
Pere Marq.	..	30
Pere M. 2d pf.	..	38
Phila. Co.	113	118
P., C. C. & St. L. pf.	108	115
Pitts. Coal. pf.	21¾	22¼
P., Ft. W. & C.	167	..
Pitts. St. pf.	105½	..
Pub. S. C.	119	120
Quicksilver.	2	2½
Q'ksil'r pf.	3	5
Rdg. 1st pf.	89	89½
Rdg. 2d pf.	95	98
Rens. & S.	185¼	200
Rep. I. & S. pf.	95¾	96
R., W. & O.	119½	..
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	135	180
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	58	62
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	..	130
Sears-Roeb.	142½	144
Sears-Roeb. pf., ex d.	118½	119¾
So. P. R. S.	78½	90
So. P. R. S. pf.	107½	110
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	81¼	88
Stand. Mill.	16½	17¼
Stand. Mill. pf.	51¾	53
T. P. L. Tr.	88	94
T. P. & W.	16	..
T. R. & L.	7¼	7⅞
T. C. R. pf., ex d.	132½	145
Und. Typew. pf.	111½	114
U. B. & P. pf.	57	59½
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	26	29
U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	95	99
U. S. C. I. Pipe	16½	18½
U. S. Exp.	98	99½
U. S. R. & Impt	77	78
U. S. R. & Ref.	4	8
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	11½	19
U. S. Rub.	76	78
U. S. R.	165	..
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	126	130
Vulcan Det.	13	20
Vulcan Det. pf.	52	70
Westingh'se 1st pf.	110¼	118½

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
4s	May, '

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, June 15.—Money was abundant to-day, but discount rates hardened.

The markets on the Stock Exchange were mostly quiet but firm. Consols and gilt-edged securities opened better, but failed to maintain the improvement. Home rails were higher on more reassuring news regarding the shipping strike and better traffic returns. Foreign securities closed firm.

American securities opened steady and about unchanged. Light buying advanced prices in the forenoon, and they continued to harden until the New York opening came in. Then values sagged a fraction and the market closed easy.

Money, 1¼@1½ per cent.; rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 2 5-16 per cent.; for three months' bills, 2 5-16@2⅜ per cent.

Bullion amounting to £298,000 was taken into the Bank of England on balance to-day.

Gold premium at Madrid, 8.15; at Lisbon, 9.

PARIS, June 15.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 96f 12½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 30c for checks.

BERLIN, June 15.—Prices were firm on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 43 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 3¼ per cent.

Private discount rate, 3½ per cent.

Tin Drops $160 Per Ton.

LONDON, June 15.—Tin dropped to-day and closed at £197 per ton, £32 below yesterday's closing price. The decline was due to the syndicate selling the cash metal and buying forward deliveries. The market opened excited, but the closing was flat.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	79⅛	..	..	..
Consols account	79 15-16	..	..	..
Anaconda	8½	41⅜	41	+ ⅜
Atchison	117¾	114⅝	114⅞	— ⅛
Canadian Pacific	247⅜	240⅜	239½	+ 1¼
St. Paul	132⅜	129¼	128⅝	+ ⅝
Erie	36⅞	35⅞	36⅜	— ⅜
Erie 1st pf	59	57½	57⅝	+ ⅛
Illinois Central	145¾	141¼	141⅜	..
Louis. & Nash.	157	152⅜	152	+ ¾
N. Y. Central	114¼	111⅛	113⅜	— ¼
Pennsylvania	64¼	124⅜	125	— ¼
Reading	82½	160⅜	160⅜	— ¼
Southern Pacific	122⅝ ex	120⅞	120⅞	..
Union Pacific	191⅜	186¼	186¼	— ¼
U. S. Steel	81⅛	79⅜	79⅜	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf	121⅞	118½	118⅝	— ⅛

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 15.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£231,000
Circulation increased	452,000
Bullion increased	683,051
Other securities increased	141,000
Other deposits increased	432,000
Public deposits decreased	81,000
Notes reserve decreased	18,000

Government securities unchanged.

Proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week, 52.62 per cent.; last week it was 52.34 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged at 3 per cent.

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, June 15.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation decreased	25,975,000
Treasury deposits increased	32,225,000
General deposits decreased	10,825,000
Gold in hand decreased	3,600,000
Silver in hand decreased	3,275,000
Bills discounted decreased	12,525,000
Advances increased	8,075,000

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 10 9	Esperanza	1 10 6
Tomboy	0 15 6	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 5 0	Stratton's Ind.	0 2 3

Will Trade in Coffee Futures.

NEW ORLEANS, June 15.—The New Orleans Board of Trade has decided to resume trading in coffee futures on the floor of the Exchange by Sept. 1. The by-laws and rules governing the coffee department will be revised so as to conform as closely as possible to those of the New York Coffee Exchange.

New York CURB Boston CURB Toronto
Gold-Silver-Copper
STOCKS carried on margin
Best Facilities for Executing Orders.
Special letters sent on request.
J. Thomas Reinhardt
Private Wires
Connecting Offices { 38 Broad St., N. Y. / 16 King-St. W. Toronto. / 54 Devonshire St., Boston.

Outside Securities Department
FOR SALE
100 HALE & KILBURN 1ST PFD.
25 BARNHART BROTHERS & SPINDLER 1ST PFD.
100 STANDARD COUPLER COM.
100 AM. BRAKE-SHOE & FDY. PFD.
CHAS. H. JONES & CO.,
20 Broad St., New York
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds. Telephone 3155 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS
206 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO
Portland, Ore. Oklahoma City, Okla. Mobile, Ala.

INVESTORS
Send for our Bond Record showing weekly prices and income yield of active
RAILROAD AND INDUSTRIAL BONDS
Listed on New York Stock Exchange
W. E. Hutton & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Wall and Broad Streets, New York. Private Wires.

MC CURDY, HENDERSON & CO
BANKERS
24 Nassau Street
Members New York Stock Exchange.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

W. N. COLER & CO.,
BANKERS.
Established 1870.
48 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
NEW YORK CITY and other high grade municipal bonds.
Special circulars on request.

Central Trust Company of New York
54 WALL STREET
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY Fifth Ave. & 38th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,800,000
Allows Interest on Deposits

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Fifth Ave. & 34th St. 66 Broadway.
Lenox Ave. & 125th St. Third Ave. & 149th St.

MANHATTAN TRUST COMPANY
Member N. Y. Clearing House
113 BROADWAY

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Lending Western Money Here.

Within the last ten days, despite the disposition on the part of Eastern institutions to charge a somewhat higher rate on commercial paper, merchants in this section of the country have been able to place their paper at practically the same rates as have long prevailed, namely, at 3½ per cent. for six months' maturities. This has been due to the fact that Western institutions, notably Chicago banks, have been accepting this rate on high-grade commercial paper. Normally, the Eastern markets are the ones which quote the lowest discount rates, but the strong position of the interior banks at this time is leading some of them to invest funds in commercial paper at as low, or even a little lower, rate than is being accepted by the Eastern banks themselves.

***

Clearing House Collection Rule.

A rule has been made by the Clearing House Committee of the New York Clearing House Association which puts a permanent barrier in the way of indirect evasion of the Clearing House rules regarding collections on out-of-town items. Acting on the inquiry of one of the New York City banks, the committee has ruled that in purchasing a note payable at a point out of town, on which a collection charge is levied on checks collected by New York banks, a bank here must include the usual collection charge. In other words, this charge must be collected on an item which a bank purchases for its own account, as well as on items accepted for collection. The committee explains that it has made this rule for the reason that any exception from the collection rule might open the way to innumerable forms of evasion of that rule.

***

Clearing House Reserves.

By another rule of the Clearing House Committee, all members of the Clearing House, in making up their statements of deposits for the purpose of figuring out their reserve, must do so on the basis of the regulation prevailing when the constitution of the Clearing House was changed on May 9, when the reserve requirements regarding the trust companies were modified. This means that no institution in the Clearing House, whether a trust company or a State bank, can profit by the recent law which permits State institutions to deduct from their deposits in figuring reserve an amount equal to their holdings of city bonds.

***

First National Stock Sells High.

A sale of stock of the First National Bank on the Exchange yesterday showed a rise of 80 points since the last sale, which took place in April. The price then was 910; yesterday's was 990. Wide price changes are not uncommon in inactive stocks, but this was sufficiently marked to attract a good deal of attention. It was considered the most interesting development in connection with the shares of any of the large financial institutions of the city since the unusual activity that took place some time ago in connection with the Bank of Commerce transaction, when large blocks of its stock were sold by the Mutual and Equitable Insurance Companies in carrying out the Armstrong law, which provides that they shall divest themselves of their stock holdings and certain kinds of bonds. When these sales were made the purchasers were interests identified with the First National and National City Banks.

***

International Exchange Situation.

Through importations from France, as well as purchases in the market, the Bank of England has increased its coin and bullion to £39,486,200, or nearly $200,000,000, as shown by the weekly statement issued yesterday. The increase for the week was about $3,400,000. This reflects, in part, the strong position of England in comparison with France in international exchange operations, exemplified by the present high rate of English exchange in Paris, where it is quoted at 25.30¾. The other side of this showing is also apparent in the statement of the Bank of France, issued yesterday, which shows a decrease of gold on hand of about $720,000, and of silver on hand of about $651,000. The loss of silver is almost as important as that of gold, as the bank's option to pay in silver is the principal means to which it resorts to prevent withdrawals of gold for shipment either to this country, which also has a large balance against France, or to England, to which it has been unable to prevent shipments entirely.

FIDELITY TRUST QUALIFIES.

Makes Capital $1,000,000 Preparatory to Entering Clearing House.

The Fidelity Trust Company completed yesterday the payment of its increased capital and surplus, making each $1,000,000. This step was preliminary to its admission to the Clearing House Association.

When the first batch of the fifteen trust companies which have become members of the association in the last two or three weeks were admitted the application of the Fidelity was passed on favorably, but with the proviso that the capital stock should be increased from $750,000 to $1,000,000, in accordance with a rule of the association.

The other trust companies began clearing through the institution on Monday, and it is expected that the Fidelity will do so within a few days, now that the increase has been effected.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2⅜ per cent.

Time money rates, 2½@2⅝ per cent. for sixty days, 2⅝@2⅞ per cent. for ninety days, 3@3¼ per cent. for four and five months, 3¼@3½ per cent. for six months, 3½@3⅝ per cent. for seven months, and 3⅝@4 per cent. for one year.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¼@3⅜ per cent. for two to four months and at 3½@4¼ per cent. for five to seven months, according to grade.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 2¼ per cent., off 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2⅛ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3¼ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $321,198,481; balances, $15,351,416; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $618,133.

The local banks have gained $1,820,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8810; demand, $4.8590.

Paris—Cable, $5.20⅝ plus 1-64; check, $5.20⅝ less 1-64.

Berlin—Cable, 95¼ plus 1-64; check, 95 1-16 plus 1-64.

Switzerland—Cable, $5.20; check, $5.20 less 1-16.

Holland—Cable, $40.20; check, $40.21.

Belgium—Cable, $5.21⅛ less 3-32; check, $5.22½ less 1-32.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8390; ninety days, $4.83.

London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.83⅜; ninety days, $4.82⅝.

Paris—Bankers', $5.22½ less 1-16; ninety days, $5.23¾.

Paris—Commercial, sixty days, $5.23½; ninety days, $5.23¾ less 1-16.

Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94 9-16; ninety days, 94⅝.

Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94⅝; ninety days, 94¾.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, 7½c discount; Chicago, 25c premium; St. Louis, 45c premium; St. Paul, 90c premium; San Francisco, 50c premium; Montreal, 81⅛c discount.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Price Movements Narrow and the Trading Featureless in Other Cities.

CHICAGO ELEVATED MERGER

Estimated That Nearly Half the Shares Bid For by the Blair Syndicate Have Been Deposited.

Price movements in other cities yesterday were generally measured in fractions, and the trading was almost featureless.

In Baltimore prices fluctuated within narrow limits, but were firm, with an upward tendency. The market was without special features.

In Boston the undertone was somewhat weaker, and under the lead of North Butte and Amalgamated some fractional declines were recorded in the active list. North Butte sold down to 33¾, Amalgamated to 69¾, and Utah Consolidated broke to 19. The close was steady at the decline.

In Chicago the market was a two-sided affair, with trading rather limited and the tendency of prices irregular, though none of the issues displayed a marked change. There were fractional advances in Sears-Roebuck common, People's Gas and McCrum-Howell shares, while in Illinois Brick, Pneumatic Tool, Can common, and some others there were shadings of fractions. Can preferred sold unchanged, considering the dividend of 1¼ per cent., and Diamond Match also was unaltered. Deposits of stocks of the local elevated railroad companies up to the close of business Wednesday, in response to the Henry A. Blair merger syndicate's purchase offer, were around 16,000 shares. This includes all of the stock that has been deposited with the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank depository up to that time, but does not include such stock as has been deposited with the National City Bank of New York since last Friday. It is estimated that about 175,000 shares have been deposited to date, which is nearly one-half of the total for which the syndicate made its bids.

In Philadelphia activity in United States Steel, which was bid up to 80, was a feature of the first hour's dealings. Later, however, it reacted with the rest of the list. The Philadelphia list, as a whole, was quiet and a trifle irregular. Tonopah Belmont was quoted ex-dividend. Lake Superior improved a fraction. The tractions fluctuated narrowly, despite the fact that the Rapid Transit Company is said to be showing receipts averaging $61,000 per day. Philadelphia Company was also inert. It is understood that the failure to declare the extra 1 per cent. dividend was for the purpose of expending this sum, which is equivalent to approximately $387,000, on betterment for the Pittsburg Railways system.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Alabama C. & I.	40	40	40
110	Con. Coal	104¼	104	104¼
585	Con. Power	93¾	93	93¼
135	Con. Power pf.	100	100	100
175	Fairmont & C. T. pf.	85	84	84
45	Northern Central	129	129	129
1,260	United Rys.	18¼	17⅞	18¼

BONDS.

$1,000	Atlanta C. St. Ry. 5s.	105	105	105
25,000	A. C. L. conv. deb. 4s.	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	Alabama C. & I. 5s.	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞
10,000	Baltimore Elec. 5s.	96	95⅝	95⅝
1,000	Balt. City Pass. 4½s.	100	100	100
2,000	Con. Power 4½s.	87½	87⅜	87⅜
10,000	City & Suburban 5s.	105½	105½	105½
1,000	Chi. Rys. 5s.	99⅞	99⅜	99⅜
5,000	Cotton Duck 5s.	76¾	76½	76½
2,000	Con. Gas 4½s.	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
2,000	Frederick C. 5s, 1918.	97	97	97
1,000	Maryland E. 5s.	99	99	99
1,000	Milwaukee Rfdg. 4½s.	93	93	93
4,000	Norfolk Ry. & Lt. 5s.	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
2,000	Norfolk & P. T. 5s.	88	88	88
98,000	Roland P. E. & W. 5s.	100	100	100
7,000	United Rys. Inc.	62⅝	62½	62⅝
3,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s.	87¼	87	87
1,000	United Rys. 4s.	85	85	85
3,000	West. Penn. Trac. 5s.	97¾	97¾	97¾

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
260	Atchison	114⅜	114¼	114¼
14	Boston Elevated	129¾	129¾	129¾
30	Boston & Albany	221½	221½	221½
155	Boston & Maine	109½	109	109½
15	Fitchburg pf.	127½	127½	127½
120	Mass. Elec.	22¾	22½	22½
450	Mass. Elec. pf.	92	90⅜	90⅜
26	N. Y., N. H. & H.	145	144½	144½
110	Union Pacific	187	186¾	186¾
26	West End	91½	91	91
2	West End pf.	104	104	104

TELEPHONES.

457	American	152	151½	151½
35	Cumberland	159½	159½	159½

MISCELLANEOUS.

105	Am. Agr. Chem.	58	57½	57½
75	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	103	102⅞	102⅞
25	A., G. & W. I. pf.	21	21	21
65	Am. Pneu. Service	5⅛	5	5
78	Am. Sugar Refg.	121⅞	121½	121½
65	Am. Sugar Refg. pf.	119½	119	119
216	Am. Woolen pf.	96½	95⅜	96
100	East Boston Land	10⅜	10¼	10⅜
101	Eastern S. S.	91¼	90½	90½
5	Edison	285	285	285
85	Georgia Ry.	150	150	150
55	Gen. Electric	163½	163	163½
1,640	Mass. Gas	94¾	93¾	93¾
2	Mass. Gas pf.	97	97	97
10	Mergenthaler	223¾	223¾	223¾
1	Minn. Gen. Elec.	125	125	125
4	Pullman	162½	162½	162½
151	Swift	102	102	102
5	Torrington pf.	30	30	30
65	United Fruit	197	196½	196½
106	United Shoe Mach.	51⅞	51½	51⅞
4,135	U. S. Steel	80	78⅞	78⅞
20	U. S. Steel pf.	118¾	118¾	118¾
50	Wollaston Land	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝

MINING.

1,880	Algomah	10½	10	10½
2,887	Amalgamated	70⅝	69¾	70½
580	Am. Zinc	30⅝	30¼	30⅜
490	Arizona Com'l	18⅜	18	18
100	Atlantic	6¼	6¼	6¼
405	Butte Coalition	19⅞	19½	19½
590	Butte Balaklala	6	5	5½
230	Calumet & Arizona	62⅞	62	62¼
29	Calumet & Hecla	476	475	475
100	Chino Copper	24⅝	24⅜	24⅜
700	Cons. Mercur	15c.	7c.	12c.
166	Copper Range	63	62¼	62½
50	Daly-West	6	6	6
4,135	East Butte	14⅜	14	14⅛
450	Franklin	13⅜	13½	13½
250	Giroux	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
120	Granby	40	40	40
965	Greene-Cananea	7⅛	7⅜	7¼
170	Hancock	29¾	28½	28½
5	Hedley Gold	15	15	15
10	Helvetia	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
355	Indiana	16	15½	15½
1,770	Inspiration Mining	9¼	9¼	9¼
515	Island Creek	39⅜	39	39⅜
215	Island Creek pf.	90½	90	90
225	Isle Royale	18⅝	18¼	18¼
100	Kerr Lake	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
1,725	Keewenaw	3⅜	3¼	3½
395	Lake	39⅜	38⅜	38⅜
50	La Salle	4	4	4
1,330	Mass.	9¼	8½	9¼
340	Miami	22	21⅝	22
150	Michigan	2⅜	2½	2½
136	Mohawk	53	51¼	52½
1,550	Nevada	21⅝	20⅜	21¼
50	New Arcadian	4	4	4
40	Nipissing	10¼	10½	10½
5,254	North Butte	35⅜	33¾	34½
70	North Lake	9	9	9
190	Ojibway	7½	7	7¼
200	Old Colony	1¾	1¼	1¼
155	Old Dominion	49	48¼	48¼
38	Osceola	106	105	105
135	Quincy	73	73	73
100	Ray Con.	19¼	18¼	18¼
905	Shannon	11¾	11¾	11¾
50	St. Mary's Land	53¾	53¼	53¼
35	Superior	34	34	34
1,015	Superior & Boston	8¼	7⅝	7⅞
63	Superior & Pittsburg	18	17⅝	17⅝
200	South Utah	99c	99c	99c
20	Tamarack	36	36	36
30	Trinity	4¾	4¾	4¾
55	Tuolumne Mining	4⅝	4½	4½
1,885	U. S. Smelting	40	39¼	39½
112	U. S. Smelting pf.	49¼	49	49¼
328	Utah Apex	3½	3	3¼
485	Utah Con.	19⅝	18¾	18¾
985	Utah Copper	51⅜	50¾	51¼
20	Victoria	2	1⅞	2
160	Winona	9¼	8½	9
55	Wolverine	115	113	115
50	Wyandotte	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜

BONDS.

$2,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s.	91¾	91¾	91¾
6,000	Arizona Com'l 6s.	92½	92	92
500	A., T. & S. F. 4s.	98½	98½	98½
5,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s.	97½	97½	97½
1,000	C., B. & Q. Ia. 4s. ref.	97¼	97¼	97¼
1,000	Central Vt. 1st 4s.	90½	90¼	90¼
2,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913.	100¼	100¼	100¼
5,000	Western Tel. & Tel. 5s.	99¾	99¾	99¾

*Ex dividend.

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Can	11¾	11¾	11¾
125	*American Can pf.	86	86	86
25	American Telephone	151¾	151¾	151¾
10	Chicago Pneu. Tool	81¼	81¼	81¼
110	Chicago Subway	4	3⅞	4
25	Com. Edison	128¾	128¾	128¾
50	Corn Products Ref.	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝
20	Diamond Match	101	101	101
75	H. S. & M. pf.	102¾	102¾	102¾
165	Illinois Brick	63	62⅞	63
25	Inter. Harvester	123	123	123
25	McCrum-Howell	50¼	50¼	50¼
50	McCrum-Howell pf.	97	97	97
100	People's Gas	106½	106¼	106½
400	Sears-Roebuck	143¾	142¾	143
75	Street's Stable Car.	9	8⅞	9
110	Swift & Co.	102	102	102
100	Union Pacific	185¾	185¾	185¾
350	U. S. Steel	79¾	79	79

BONDS.

$7,000	Chicago City Ry. 5s.	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
4,000	Chicago Rys. 4s, B.	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
1,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s.	99¾	99¾	99¾
5,000	Chicago City Ry. 5s.	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
7,000	Met. Elevated gold 4s.	85⅜	85⅜	85⅜
11,000	Met. Elevated gold 4s.	85¼	85¼	85¼
2,000	North Western El. 4s.	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
5,000	South Side El. 4½s.	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝

*Ex dividend 1¼ per cent.

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Alliance Insurance	13	13	13
25	Alliance Ins. war.	2¼	2¼	2¼
30	Amalgamated Copper	70¼	70¼	70¼
10	American Smelting	83¼	83¼	83¼
4	American Railways	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝
100	Cambria Iron	44	44	44
669	Cambria Steel	45¼	45	45
100	Erie	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞
370	Electric Storage	56⅛	55⅝	55⅝
1	General Asphalt	32	32	32
30	General Asphalt pf.	74	73½	73½
20	H. & B. T. pf.	14½	14½	14½
30	Ins. Co. of N. A.	21	21	21
6	Keystone Tel.	8¼	8¼	8¼
1	Keystone Tel. pf.	34	34	34
160	Lake Superior Corp.	28	27⅞	28
276	Lehigh Valley	89 13-16	89½	89½
4	Mine Hill	61	61	61
235	Phila. Rapid Transit	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜
935	Phila. Rapid Tr. t. c.	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜
60	Penn. Steel pf.	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞
569	Pennsylvania	62½	62 5-16	62 5-16
47	Phila. Co.	56	56	56
10	Phila. Co. pf.	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞
451	Phila. Electric	17⅛	17	17
50	Phila. Traction	87½	87½	87½
100	Rock Island	33¾	33¾	33¾
1,430	Reading	80⅛	79 15-16	79 15-16
300	Southern Railway	32⅝	32⅜	32½
1,030	Tonopah Belmont	6 1-16	6	6
250	Tonopah Mining	5 15-16	5 13-16	5 15-16
301	United Gas Imp.	87⅞	87¾	87¾
6,844	U. S. Steel	79⅞	78¾	78⅞
360	Union Traction	49¼	49¼	49¼
50	Union Trac. pts. pf.	41	41	41
35	W. I. & S.	10	10	10
100	Wash. & V. R.	39½	39½	39½

PITTSBURG.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150	Crucible Steel pf.	83½	83	83
175	Independent Brewing.	4¾	4¾	4¾
550	Mfrs. L. & H.	22⅛	22	22⅛
550	Pittsburg Brewing	19	18¾	19
192	Pittsburg Coal pf.	86½	86½	86½
21	Pittsburg Plate Glass.	110	110	110
750	Pittsburg Oil	8¼	8¼	8¼
870	River Coal	10½	10⅜	10½
185	River Coal pf.	33	32¾	33
10,100	San Toy	26c	26c	26c
20	U. S. Steel	79¾	79¾	79¾
25	Westing. Airbrake	149	149	149
50	Westing. Elec. 1sts.	58	58	58
160	Westing. Elec. 2ds.	37⅝	37⅜	37⅜

BANK.

25	Bank of Pitts., N. A.	114	114	114

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.06	Julia	.35
Alpha Con.	.04	Mexican	4.45
Andes	.19	Occidental Con.	.35
Belcher	.70	Ophir	2.10
Best & Belcher	.48	Overman	.46
Bullion	.15	Potosi	.33
Caledonia	.53	Savage	.28
Challenge Con.	.14	Sag Belcher	.16
Challar	.16	Sierra Nevada	.54
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.47½	Union Con.	1.55
Con. Imperial	.03	Utah Con.	.12
Gould & Curry	.22	Yellow Jacket	.51
Hale & Norcross	.24		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	6.22½	Combination Frac.	.07
Jim Butler	.22	C. O. D.	.08
McNamara	.12	Florence	1.12½
Midway	.1-	Goldfield Con.	6.00
Montana	.75	Goldfield Kewanas	.04
North Star	.14	Goldfield Merger.	.13
Tonopah Extens.	.96	Great Bend	.01
West End	.48	Jumbo Exten.	.27
GOLDFIELD.		Lone Star	.01
Atlanta	.11	Red Hills	.01
Blue Bell	.01	Sandstorm Kend.	.05
Booth	.07	Silver Pick	.04
		Nevada Hills	3.10

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5	6	Jackpot	4⅞	..
Elkton	55½	56½	McKinney	33	36
El Paso	52⅜	53⅜	Old Gold	2⅝	3⅜
Findlay	4	5	Portland	98	100
Gold Dollar	11	11⅝	Jen. Samp.	9½	10
Isabella	9½	10¼	Vindicator	79	81

BALE OF 1911 COTTON SOLD.

First of Season, but No Sentimental Value Was Attached to It Here.

The first bale of 1911 cotton arrived here by express yesterday morning and was at once taken to the Cotton Exchange, where it was sold at auction at noon. The bidding made it quite evident that the sentimental interest manifested over the first of this year's crop in Texas, where it was raised, did not extend to New York. This bale brought $1,015 when it was put up at Houston, but it was knocked down yesterday at 15 cents a pound, which is actually below the prevailing price for spot cotton. The ordinary bale is 500 pounds, which would make the price $75, but this bale is said to be below that weight. At any rate the New Yorkers took no chances, and bid on it by the pound.

The cotton was raised at San Benito, Tex., in the Brownsville district, which is far to the South. It was hurried to Houston by automobile and train, and after its sale there was shipped by express to St. Louis, and from there here. It reached the market a week or more earlier than the first bale in any preceding year. Last year the first bale reached New York on June 27, in 1909 on July 1, in 1908 on June 24, and in 1907 on June 25.

Post & Flagg of 37 Wall Street offered the bale for sale here in behalf of A. G. Edwards & Co. of New York and St. Louis, who acted as agents for J. H. Jones, Vice-president of the Union National Bank of Houston, who was its first purchaser. It was Post & Flagg also who bid it in yesterday, buying it for G. L. Watkins.

The money paid for it in New York, as well as Mr. Jones's $1,015, will go to charity. The bale may be sold again in Liverpool, after which it will go to Manchester. The Commercial Club of San Benito has announced its intention to trace it into the woven cloth, some of which it will obtain and have made up into suits for President Taft, King George, and the Governor-General of Canada.

THE INHERITANCE TAX REPEAL

Safe Deposit Association Members Asked to Support the Pending Bill.

J. Lynch Pendergast, Secretary and Treasurer of the New York Safe Deposit Association, and other members of the Executive Committee sent letters yesterday to practically all the safe deposit companies in the city urging them to support the repeal of the progressive inheritance tax law passed at the extraordinary session of the Legislature last year. Its repeal has been recommended by Gov. Dix, and a bill to attain this object is now pending. In his letter Mr. Pendergast said:

> The inheritance tax measure passed last year was apparently intended to relieve the impending shortage resulting from extravagant appropriations. It amended the law relative to taxable transfers by an act destructive of the exemption which had until then shielded all estates under $10,000 from this tax, and it adopted a progressive tax wholly new in the financial policy of this State and confiscatory in some of its phases.
>
> It is not known that the operation of the new law will result in any material ultimate gain in revenue, but it is known beyond a doubt that the change has caused removal of capital from the State in an alarming amount. In a recent conference of financial officers in New York City especially familiar with the situation it was stated that to the knowledge of those present the funds thus removed already exceed $400,000,000, and that the number of citizens which the State has already lost in consequence is very large.

Safe deposit men say their business has suffered badly through the transfer of securities to New Jersey, hundreds of boxes having been given up in some of the institutions.

Erie Buying 60 New Engines.

In line with a recent announcement by President F. D. Underwood of the Erie to the effect that his company was committed to a policy of returning all surplus earnings to the property to bring it up to the standard of other trunk lines, it was learned yesterday that the Directors have approved an order for sixty new locomotives. Inquiries have been sent out for 35 Mikado type freight, 5 Pacific type passenger, and 20 switching engines. This is the largest single equipment order recently offered the manufacturers.

BANK EXAMINERS TO CONFER.

National Examiners Will Attend Annual Meeting of New York State Men.

For the first time a joint meeting of the State and National Bank Examiners has been arranged for by Comptroller of the Currency, Lawrence O. Murray of the United States Treasury Department. The meeting of the examiners of the New York District, which includes New York State and North

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Portion of Famous Alexander Hamilton Estate Sold for a Convent—$100,000 Deal on Madison Avenue—An Active Bronx and Suburban Market.

The sale of a plot on the old Alexander Hamilton estate on Washington Heights and the rumored deal for the Hoag property on East Forty-third Street, just beyond Fifth Avenue, were the chief features of interest in a tolerably quiet market yesterday.

The Forty-third Street deal, for which negotiations are said to be well advanced, involves the two old five-story dwellings at 6 and 8 East Forty-third Street, adjoining the vacant plot on the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue, owned by the Richard T. Wilson estate.

The property, which has a frontage of 41 feet by 100.5 deep, is owned by Lena K. Hoag and others, and has lately been involved in foreclosure proceedings brought by the New York Life Insurance Company to foreclose a first mortgage with interest, aggregating about $200,000. It has just been advertised for sale a auction on July 6, but a new mortgage, it is said, is about to be obtained from Mrs. Russell Sage, and when this is made, contracts for the transfer of the property at private sale are likely to be signed.

The Washington Heights deal includes a plot 45 by 99.11 on the north side of 142d Street, 125 feet west of Convent Avenue, adjoining the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes. It has been bought by the Sisters of St. Ursula of the Blessed Virgin, and will be improved with a building to be used as a convent.

The sale was made by John R. and Oscar L. Foley for the Holland Holding Company, Hudson S. Todd, President, which acquired the entire Convent Avenue block front a few months ago from David C. Leech. Near the middle of the block the old thirteen trees which tradition says Alexander Hamilton planted, stood until a few years ago.

Buys Madison Avenue Dwelling.

An important sale on upper Madison Avenue was announced yesterday by Pease & Elliman, who sold for the estate of William H. Jackson 825 Madison Avenue to Dr. William C. Anderton.

The property, which consists of a four-story high-stoop dwelling on a plot 29 by 84, adjoins the southeast corner of Sixty-ninth Street. It was held at $100,000. The buyer will occupy it.

Deal on East Seventieth Street.

Payson McL. Merrill has sold for Anderson & Anderson, attorneys, 161 East Seventieth Street, a three-story stable on lot 20 by 100. It is understood that the purchaser will tear down the present building and erect a modern dwelling for his own occupancy.

Tompkins Estate Sells 51st Street Dwelling.

The estate of Matilda A. Tompkins is reported to have sold 50 West Fifty-first Street, a four-story and basement dwelling on a lot 22 by 100.5, Columbia College leasehold.

Option on Turn Hall.

Mecca Temple, which is looking for a new home owing to the sale of Madison Square Garden, has secured a thirty-day option on Turn Hall in East Sixty-seventh Street.

Tenements in Good Demand.

The S. H. Raphael Company has resold 520 and 522 West 162d Street, near Broadway, a five-story new-law apartment house, on a plot 40 by 100, for $60,500 to a client for investment.

The Brown Realty Company has sold through Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown, 12 and 14 King Street, a six-story new-law tenement on lot 44 by 75.

The five-story tenement 225 East Eighty-ninth Street, has been sold by Benjamin Jacobs and P. Ritter. The building, which occupies a lot 25 by 100.8, was given in part payment to P. J. McGuire for 2,394 Amsterdam Avenue, reported sold last week.

William G. Gehringer has purchased from Margaretha Eckert the four-story flat, 517 and 519 West Fifty-first Street on a plot 40 by 100.5.

Nicholas J. Griffith has purchased from J. H. and W. Haffner, 85 West 103d Street, a five-story flat on a plot 27 by 100.11.

The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company and Tuoli & Co. have sold for Bochiccio Bros. the six-story new law house, 327 East 101st Street, on plot 28.6 by 100.11.

Bronx.

The estate of Harriet Weir has sold through Peter J. Hunt the plot 37 by 84.6 at the southeast corner of Lind Avenue and 165th Street to a builder for immediate improvement.

Charles Edelson and David Pfeiffer have sold for the Benenson Realty Company the northeast corner of Melrose Avenue and 154th Street, a six-story new law house, on plot 45 by 100.

Brooklyn.

De Polx & Von Glahn have sold the two and one-half story brownstone dwelling at 318 Clifton Place for the estate of Caroline Tracy to a client for occupancy.

George W. Dredgen has sold six lots on the south side of Seventy-third Street, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues, for Arthur Hughes of Greensboro, N. C., to the Shlikerman Realty and Improvement Company, who will improve them immediately with two-family brick and stone houses, and for George D. Monsees, Jr., the two-family brick house at 547 Bay Ridge Parkway, to Amelia C. Green.

O. E. Larson Company has sold for the Bigelow estate 5,108 Fifth Avenue, a dwelling, on lot 19.6 by 100.

Buys Queens Factory Site.

Duff & Brown Co. have sold for George McCartney to Benjamin Moses of the Tiger Shirt Company a plot 100 by 100 on Madison Avenue, in the Fourth Ward, Borough of Queens. Mr. Moses will use the property for factory purposes.

Long Island.

The executors of the estate of William Ziegler have sold to Patrick J. Roche of Manhattan one lot at Ingleside.

James McLaughlin has sold to Martin A. Hanson of Whitestone a parcel having a frontage of 75 feet on the east side of Sixteenth Street, 50 feet east of Fifth Avenue, Whitestone, L. I.

William E. Platt has sold to Ella Harrington of Brooklyn two lots at Hampton Court, Flushing, L. I.

The Auburndale Realty Company has sold to Henry Steinmann of 761 Macon Street, Brooklyn, six lots at Broadway-on-the-Hill, subject to a mortgage of $800.

E. Sharum sold to a client a five-room frame dwelling, on a plot 50 by 100, on Eighth Street, Huntington, L. I.

G. Tuoti & Company have sold for the Lower Bay View Realty Company a two-story cottage at Ocean Park, near Coney Island, to Salvatore Graviano.

The Manhattan Properties Company has sold a plot at Hempstead, L. I., 100 by 100, on Bennett Street, to Thomas Avenall; also a plot of thirty lots to Edward N. Roddy.

Stephen B. Fish Property Sold.

Toel, Brett & Company have sold to Mrs. Arthur Herbert of New York City the property of Stephen Bayard Fish, located on Cambridge Road, near Oxford, in the section known as the Grange, at Scarsdale, Westchester County.

Recent Buyers.

The Surpassing Realty Company is the buyer of 108 and 110 East Ninety-first Street.

Dr. Egbert Le Fevre is the buyer of the dwelling 40 West Seventy-second Street, reported sold last week by the Bryant Real Estate Company.

Louis Cerillan is the buyer of 14 West Forty-eighth Street, a four-story dwelling sold recently by the estate of Julia A. Stimson.

New Building Corporation.

A corporation to be known as the Hess Building Company has been formed to improve the Milis estate property, 100 by 200, at the southeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, opposite Madison Square Garden, with a twenty-story loft building. The officers are: Edwin H. Hess, President; Charles Hirschhorn, Vice President, and Nathaniel J. Hess, Secretary and Treasurer.

United States Realty Officers.

At the annual meeting of the Directors of the United States Realty and Improvement Company, held yesterday, the following officers were elected: H. S. Black, President and Chairman of Board of Directors; W. A. Merriman, Vice President and General Manager; Paul Starrett and George T. Mortimer, Vice Presidents; R. G. Babbage, Vice President and Secretary; B. M. Fellows, Treasurer, and H. O. Winsor, Assistant Treasurer. Paul Starrett has been for many years the President of the George A. Fuller Company, and George T. Mortimer has been in charge of the company's real estate, and he succeeds William H. Chesebrough, who is now President of the Alliance Realty Company.

French Home for Nurses.

Plans have been filed for the construction of a six-story and basement fireproof home for nurses and old people at 445 to 459 West Thirty-third Street, immediately in the rear of the French Hospital on Thirty-fourth Street. The building will have a frontage of 37.8 feet and a depth of 75 feet and will be connected with the hospital by a fireproof passage. It will have a façade of brick and limestone in the modern French Renaissance style. The French Benevolent Society is the owner. The cost has been placed at $75,000 by the architect, George Provot.

Receivers of Rents.

Justice Erlanger of the Supreme Court has appointed Jacob Katz receiver of the rents of 49 West Ninety-sixth Street, pending a suit brought by Mary C. Maguire to foreclose a mortgage of $24,250.

Albert Sanders has been appointed receiver of the rents of 436 East Seventy-fifth Street, a tenement, pending a suit brought by the Bank for Savings of the City of New York to foreclose a mortgage of $18,000.

Charles L. Parker has been appointed receiver of the rents of 39 West Eighty-sixth Street, in proceedings brought by Rebecca B. Powell to foreclose a second mortgage of $60,000. The prior mortgage is $60,000.

New Park for Bayonne.

The Hudson County Park Commission has purchased from George F. Gantz a plot of forty-six lots for the new county park at Bayonne. The lots are located on West Fortieth Street, Boulevard, West Thirty-ninth Street and Avenue B. The lots are unimproved, and the price paid was stated to be about $25,000.

Notes.

Shampan & Shampan are preparing plans for a six-story mercantile building to be erected on the south side of Moore Street, 104.3 feet east of White Street, Borough of Brooklyn, for the Keshin & Blitstein Company as owners, on a plot 60 by 110 feet.

H. Frankfort has leased at Far Rockaway for John Gilroy to E. Goldsmith a cottage on Franklin Avenue; for D. Born to I. Lidz a cottage on Pinson Place; for Mrs. Freston to Mrs. A. Rothkopf a cottage on Atlantic Avenue; for William Fee to A. Arndt a cottage on Seneca Street; for Edward Carroll to Alfred Marks a cottage on Hollywood Avenue, and for J. McCabe to M. Schiff a cottage on Central Avenue.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

71st St, 117 to 121, n s, 150 ft w of Columbus Av, 75x102.2, three five-story flats; executors' and trustees' sale; estates of Emily C. and John H. Edelmeyer, deceased; withdrawn; sold at private sale to A. L. Mordecal & Son.

7th Av, 245 to 251, n e corner of 24th St, 86.11x79.2, twelve-story loft building; foreclosure sale; withdrawn.

129th St, 3, n s, 73 ft e of 5th Av, 37x50, two and three story dwelling; foreclosure sale; withdrawn.

Hester St, 57, n s, 63.6 ft e of Ludlow St, 24x75, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale; adjourned to June 22.

70th St, 508, s s, 212 ft e of Avenue A, 37x100.5, six-story brick tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, State Investing Co., $31,000.

70th St, 506, s s, 175 ft e of Avenue A, 37x100.5, six-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to to the plaintiff, State Investing Co., $31,000.

105th St, 331, n s, 350 ft e of 2d Av, 30x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale; adjourned to June 22.

147th St, 1,121, n s, (proposed,) 45.2 ft w of Leggett Av, now Barry St, 25x100, two-story dwelling, partition; to Margaret M. Kilduff, $2,300.

Home St, 882, s s, 211.1 ft e of Stebbins Av, 17.1x85.8x irregular, two-story dwellings; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, Herman Cramer, $3,000.

Home St, 884, s s, 228.2 ft e of Stebbins Av, 24.10x69.2x irregular, two-story dwelling; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, E. C. Van Aetena, $3,000.

141st St, n s, block front between Cypress and Powers Avs, 200.10x100, vacant; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, W. H. McCord, $9,000.

Cypress Av, e s, 100 ft n of 141st St, 216.9x100 x229.5x100.1, vacant; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, W. H. McCord, $9,000.

Tyndale Av, s e corner of 239th St, 50x100, vacant; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, S. C. Hohle, $3,000.

By J. H. Mayers.

55th St, 534, s s, 300 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale; to Harry F. Wellhard, $15,000.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

Prospect Av, e s, 1,162 ft n of Fort Schuyler Road, 75x181.9x75x126.6; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, W. D. Smith, $1,200.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans were filed for new structures in the Bronx. The following were filed in Manhattan:

Haven Av, n e corner of 169th St, for a six-story tenement, 99.2x71.7; Hanover Building Co, 150 Nassau St, owner; A. Mertin, architect; cost.....$150,000

Sutton Place, s w corner of 60th St, for a two-story comfort station, 25.10x17.6; city, owner; T. E. Videto, architect; cost.....$8,000

33d St, 445 to 459 West, for a six-story and basement home, 37.8x75; French Benevolent Society, 450 West 34th St, owner; George Provot, architect; cost.....$75,000

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

56th St, s s, 150 ft e of 5th Av, to a four-story and basement dwelling; estate of Joseph Laroque, 40 Wall St, owner; Henry A. Jacobs, architect; cost.....$20,000

92d St, s s, 77.4 ft w of Madison Av, to a four-story and basement dwelling; M. B. Reynolds, 305 West 90th St, owner; Albert Swasey, architect; cost.....$12,000

5th Av, 604, to a four-story private dwelling; Mrs. R. Sage, owner; Bannister & Schoell, architects; cost.....$8,000

12th St, s s, 370.11 ft w of 5th Av, to a four-story dwelling; M. A. Townsend, 36 West 12th St, owner; H. A. Connelly, architect; cost.....$5,000

Amsterdam Av, Broadway, 86th St, and 87th St, to a twelve-story apartment; Belnord Realty Co, 115 Broadway, owner; H. H. Weekes, architect; cost.....$6,800

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, June 15.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of second part.

BANK ST, 18, s w corner of Waverley Place, 39x75, Josephine A. Budke et al. to Joseph L. Buttenwieser, 300 Central Park West, (mtg 41C,000;) June 14; attorneys, M. L. & L. S. Isaacs, 32 William St.....$100

BRADHURST Av, e s, corner of 149th St, 99.11x50; Moses Solomon to Margaret E. Weill, 69 West 131st St, and others, June 14, (mtg $63,000;) attorneys, Riegelmann & Bach, 141 Broadway.....$100

BROADWAY, s e corner of 161st St, 99.11x100; Hy Harburger and others to Moses Solomon, 128 Bathurst Av, (mtgs $210,000,) June 15; attorneys, Spiro & W., 140 Nassau St.....$100

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, n e corner of Lenox Av, 250x100; Curtis R. Pierce, executor of Mary G. Pinkney, to John A. Sonntag, 2 Lenox Av, June 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$211,000

COLUMBUS Av, s w corner of 66th St, 100.8x 25; Mary A. O'Reilly to James J. O'Reilly and others, New Dorp, S. I., June 14, (mtg $20,000;) attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway.....$1

COLUMBUS AV, n w corner of 69th St, 100.5x 25; Mary A. O'Reilly to Annie C. Geraty, 49 West 130th St, June 14, (mtg $16,000;) attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Mary A. O'Reilly to Thomas O'Reilly and another, 49 West 130th St, June 14; attorneys, same.....$1

EAST BROADWAY, 114, n s, 21.2x75; Jacob Katz and others to Lippman Katz Estate, corporation, 114 East Broadway, Dec. 28; attorney, Davis & K., 51 Chambers St.....$1

EAST ½ of e ½ of Lot 858, map of Wakefield; William Greenhalgh to John Greenhalgh, 435 East 165th St, June 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

GREENE ST, 175 and 177, w s, 40x100; L. Werher to Ida Herz, Town of Wyoming, Penn., (mtg $75,150,) Jan. 18.....$100

HEATH AV, e s, 107 ft n of Boston Av, 50x100; Antonino Trapani to Santa Trapani, 633 East 186th St, Oct. 19, 1908; attorneys, Vitales & V., 53 Park Row.....$100

HESTER ST, n s, 63.6 ft e of Ludlow St, 24x75; Daniel J. Mendelson to Louis Siegel, July 29, 1910; attorney, S. W. Collins, 63 Wall St.....$100

HOE AV, e s, 75 ft n of 172d St, 50x100x 47.10x75, (foreclosure of May 25, 1911;) Edw. D. Dowling, referee, to Max Hirsch, 210 West 140th St, (mtgs $22,000,) June 4; attorney, Arthur Knox, 198 Broadway..$5,400

HOE AV, w s, 67.3 ft s of Home St, 30x65; Nathan Pasaman to Prospect Investing Co., at Purchase, N. Y., June 13, (mtg $11,050;) attorney, S. W. Collins, 69 Wall St.....$100

HOME St, n s, 86.5 ft e of Longfellow Av, 50x100, (foreclosure June 12, 1911;) William K. Payne, referee, to Minnie Stahl, 3 East 101st St, June 15, (mtgs $33,500;) attorney, Jacob C. Brand, 132 Nassau St.....$400

KELLY ST, w s, 266 ft n of Longwood Av, 40x100; Carrie Mayer to Oldchester Realty Co., 951 Westchester Av, (mtg $32,000,) June 12; attorney, L. M. Mosaner, 951 Westchester Av.....$100

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, s s, Lot 749, Block 3,402, on assessment map, 16.3x440.8x82.9x 425.11; Augustus Van Cortlandt, Sr., to State Realty and Terminal Co. at Grand Central Terminal, s w corner of 45th St and Lexington Av; life estate, June 5; attorney, A. S. Lyman, at Grand Central Terminal.....$1

LEONARD ST, 50, s s, 24.4x100; George E. Henderson to Emma V. Jolley, Philadelphia, Penn., June 13; attorney, Montreal Life Insurance Company, 59 Cedar St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Joseph H. Jolley et al. to same, June 13; attorney same.....$1,300

LONGFELLOW AV, 1,255, w s, 41.4x109.5; Annie Siegel to Isidor Goldstein, 846 Hewitt Pl, Jan. 30; attorney, S. W. Collins, 63 Wall St.....$100

SAME PROPERTY, Isidor Goldstein to Longfellow Realty Corporation, 850 Beck St; March 22; attorney, same.....$1

LOT 32, map 170; lots, Stems estate; Francesco Petraglia to Martino Di Blasi, 2,282 1st Av, Feb. 23; attorney, R. Wiggiani & Co., 2,167 1st Av.....$1

LOTS 8 and 9, map of Hunt's Point Realty Co, Bronx; Michael Meehan and another to Economy Real Property Co, (mtg $5,800,) March 15, 1909; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway.....$1

LUDLOW ST, 94, e s, 24.6x87.6; Jacob Katz and others to Lippman Katz Estate, corporation, 114 East Broadway, Dec. 28; attorney, Davis & K., 51 Chambers St.....$1

LYON ST, (Home St,) s e corner of Simpson St, 51.3x106.3x59.11x99.11; Gerald J. Barry and others, executors, &c., of Elizabeth M. Barry, to H. & H. Schmidt Construction Co., 1,208 Simpson St, June 15; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$15,000

MATILDA ST, e s, 433.4 ft s of 239th St, 16.8x100; Benjamin Phillips to Hyman Rosenfeld and another, 75 East 114th St, June 14, (mtg $2,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

MOTT ST, 63, w s, 25x100; Rosa Gross to Bertha Baum, 348 East 84th St, (mtg $38,000,) June 14; attorney, Frank Moss, 299 Broadway.....$100

PARK AV, n e corner of 82d St, 102.2x100; Charles G. Curtis to 969 Park Avenue Co., 103 Park Av, June 9; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av.....$100

PARK AV, 969 to 971, e s, 37.6x100; Surveyors Realty Co. to 969 Park Avenue Co., 103 Park Av, May 23; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av.....$100

SHERIDAN AV, s w corner of 164th St, 34.5x 62.8; Patrick Hurley to Hurley Construction Co., 904 Grant Av, (mtg $1,200,) and all liens, June 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 170 ft s of 167th St, 35x100; Louis J. Schofer to Charles G. Lohman, 247 52d St, Brooklyn, (mtg $34,000,) June 14; attorneys, L. & A. U. Zinke, 290 Broadway.....$1

ST. ANN'S AV, 738, e s, 25x90; Katz-Polacek Realty and Construction Co. to Frederick S. Schlesinger, 560 East 158th St, (mtg $13,000,) June 14; attorneys, Arens & P., 271 Broadway.....$100

ST NICHOLAS PL, 34 and 36, e s, 75x100; Isaac Lichtenstein and Ettie, his wife, to Jacob H. Lichtenstein, 1,993 Washington Av, (mtg $88,200,) all title, June 14; attorneys, Miller, M. & Stern, 41 Graham Av., Brooklyn.....$1

VAN BUREN ST, e s, 250 ft s e of Columbus Av, 41.8x100; Maddelena, wife of Nicola Sarno to Francesco Barbieri, 201 East 111th St, June 12.....$1

WEBSTER AV, w s, 74 ft n of 184th St, 156x 110; Ignatz Roth to Stonington Realty Co., 35 Nassau St, (mtg $12,000,) June 14; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$100

WEST ½ of e ½ of Lot 858, map of Wakefield; John Greenhalgh to William Greenhalgh, 435 East 165th St, June 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

2D ST, 249 East, s w s, 25x66.8; Benjamin J. Weil to Rubin Stillman, 600 Mead St, June 15, (mtg $18,500;) attorney, Joseph G. Weinberger, 302 Broadway.....$100

3D AV, e s, 32 ft n of 167th St, 37x107.10; Joseph R. Truesdale, referee, to Aaron Blume, 2,051 5th Av, June 15, (mtg $30,000;) attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St.....$8,500

5TH AV, e s, 53 ft s of 49th St, 25x100; Curtis B. Pierce, executor, to Charles E. Hess, 502 Greene Av, Brooklyn, June 15; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

7TH AV, w s, 45.8 ft s of 26th St, 21x100; Minna Abrahams to M. Abrahams Co., 106 East 86th St, June 6; attorneys, Goldfogle, C. & L., 271 Broadway.....$100

7TH AV, 270, w s, 21x100x irregular, (mtg $8,000;) 7th Av, 272, w s, 21x100, (mtg $15,000;) 7th Av, 180 and 182, w s, 43x71.11x irregular, half of this parcel, (mtgs $21,500;) Morris Abrahams to M. Abrahams Realty Co., 106 East 81st St, June 8; attorneys, Goldfogle, C. & R., 271 Broadway.....$100

8TH AV, n e corner of 143th St, 40x90.10; 8th Av, 2,734 to 2,740, e s, 70.10x99.10; Christian Buckman to Michael C. Gross, 248 West 53d St, May 15; address, 271 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Michael C. Gross to Christian Buckman, 800 6th Av, June 15; attorney, same.....$100

9TH AV, 776, e s, 25x100; Minnie Meaney and others to Maurice Mandelbaum, 12 West 87th St, May 31, (mtg $15,000;) attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Maurice Mandelbaum to Annie W. Schierloh, 899 8th Av, June 15, (mtg $15,000;) attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$100

15TH ST, 312 and 316 West, 50x103.1; Samuel Lipman to Rachel Cohn, 314 East 67th St, mortgage, $65,000, June 14; attorney, Land Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

16TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 4th Av, 25x92; 16th St, n s, 225 ft e of 4th Av, 25x92; 16th St, n s, corner of Irving Pl., 75x146.2 irregular; Irving Corner Co. to the Hanover Corporation, 320 5th Av, (mtgs $1,200,000,) B. & S., June 5; attorneys, Rounds, H., D. & D., 62 Cedar St.....$100

22D ST, s s, 337.11 ft w of 5th Av, 26x98.9; 22d St, s s, 263.11 ft w of 5th Av, 25.6x98.9; 22d St, s s, 389.3 ft w of 5th Av, 52.4x98.9x 57.8x98.9; Adam C. Muller to Twenty-second Street Holding Co., 505 5th Av, all liens, June 12; attorneys, Rose & P., 128 Broadway.....$1

22D ST, 128 to 130 West, 56.3x98.9; Fleischmann Brothers Co. to Aurora Investing Co., 30 Broad St, (mtg $243,000,) May 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Aurora Investing Co. to Henry R. Drowne, 306 West 78th St., June 15, (mtg $243,000;) attorney, same.....$100

31st ST, 234 East, s s, 25x98.9; H. Tonjes & Co to Moses H. and William Kahn, 237 East 31st St, (mtg $9,000,) June 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.$100

34TH ST, 108 and 110 West, s s, 47.3x98.9; Shanley Realty Co. to Childs Co., 42 East 14th St, (mtgs $675,000,) June 15; attorneys, Hotchkiss, B. & McG., 165 Broadway....$100

37TH ST, s s, 48.2 ft w of 5th Av, 21.11x98.9; Elisabeth M. Lefferts to Holland Holding Co., 11 Pine St, June 6; attorney, State R. and Mortgage Co., 11 Pine St.....$1

41ST ST, n s, 350 ft e of 2d Av, 16.8x98.9; Diedrich Brandes and others to Lauritz P. M. Jacobson, 335 East 41st St; attorney, W. N. Vreeland, 38 Park Row.....$100

45TH ST, 231 West, 20.10x100.5; Harry A. Fields to John T. Brook, at Pelham, N. Y., June 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$50,000

47TH ST, 419 West, 25x100.5; David S. Christie and others to Walter S. Baker, 310 West 121st St, June 15, (mtg $7,550;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

48TH ST, 130 and 138 East, 72x100.5; Joseph L. Buttenwieser to Julius B. Fox, 520 Ocean Av., Jersey City, N. J.; attorneys, De Witt, L. & De W., 88 Nassau St.....$100

54TH ST, 118 to 124 East, 75x100.5; James C. McGuire & Co. to 118 East 54th St Co., 68 William St., June 15, (mtg $35,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

57TH ST, 541 West, n s, 25.1x100.5; Louis Schlechten to David Bachrach, 24 West 113th St, all liens, June 14.....$100

70TH ST, 18 West, 20x100.5; Stephanie Rasmus to Minnie S. Isenstein, 250 West 86th St, June 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

70TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 4th Av, 25x92; 16th St, n s, 225 ft e of 4th Av, 25x92; 16th St, n w corner of Irving Pl., 75x146.2 regular; Irving Corner Co. to the Hanover Corporation, 320 5th Av, (mtgs $1,200,000,) B. & S., June 5; attorneys, Rounds, H., D. & D., 62 Cedar St.....$100

90TH ST, s s, 130 ft w of West End Av, 15x100.8; Richard M. Henry, referee, to Anna L. Lucas et al, 780 DeKalb Ave, Brooklyn, June 15; attorney, Land Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$21,400

91ST ST, s s, 225 ft w of 3d Av, 100x100.8; Milton E. Oppenheimer to Adams Realty Co., 206 Broadway, June 15; attorneys, Wolf & K., 206 Broadway.....$100

95TH ST, 110 East, 16x100.8; Mary A. Thorp to the Ess Eff Realty Co., 122 East 25th St, June 15, (mtg $8,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

118TH ST, 406 East, 14x100.11; Isaac Sargent to Joseph Russo, 104 West 104th St., June 15, (mtg $3,500;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$1

133D ST, 66 West, 25x99.11; Archibald M. Duncan to Charles Wielins, Tappan, Rockland County, N. Y., June 15, (mtg $16,000;) attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St.....$1

134TH ST, 213 West, s s, 17.5x99.11; George W. Powell to Caleb D. Conroy, 38 Liberty St, Hartford, Conn., all title, (mtg $7,800,) June 1; attorney, J. W. Royall, 21 West 134th St.....$2,500

138TH ST, n s, 85 ft e of Lenox Av, 40x99.11; Lenox Av, n e corner of 138th St, 49.11x85; Rosenwasser Realty Co to Dora Aronson, 1,200 Madison Av, (mtg $100,000,) June 14.$1

140TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 75x99.11; William H. Moore to William H. Moore Construction Co., 853 St. Nicholas Av, June 15, (mtg $31,000;) attorney, J. Charles Wesehler, 135 Broadway.....$100

141ST ST, n e s, 279.10 ft n w of Walnut Av, 44x—; John H. Shipway and another to Grover C. Feurst, 211 South Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J., June 13; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

141ST ST, 550 West, n s, 25.4x99.11; Annie Levin and another to Morris Dworetzky, 146 West 111th St, and Joseph M. Scham, Berwick, Penn., (mtg $14,000 and all liens,) June 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

146TH ST, 550 West, 16.8x99.11; Henry T. Dressner to James M. Tully, 108 East 116th St, June 14, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

158TH ST, 825 West, n s, 20.9x79x20x84.9; Harriet D. Crane to Alice De L., wife of Albert O. Whitney, 611 West 158th St, June 14, (mtg $15,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

170TH ST, 598 East, n s, 19x119x19x120; Hannah Bernstein to Anna H. Leonhardt, 114 West 190th St, (mtg $1,500,) May 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

173D ST, 410 East, 20x117.10; Hyman Rosenfeld and others to Benjamin Phillips, 819 East 227th St, June 15, (mtg $5,500,) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

AURORA INVESTING CO. to Henry R. Browne, 306 West 78th St, June 15, 3 years; attorneys, Hamilton, G. & F., 100 Broadway.....$25,000

BERLIANT, Maria, to Marks Kirshbaum, 113 East 91st St; 3d St, 78 East, 25x96.2, prior mtg $28,000, June 14, 5 years, 6 p. c.; address, 113 East 91st St.....$7,000

SAME to same; same property, prior mtg $28,000, June 14, due Feb. 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.....$2,000

BLUMENKRANZ, Adolph, to Mary G. Richardson, 17 West 74th St; 5th St, 706 East, 25x96, June 15, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, W. C. Orr, 51 Chambers St.....$24,000

SAME to same; 5th St, 204 East, 27.6x96, June 15, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, same..$28,000

BRCOK, John T., to Harry A. Fields, 250 West 44th St; 45th St, s s, 412.6 ft e of 8th Av, 20.10x100.5, June 15, 3 years; attorneys, Campbell & M., 41 Park Row.....$38,000

CACCIA, Richard, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; 2d Av, s e corner of 30th St, 20x75.9, June 12, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$4,500

CHARLTON GREENWICH CO. to Edwin E. Wolf, 211 West 85th St; Greenwich St, s e corner of Charlton St, 50x75, June 15, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Crane & B., 116 Nassau St.....$12,000

COGHLAN, Thomas, to Bank Clerks' Co-operative Building and Loan Association, 26 Broadway; 147th St, s s, 250 ft e of Prospect Av, 25x100, May 29, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Reeves, T. & S., 165 Broadway.....$2,800

COHN, Rachel, to Samuel Lipman, 1,381 Boston Av; 15th St, 312 and 316 West, prior mtg $68,000, June 14, 7 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lachman & G., 35 Nassau St.....$12,000

DIXON, Sarah A., to Kunegunde E. Pfister, 355 East 84th St; Belmont Av, e s, 132.2 ft s of Pelham Av, 25x100, June 13, due July 1, 1914, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Wager & A., 287 Broadway.....$2,100

DOYLE, Michael J., to Sadie B. Clocke, 520 West 183d St; Lots 252 to 255, map of partition sale, Lott G. Hunt Estate, June 5, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, T. E. Clocke, 2,022 Boston Road.....$2,000

ECONOMY REAL PROPERTY CO. to Ida M. Murphy, 22 East 29th St; Lots 8, 9, 12, to 16, map of 389 lots of Hunt's Point Realty Co., May 24, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Wolf & K., 203 Broadway.....$25,000

EDMONDSON CONSTRUCTION CO. to Commonwealth Savings Bank, 2,007 Amsterdam Av; Cedar Av, w s, 174.7 ft n of 179th St, 16.8x100.9, June 15, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, George H. Hyde, 41 Park Row.....$4,000

ESS EFF REALTY CO. to Mary A. Thorp, Rockville Centre, L. I.; 95th St, 119 East, 16x100.8, prior mtg $8,000, June 15, due April 26, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Clarke & C., 51 Chambers St.....$3,000

FAIRVIEW CONSTRUCTION CO. to Henry E. Jones, 9 Place des Etats Unis, Paris, France, and another, trustees; Powers Av, s e corner of 142d St, 50x99.2, June 14, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St.....$44,000

SAME to Nathan Reisler, 1,108 West 115th St; Powers Av, e s, 100 ft n of 141st St, 250 to 142d St x99.2, prior mtg $83,478.55, June 14, due March 3, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Strasinger & N., 60 Wall St.....$18,000

FLEISCHMAN BROS. CO. to Julius Fleischmann, 68 Lenox Av; 111th St, n s, 250 ft w of 7th Av, 50x100.11, due March 3, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Stroock & S., 30 Broad St..$10,000

SAME to same and others, trustees; 111th St, n s, 200 ft w of 7th Av, 50x100.11, due March 3, 1914, 6 p. c., June 10; attorney, same.....$10,000

FORDHAM REALTY CO. to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway; De Voe Terrace, n w s, 375.8 ft s of 190th St, 3 lots, 50x70, (3 mtgs, each $4,000,) June 15, due, &c., as per bond; address 200 Broadway.....$12,000

GENT, Catherine B., to North Side Savings Bank, 3,230 3d Av; Wales Av, 611, w s, 19x 105, June 14, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,500

SAME to same; Wales Av, 607, w s, 18.6x105, June 14, 3 years; attorney, same.....$3,500

SAME to same; Wales Av, 609, w s, 18.9x105, June 14, 3 years; attorney, same.....$3,000

GOLDBERG, Becky, to Morris Dworetzky and another, 146 West 111th St; 134th St, s s, 250 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 40x99.11, June 13, prior mtg $33,000, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$11,000

H. & H. SCHMIDT CONSTRUCTION CO. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St; Home St, s e corner of Simpson St, 51.3x106.3, June 15, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$60,000

HARVIER, Ernest, to Andrew J. Dalton, 267 East Kingsbridge Road; Gerard Av, 1,157, w s, 25x100, June 15, 3 years; attorney, E. F. Moran, 51 Chambers St.....$4,500

HESS, Charles E., to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway; 5th Av, e s, 53 ft s of 49th St, 25x100, June 1, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; address, 135 Broadway.....$225,000

HIRSCH, Max, to Prospect Investing Co, at Purchase, N. Y.; Hoe Av, e s, 75 ft n of 172d St, 50x100, June 14, due Oct. 1, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. W. Collins, 63 Wall St.....$5,125

HOLLAND HOLDING CO. to Elizabe

REAL ESTATE—Manhattan Beach.

BUNGALOWS

On New York City

OCEAN FRONT

ATTRACTIVE, restricted sites for all-year Bungalow homes on New York City's Ocean Front. Moderate prices, easy terms. Every improvement and convenience. Close to business district. Trains every minute. Elegantly laid out section of the magnificent MANHATTAN BEACH ESTATES. Rapidly appreciating in value. Easy to reach. Take Brighton Beach "L" from Brooklyn Bridge. Get off at Brighton Beach or Sheepshead Bay Station.

Illustrated Booklet on Request.

Offices on Property and at 5th Av. and 42d St., New York.

Joseph P. Day
Sales Agent

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Sale.—To make possible an immediate settlement of a trust and to avoid the delay attendant upon a judicial sale, my clients will sell, for the extremely low price of $110,000, a very desirable dock property situated on Newtown Creek, Borough of Brooklyn. The property has a water frontage of 250 feet and consists of twenty-five lots. This offer is solely conditioned upon an immediate cash sale, to be consummated within thirty days. While the owners are willing to pay the usual broker's commissions for a sale of the property, no attention will be paid to answers to this advertisement from brokers desiring to generally list the property on their books. For maps and full information with regard to property apply to Louis H. Porter, attorney for trustees, 140 Nassau Street, New York, N. Y.

BAY RIDGE

$200 DOWN, $30 MONTHLY.

Price $4,500; 7 rooms brick house; wide porch; parquet floors; tile vestibule and bath; decorated; sewer; asphalt pave; fine neighborhood; 5c. carfare.

BUILDER, G. 222 Times Downtown.

You Can Own YOUR OWN HOME

without increasing your present expenses. Our booklet tells the story. Drop a postal for it to-day—it is Free.

THE SNAVELY CONSTRUCTION CO.,
1,537 E. 28TH ST., BROOKLYN.

AT A SACRIFICE.

25x132; 4-story double flats; Bergen St., near Franklin Av.; new 1st mortgage, will take 2d; to quick buyer for $11,000; also have a De Kalb Av. bargain. Horowitz, 156 East 94th St., Manhattan.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

FREE EXCURSION
Saturday, 2:30 P. M.,
to
LITTLE FARMS
at
ANNADALE, STATEN ISLAND
Get tickets from
WOOD, HARMON & CO.,
261 Broadway, N. Y.

Owing to ill-health of proprietor, excellent opportunity offered to purchase attractive, well-paying boarding house, with 26 sleeping rooms, with grounds 100x150. Near Prince's Bay Beach; fine boating, bathing, fishing; old established business; regular custom; an hour from Battery to station; $6.75 monthly commutation, including ferry and steam cars; frequent trains, excellent service. Price, $8,000; liberal terms; furniture included, if desired. Photograph and full description through Cornelius Kolff, 45 Broadway, New York, or White Dental Works, Prince's Bay.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FINE LITTLE WATER FRONT COTTAGE

6 rooms and bath, on 2 lots, improved, macadamized street, cement sidewalk, gas, electric lighting, water, and sewerage; perfect drainage; no assessments whatever for these improvements; fine bathing beach, dock and yacht clubhouse close by; price $4,400; pay balance in 8 years; title perfect. Beech, Box 500 Times Downtown.

See the new houses at Laurelton, Queensboro, before buying anywhere on Long Island. For pictures and particulars write or telephone Laurelton Land Company, 50 Church Street, 7566 Cortlandt.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

$6,200.00

Owner must sell this new, quaint Colonial house; 35 minutes from Broadway; large living room, in hardwood, with fireplace; dining room white enamelled; mahogany doors; large closets; bath room, with highest class fixtures; attic; kitchen has combination range, large pantries; steam heat, gas, and electric light; plot 50x144; shade trees, flowering shrubs. 217 Washington Place, Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

BUNGALOW, CHICKEN, FRUIT.

FARM, $95

20,000 SQ. FEET
Rich Soil, High & Dry
100 Fruit Trees
ON EACH ACRE.

Also riverside farms; boating, bathing, and fishing; 32 minutes on Lackawanna; one minute from express station; 13c. fare; many trains; $10 down, $5 monthly; title guaranteed; artistic bungalow, $275; write, call or phone 4309 Beekman.
B. LANE, ROOM 324 WORLD BLDG., N. Y.

$14,000 WILL BUY A HOME

in Jersey City's best residential section; near the Boulevard; house is 3-story and basement, contains 15 large, light airy rooms and all modern conveniences; plot 50x132; conservatively valued at $18,000; ideal home or unusually attractive investment; possession can be had immediately if desired; for details and terms of sale address Owner, K 291 New York Times Downtown.

AN IDEAL SUBURBAN HOME

in the Millington Hills, an hour out on Lackawanna R. R. Brand new artistic semi-bungalow, timbered living room, old English dining room, kitchen, 4 bedrooms, bath, steam heat, electric light, telephone, town water. Will rent to probable buyer for $500 and apply rent on purchase price, $5,500.
E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

"THE LOGICAL WAY TO LIVE"

tells all about the home place of quality, simplicity, and neighborliness. A postal will bring it to you.
Sec. Cragmere Assn., Mahwah, N. J.

FARM HOUSE and ¾ acres of land; 7-room house; 49 minutes out; fare 14 cents; price $1,950; $700 cash; $25 monthly. Call, write.
K. NICHOLS, 258 Broadway.

BUNGALOW 4 rooms, large porch, 20,000 square feet of land; price $575; terms easy; 49 minutes out; fare 14 cents.
K. NICHOLS, 258 Broadway.

For Rent—An 18-room house in Montclair, N. J.; choice, accessible location, spacious grounds, steam heat in every room, adaptable for all year around high class boarding house; immediate possession. Apply George Barker, Public Service Building, Broad and Bank Streets, Newark, N. J.

COMMUTER'S CHICKEN FARM.

Only 27 miles out, 14 acres; fine ten-room house, barns, poultry house, incubators, stock and tools; small amount cash. BECKER REALTY CO., 50 Church St., New York.

Positive sacrifice; modern nine-room dwelling; Colonial architecture; location ideal; ample grounds; value $7,500; open to offers quick sale; 45 minutes from Broadway. Siebenmann, Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

Near Passaic, good neighborhood, convenient station; two-family 15-room house, all improvements; corner, 69x164; low price; small amount cash. BECKER REALTY CO., 50 Church St., New York.

Acreage development; 128 acres; good building; [illegible] worth $500; easy terms; large [illegible] Nicholson Co., Lynhurst, N. J.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

PELHAMWOOD

Getting down to facts, this property is 30 minutes from Grand Central. 75 electric trains a day. Pelham station on the property. Streets of macadam, sidewalks of cement, gutters of stone. Water, gas, electricity, telephones, stores, schools, churches. Artistic houses now on the property. Two we constructed are for sale. See Pelhamwood before making a decision.

Write, 'phone or call for free tickets.

CLIFFORD B. HARMON & Co.
315 Madison Ave. at 42nd St.

IT requires no keen appreciation of real estate values to realize that the prices of plots or acreage on Greenacres, Scarsdale Hill or Murray Hill, on the

SCARSDALE ESTATES

up in the Westchester hills, are very moderate indeed when you take into consideration all the advantages that the highly favored suburb of New York enjoys.

¶ Isn't it worth your while to investigate some of these advantages? Write for Booklet "C"

Visit the Greenacres Tea House.

THE SCARSDALE ESTATES
ROBERT E. FARLEY, President
White Plains, N.Y. 527 Fifth Ave., New York

JUNE SPECIAL

At your own terms, whatever you can pay down, the balance at

$15 A MONTH.

38 Minutes from 42d St. 90 Trains Daily.

A BUNGALOW,	2½-STORY HOUSE,
concrete cellar, 50x100 plot; 5 rooms & bath, all improvements.	concrete cellar, 50x100 plot; 6 rooms & bath; all improvements.
PRICE $2,600.	PRICE $3,200.

These houses are within walking distance of the depot, trolley car passing property. Call or write for ticket and information.

STERLING PARK, INC.,
No White Plains Office. 51-53 E. 125th St. 'Phone 2240 Harlem.

Dutch Colonial House.

On Hudson, less than hour from Grand Central; near station on N. Y. Central; fine views; house new; 11 rooms, 3 baths, hot water heat, fireplaces; everything modern. Will rent with privilege of purchase at bargain price. Terms to suit. COOLEY & WEST, Inc., Charles Building, 43d St. & Madison Ave. Tel. 4430 Murray Hill.

HUDSON RIVER RESIDENCE

Within short commuting distance; station on N. Y. Central, 5 minutes' walk; fine views of river; house just completed; all modern improvements; 11 rooms, 3 baths; can be sold at a bargain. Terms to suit purchaser.
JOSEPH W. COOK,
No. 331 Madison Avenue.
Tel. 4430 Murray Hill.

READY TO MOVE IN.

$200 DOWN, $15 MONTHLY.

Full price, $3,000 and upward. Houses five, six, seven, and eight large rooms and bath; all improvements; water, gas, and sewer; 38 minutes from Grand Central Station; near depot.
FRAADE & FRAADE, 45 West 34th Street, Room 800. 'Phone 4266-67 Murray Hill.

NEW ROCHELLE, Premium Point Park; exclusive section; new Echo Bay, and Long Island Sound; newly decorated; 16 rooms; all improvements; shade trees, large porch; ¾ acre; rent $900. Nagle, 171 3d Av., New York City.

An Exceptional Opportunity at Scarsdale.—10-room stucco dwelling, 2 baths, hot-water heat; every appointment. Fine locality on high ground. Plot contains about four city lots. Price $11,000. Angell, 16 East 42d St.

ANGELL & CO.'S OFFICE AT SCARSDALE is open every afternoon from 2 P. M. Stop to see that we can offer for rent and sale.

For Sale or Rent—Seven-room house; improvements; ground 75x200. Valentine & Kane, 242 Mamaroneck Av., Mamaroneck, N. Y.

Mount Vernon.

FURNISHED RENTALS

Summer months or longer. Attractive modern houses in delightful locations, fine shade trees, large piazzas; rent $50 to $350 monthly. Cooley & West, Inc., Mount Vernon, N. Y. 'Phone 708.

$1,000 CASH

will buy modern 9-room house, tiled bathroom; electric lights, steam heat, back stairs; 6 minutes from station; fine location; price $7,000. Cooley & West, Inc., Mount Vernon, N. Y. 'Phone 708.

New Rochelle.

New Colonial Cottage.

9 rooms, 2 baths, gas, electricity, hot-water heat; large grounds; wide view; restricted; improved property. $1,200 CASH NEEDED.

C. B. ALLEN, 232 Huguenot St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

FARM BARGAINS WANTED

For quick buyers. Owners only send full details to BECKER REALTY CO., 50 Church St., New York.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Builders, attention; 125 by 100, vacant, free and clear, West Harlem; will trade for 4 or 5 story store property; equity $70,000. William Otten, 2,627 8th Av.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Fifty places in Connecticut, within 65 miles New York City; $500 up; state your wants; free lists. Brophey, 64 Grand St., Danbury, Conn.

COUNTRY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A 70-ACRE FARM; ONLY $3,000.

Six-room house, good barn, high elevation; splendid scenery, near station; small amount cash. BECKER REALTY CO., 50 Church St., New York.

PENNSYLVANIA—FOR SALE OR LET.

Lake and Grove For Sale,
Wayne County, Penn.
Joseph Oliver, Honesdale, Penn., Route 4.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

The Tuxedo of Long Island

Picture a secluded residential park only 18 minutes from Herald Square, offering that priceless advantage—exclusiveness. Such is Oakland, with its colony of small, highly restricted country estates, in New York City, but not of it.

Oakland

18 Minutes from Herald Square

is situated at Bayside, Borough of Queens, and is one of the highest elevations on the North Shore of Long Island, commanding a fine view of The Sound. The landscape is graced with ancient oaks that have prospered. Their spreading arms give a welcome shade and form a setting of dignity and comfort for your home. Oakland is divided into small estates from one-fourth to one acre in size, which are sold at $3,000 and upward.

It includes every city improvement—such as electric lighting and gas, water and sewers.

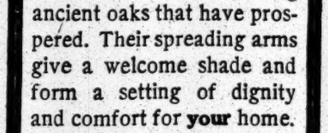
Attractive details will be gladly furnished upon request.

DRAPER REALTY COMPANY
Telephone 5030—Gramercy
28th Floor, Metropolitan Tower, New York City

Charming Bungalow Colony on the Hills at Glen Head

Overlooking Hempstead Harbor and the Millionaire Colony.

85 minutes out through Penn. Tubes. Railroad station directly on property.



PRICE $3,000

Small Amount Down—Easy Terms.

The above attractive Bungalow of 6 rooms and bath, on Plot 100x150; large living room, attractive, airy dining room, with beautiful view, 3 bedrooms, verandas front and rear. Superb view, wonderful old trees, high beautiful rolling country; all modern conveniences.

Some beautifully wooded Bungalow plots as low as $25 down and $5 monthly.

Write or Phone us for further particulars.

North Shore Realty Co.
146 E. 34th St. Phone 1481 Mad. Sq.
395 Bridge St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Tel. 1470 Main.

WATER FRONT $500

On the Ocean—On the Bay

Take your choice for a Summer Life. We can give you either on South Shore of Long Island at Bay Shore—on Fire Island.

$10 Down, $10 Monthly.

It is a money maker. It is real water life. You cannot match it, you cannot beat it.

Free excursion every Saturday and Sunday. Lithograph maps and free tickets. Apply at once.
WM. H. MOFFITT REALTY CO., 34th St. and Madison Av.

Great House Bargain

$5,950 BUYS A $7,500 HOUSE.

A beautiful new home, built by "day's work;" gas, electricity, running water, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, large wardrobes; many special features; a large plot on an attractive avenue in private residence park; fine surroundings; 24 to Herald Square or Battery on the Pennsylvania tunnel line; near depot; very easy terms and small deposit, or will rent with privilege of buying and applying rent payments on purchase. Call, write, or phone T. I. McNEECE, 150 Nassau St.
Phone 4070 Beekman.

HOME SITES.

You can find out about the most desirable places to build or buy a home by sending ten cents (regular price twenty-five) for a copy of the "Suburban New York Number" of TOWN & COUNTRY. It contains a Real Estate Information Blank, which will bring you details.

TOWN & COUNTRY HOMELAND BUREAU,
389 Fifth Avenue. Tel. 3627-28-29 Madison Sq.

Business reverses force owner to sell beautiful stucco bungalow; 6 rooms, bath, running water, gas, sewer, splendid fishing and sailing, surf and still water bathing right at the door; south shore, Long Island; 90 minutes from New York City; $3,200. Sacrifice, T 164 Times.

BAYSIDE ON LITTLE NECK BAY.

The superiority of this house can easily be judged; built to last under supervision of owner; spacious veranda; large dining room; fine trees and large grounds; near Bayside Yacht Club; water front rights; price, $14,500; terms to suit. C. W. Weaver, Bayside, L. I.

HAVE YOU EVER REALIZED

One Dollar on One Hundred Rent Receipts? Think it over and write for particulars of our cosy bungalow sites; cottages, houses, villas; shore fronts, small farms; building lots and plots; paid for same as rent. Progress, P 4 Times.

A HOME FOR THE SAME AS RENT.

6 and 7 room houses, with 2 to 6 lots; 30 minutes out; price from $2,000 to $4,000; terms very easy; also beautiful water front property. Long Island Real Estate, 391 East 149th Street, Corner of 3rd Ave., Room 213.

Cottage, 6 rooms, barn, chicken-house; 2½ acres; 400 feet road frontage; driven well; easy terms, $1,800; acreage large and small tracts, $50 per acre. Furnished cottages to rent. George Herrmann, Center Moriches, L. I.

Huntington—Small bungalow with plot, 100x100; high, airy; fertile land; price $600; $50 cash, $10 monthly. Write for tickets to see it. Bech, 1,361 Broadway, Brooklyn.

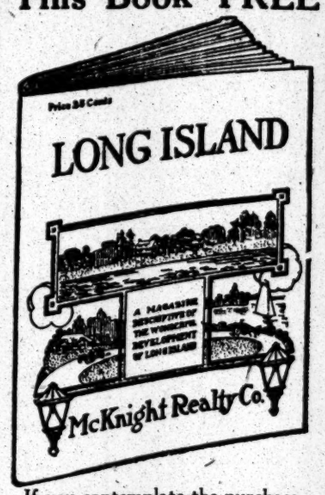
Furnished apartment, six rooms; best commuting metropolitan district; July, August, September. K 292 Times Downtown.

Jamaica's Finest Residential Park.—Large plot, valued $4,200; sacrifice contract, $3,000. Reverses, P 23 Times.

Fireproof, reinforced concrete houses; price of frame; greatest lot bargains. Westbury Terrace, 115 Broadway.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

This Book FREE



If you contemplate the purchase of Long Island Real Estate you cannot afford to be without this **Guide Book for Investors.** Send for it TO-DAY.

McKnight Realty Company
Specialists on Long Island Real Estate
347 Fifth Avenue - New York

A BARGAIN

At Douglaston, L. I.

THE ONLY REMAINING UNSOLD HOUSE OF A NUMBER BUILT AS SAMPLES AND CONTAINING MANY NOVEL FEATURES. LOCATED ON HIGH GROUND OVERLOOKING LITTLE NECK BAY. COST $16,500. WILL SELL FOR LESS ON TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER.
J. W. DOOLITTLE,
347 FIFTH AVENUE.
TELEPHONE 5960 MADISON SQ.

BAYBERRY POINT

ISLIP, L. I.

ONLY ONE COTTAGE LEFT of the H. O. Havemeyer Estate Moorish cottages, fully furnished, directly on the water; reduced rent. Exceptional neighbors; bathing; boating; tennis, golf.

HERBERT A. SHERMAN
9 Pine St. & 532 5th Ave., cor. 44th St.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

READ THIS:

Fronting 450 feet on the beautiful Shore Road at Grand View, only 100 feet from the Hudson and commanding a superb view of the Tappan Zee Bay, is a parcel of nearly 4 acres. In the centre, with a fall of some 30 feet, is a wonderful spring, which cascades over picturesque red sandstone rocks with an unvarying and neverfailing flow. There are many great shade trees, a natural trout pool and glorious scenery. The surroundings are high-class residential—no railroad tracks nor commercial features. Gas, electric light, telephone; few minutes' walk from station and yacht club. Hour from terminal building. The cheapest, most unique building site on the Driveway. Fountains, pools, and other water effects can be had and dry weather does not affect the flow. Write me about it.
HOWARD GOLDSMITH,
Nyack-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

For Sale or Rent in the Catskills

Two cozy and neatly furnished 7 and 10 room cottages, with barn, stables, and about 120 acres of land, consisting of meadows, pastures, orchards and woodland, with never failing springs and brook. The cottages are built on a hill, thus affording a most picturesque view. There are fishing and bathing near at hand. Prices very reasonable. Apply to
F. G. STROHMEYER,
139 FRANKLIN ST., NEW YORK.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

For Bankers, Brokers, Lawyers and Real Estate Operators

Suite and Single Outside Rooms

TIMES BUILDING

(Times Square)

FOR RENT

Most Accessible, Best Lighted and Best Ventilated Office Building in New York

APPLY TO RENTAL AGENT, TIMES BUILDING

Do You Want a Loft Or Store and Basement

In a fireproof building, 60x90 feet, 12 stories, with splendid light all around; unobstructed floor space; in every way new, perfect, up-to-date

Right in the centre of everything

At the Lowest POSSIBLE PRICE?

THEN LOOK AT

Nos. 153-157 West 23d St.

And send your broker to Charles Buek, 5 E. 42d. St.

SOLTMANN BUILDING, 100x100

ONLY ONE LOFT LEFT

Finest $5,000 space in Penn. District. One little subdivided space at $40 month.

134 TO 140 WEST 29 St. 7960 Mad. Sq.—Ask your Broker.

SUBLET BARGAIN, 876-8 B'way, near Sloane's. Two 40x100 Top Lofts. Low Rent.

Broadway and 39th St. Bldg.

SMALL AND LARGE LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
Harris & Vaughan, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

To Sublet, Furnished.—Splendid mahogany furnished office, including Remington machine, filing cabinets, &c., in the Night and Day Bank Building, corner 44th Street and Fifth Av. Will sublet furnished for one year or shorter term at sacrifice. W. B. Walker, Thermos Bldg., 243 West 17th St.

Desirable Office on Broadway

Suitable for Transportation Company, including large window space. Apply Poland Spring Co., 1180 B'way, near 28th St.

148 EAST 57TH STREET.

LARGE, LIGHT, AIRY LOFT OR PART OF SAME FOR LIGHT MANUFACTURING, OFFICES.

26th St., cor. 1st Av.—Two lofts, 100x100; light on four sides; steam power; large elevator; all improvements. Apply on premises.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS. | HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS. | HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Grand Lobby, Congress Hotel and Annex, Chicago

Make This Your Home in Chicago

The most prominent people in the world make the Congress Hotel *and* Annex their home when they visit Chicago. Some of its features—the Elizabethan Room, the Gold Room, the French Room are "sights" of the city. But it is its perfection of service—willing service by skilled attendants—that gives to this Hotel an incomparable atmosphere of home-likeness and insures the comfort of every guest in every detail.

RATES: { Rooms, one person, bath detached, $2.00 and up; with private bath $3.50 and up
Rooms, two persons, bath detached, $3.00 and up; with private bath $5.00 and up
SUITES—Prices on Application

Congress Hotel and Annex

Formerly Known as the Auditorium Annex

Located on Michigan Blvd., Overlooking Grant Park and Lake Michigan—374 Ft. Frontage

N. M. KAUFMAN, President. Adv. No. 4a. MAX L. TEICH, CARL C. ROESSLER, Managing Directors.

HOTEL CONGRESS ANNEX

Copyrighted.

HOTEL WOODWARD

and HOUSEKEEPING ANNEX
Broadway & 55th St., N. Y.

SPECIAL RATES FOR JUNE and JULY.

'Phone, 5,000 Columbus
T. D. GREEN, Proprietor

HOTEL ROLAND

59th St., Between Madison & Park Avs., Block from Grand Plaza Entrance to Central Park.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY.
Family Hotel for Permanent and Transient Guests.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN

East Side.

12 East 48th St.

New and Clean

Just being finished, apartment 3 rooms and bath. Call and see it.

Suitable for Doctor, Dentist, Lawyer, Artist, Private Family or Business.

Very fine Studio on top floor.

Immediate Possession.

Agent on premises between 9 and 5 or apply to

PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents,
340 Madison Ave. (at 43d St.)

East Side.

THE LEXINGTON,

144-146-148 East 22d St.

Sub-lease attractive large apartments, 5 & 6 rooms and bath. All-night elevator service. Electric light, telephone.
REDUCED RENT.
References; leases. Superintendent on premises.
WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,
927 Broadway. Telephone 5929 Gramercy.

West Side.

INVERNESS

200-210 WEST 57TH ST.

Handsome, extra large, light apartments, six, seven, and eight rooms and bath, with all modern improvements; rents $1,300 to $2,400; possession Oct. 1.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

CATHEDRAL HEIGHTS.

Bargain; 5-room elevator. 509 West 112th.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of New York.—In the matter of ABRAHAM MAMLET, Bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.—Notice of sale.

Take notice, that the undersigned receiver will sell, at public auction, subject to the confirmation of the court, a stock of dress goods, dry goods, and miscellaneous merchandise, including office furniture and fixtures, as contained in the premises No. 189 Bergenline Avenue, Union Hill, N. J.

Sale to be held at 2 o'clock, Monday, June 19th, 1911, at the premises aforesaid.

Further terms and conditions of sale to be made known at time of sale.

NATHAN BILDER, Receiver,
164 Market St., Newark, N. J.
COHEN, CREEVEY & RICHTER, Attorneys of Receiver, 15 William St., New York City.
GEORGE R. BEACH, Referee in Bankruptcy, 75 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX WEINGARTEN, HENRY DURST, and MAX DURST, individually and as copartners, trading under the firm name of New York Royal Rubber Co., Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, June 16, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 94 Chambers St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of rubber coats, rubberized coats, rubber goods, rubberized goods, raw material, druggists' rubber supplies, rubber garden hose, together with fixtures, consisting of tables, shelving, &c.; office furniture, safe, typewriter, &c. MARCUS HELFAND, Trustee.
HAROLD REMINGTON, 165 Broadway, New York; LEONARD BRONNER, 320 Broadway, New York, Attorneys for Trustee.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of AREF KHOURY & BROS., Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 15,049.

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the bankrupts, consisting of a large stock of kimonos, some only partly manufactured; also piece goods; also Singer sewing machines, power tables, motor, office fixtures and furniture, and partitions, will be sold on the 16th day of June, 1911, commencing at 10:30 A. M. The sale will commence at 85 Washington Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, where the bankrupts had their factory, and will be then immediately continued at 17 Rector Street, New York City, where they had their office and show room.
RALPH WOLF, Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM COHEN and KATE HOROWITZ, individually and as members of the firm of COHEN & HOROWITZ, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, June 21, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 394 Grand St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of millinery, flowers, feathers, wings, silks, ribbons, fixtures, &c. GEORGE C. TUTTLE, Receiver.
JOSEPH LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 14,824.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JACOB HYMAN, alleged bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Hyman, alleged bankrupt, has filed his petition for confirmation of composition, dated June 7th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 26th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the alleged bankrupt thereon.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 12th, 1911.

NO. 14,225.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—ANDREW E. McDONOUGH, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew E. McDonough, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 27, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, July 26, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any there have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 15, 1911.

NO. 14,583.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of RUBEN RABINOWITZ, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Ruben Rabinowitz of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1911, the said Ruben Rabinowitz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375 Hudson Terminal Building, No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 27th day of June, A. D. 1911, at 12 o'clock, noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE,
June 14th, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 14,670.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS DANZIG and CHARLES ROSENBERG, copartners trading as MUTUAL KNITTING MILLS, bankrupts.

To the creditors of Morris Danzig and Charles Rosenberg, copartners trading as Mutual Knitting Mills of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1911, the said Morris Danzig and Charles Rosenberg were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, Room 1,510, City and County of New York, on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated June 14th, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARTIN J. POTTER, Bankrupt.—No. 14,777.

To the creditors of Martin J. Potter of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Martin J. Potter was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the twenty-ninth day of June, A. D. 1911, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated New York, June 12th, 1911.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 19,863.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—HYMAN ERTISCHEK, also known as HERMAN ERTISCHEK, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Hyman Ertischek, also known as Herman Ertischek, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 8th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, July 19th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 12th, 1911.

NO. 15,023.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALBERT GREEN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Albert Green of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1911, the said Albert Green was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375, Hudson Terminal Building, No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE,
June 14th, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,818.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SIMON SCHNEIDER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Simon Schneider, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 5, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, July 26, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 14, 1911.

NO. 14,191.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—ALICE ZINA S. WATSON, doing business under the name of A. ZINA STRAIGHT, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed her petition, dated April 22, 1911, praying for a discharge from all her debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, July 26, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any there have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 15, 1911.

NO. 15,003.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—PHILIP RABINOWITZ, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Philip Rabinowitz, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 5, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, July 26, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 15, 1911.

If you seek the owner of some valuable you have found, watch the Lost columns of The New York Times.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

ELITE SILK COMPANY.—Judge Hand has appointed Charles H. Broas receiver for Max Weinstein, trading as the Elite Silk Company, at 640 Broadway, bond $500.

MINNA BOGNER, 74 West 100th Street, has filed a petition with liabilities of $1,891 and no assets. She has only one creditor, the Federal Union Surety Company.

SALS & GELLER, who did business as the New Supply House, at Mount Vernon, schedules show liabilities of $18,676, and assets of $10,107, consisting of stock, $8,500; accounts, $0,387; notes, $135, and cash, $85.

J. GOLDBERG & BEILINSON.—Judge Hand has appointed Ralph L. Collett receiver for J. Goldberg & Beilinson, cloak manufacturers, 129 West Twenty-second Street, bond, $250. Assets, estimated, $500 and liabilities, $6,000.

DAVID KLEPNER, salesman, 90 East Fourth Street, formerly a fur manufacturer, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $11,203 and assets of $7,553, consisting of accounts, $5,271; claims, $2,250, and cash in bank, $2. Among the creditors are David Blustein & Brother, $3,232; Edward Pollak & Co., $1,843, and Sternlicht & Sheer, $1,000.

FRANCIS D. BUSH, stock broker, 35 Wall Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $15,327 and assets of $1,066, consisting of stock, $20; accounts, $345; cash, $1, and real estate, $700. There are twenty-eight creditors, among whom are Henrietta Bush, $6,100; Daisy P. Bush, $4,000; Mary E. Bush, $1,000, and Isabella J. B Lasher, $4,150; Frederick Willetts, $1,580; Louis Eltinge, $1,172; Consolidated Stock Exchange, $42, and Consolidated Clearing House, $138. Mr. Bush became a member of the Consolidated Exchange on April 2, 1909.

Norfolk Silk Company Bankrupt.

TRENTON, N. J., June 15.—With assets of $467,720.56 and liabilities of $470,721.04, the Norfolk Silk Company, a New Jersey corporation, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the United States District Court here to-day. The principal office of the firm is in Jersey City, while the factories are in Norfolk, Va., and Midland Park, this State. The heaviest creditors are Schrefer, Schram & Voegel, New York, $227,347.84, and the Citizens' National Bank of Norfolk, $95,000. There are many other creditors in the Eastern States.

Dissolution of a Corporation.

Application has been made by Directors Edward and Herman Zneimer to the Supreme Court for the voluntary dissolution of Clark & Zneimer Company, pearl button dealers, 398 Broadway, due to dissensions among the Directors. Judge Giegerich appointed Charles L. Hoffman referee. Liabilities are $1,700 and assets $3,295. The company was incorporated in March 14 last.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Antes, Paula—Interborough Rapid Transit Co. et al., $125.
Angalone, Joseph—George Angler & Co., $162.
Bloom, Chaim Z. or Hyman, et al.—J. Klein, $111.
Belcher, Leon K.—J. F. Egan, $921.
Brandon, Ernest E.—J. Scholle, $102.
Bremerman, William—George Ringler & Co., $462.
Beck, Charles—Same, $181.
Blankenstein, Samuel—A. Berrent, $216.
Baker, Charles, et al.—A. W. Bennett, $5,155.
Birdseye, Clarence F.—W. N. Cohen, $113.
Boehm, Lewis C. and Harold D.—Vaughan's Seed Store, $633.
Camiluccl, Frank, et al.—A. C. Wicke Mfg. Co., $123.
Collora, Antonio—E. L. Heebner, $265.
Same—Same, $379.
Clark, Edson L.—G. R. Sutherland, $1,092.
Cole, Tunis J.—A. Schlachman, $150.
Comstock, Charles and Walter C.—Alpha Portland Cement Co., $519.
Doll, William F.—E. B. Forte, $394.
Davis, Morris—G. F. Hoffman et al., $199.
De Hart, John—E. B. Shaw, $861.
Egan, Maurice M.—J. H. Hentz, Jr., et al., $257.
Fraade, John J., et al.—R. Swenson, $422.
File, Eugene F., et al.—G. M. Buttle, $310.
Fox, Emanuel E.—Rowland & Marsellus Co., $267.
Finch, Harry E.—E. F. Bushnell et al., $152.
Fiuri, Charles A.—Kertscher & Co., $1,927.
Fiuri, George U.—Same, $1,227.
Gitteiman, Sam—P. Mintz, $228.
Guberman, Abraham—M. Rosenfeld, $127.
Grant, Abe M., et al.—J. Klein, $111.
Graf, Fred—Julius Kessler & Co., $107.
Georgi, Carl P.—I. Brenchand, $130.
Goldberg, Morris, et al.—L. Goldstein, $114.
Hirsch, Abraham—P. Puttmann, $345.
Hassett, Richard B., et al.—American Radiator Co., $320.
Halpern, Morris and Bertha—J. Kolivsky, $265.
Hirschfield, Bennett—London Waist & Dress Co., $252.
Haims, Louis—Henry B. Turner Coal Co., $125.
Harlam, David—Diamond Neckwear Co., Inc., $232.
Jones, John M.—S. M. Rosario & Brother, $136.
King, Joseph, et al.—J. A. Nurray et al., $267.
Korn, Louis—Murtha & Schmohl Co., $1,844.
Kalakaly, Antonio—W. W. Farley, $200.
Kaestner, Joseph F., et al.—George Ringler & Co., $485.
Levy, Harry or Harold—J. Casel, $154.
Legowsky, Kopel—C. W. Wickersham, $165.
Loss, Jacob M.—N. Prensky, $118.
Leibowitz, Barnett—City of N. Y., $208.
Liebgold, Bernard—Same, $214.
Lockwood, David—Same, $208.
Lewis, Frederick A.—Z. T. Piercy, costs, $107.
Manning, Willis—City of N. Y., $215.
Maus, Nartin—Same, $215.
Maxwell, Edward J.—Same, $215.
Mason, John D.—Same, $215.
Martin, Frank—Same, $215.
Maddin, James—Same, $215.
Mantell, Max—Same, $215.
Martin, Patrick—Same, $215.
Matthews, John—Same, $215.
May, John—Same, $215.
Matthews, Joseph—Same, $215.
Mann, George H.—Same, $215.
Madigan, John—Same, $215.
Marks, Elias—Same, $215.
Maguire, George—Same, $215.
Markland, John B.—Same, $215.
Marshall, John—Same, $215.
Manix, John E.—Same, $215.
McAfee, Bernard J.—Same, $215.
McClurg, Frank R.—Same, $215.
McCabe, Christopher—Same, $215.
McCartney, John—Same, $215.
McCaffrey, William C.—Same, $215.
McCarthy, Edward—Same, $215.
McCleary, Edward J.—Same, $215.
McClean, William F.—Same, $215.
McFaddin, John—Same, $215.
McFarland, Everett O.—City of New York, $215.
McGarry, William—Same, $215.
McGovern, John—Same, $215.
McKay Frank—Same, $215.
McLaughton, Michael L.—Same, $215.
McNamee, E. A.—Same, $215.
McPhee, Archibald—Same, $215.
McVeigh, William—Same, $215.
Lichtenberg, Rose and Charles, et al.—George Ringler & Co., $485.
Levine, Morris—B. Slutzker, $874.
Middleton, John A.—Lord & Taylor, $199.
Michaels, Samuel—H. Joseph, $195.
McKeon, Bartholmew, et al.—J. A. Murray et al., $267.
McGinley, Anna A.—M. Morison, $353.
Mullogan, Joseph T.—Realty Records Co., $116.
Mandel, Henry—Same, $106.
Manahan, Joseph A.—New York Telephone Co., $366.
Norton, Sheridan S.—F. L. Slasenger, $168.
Offerman, Hans B. V.—V. Hirschman, $316.
Olson, John E., et al.—Sykes Steel Roofing Co., $1,112.
Palmer, J. Curtis, et al.—G. M. Buttle, $310.
Pfister, Walter S. and Gottlieb—S. E. Dribben, $1,076.
Purzansky, Henry, (not summoned,) et al.—L. Goldstein, $114.
Rowe, Thomas—F. H. Mills, $218.
Rider, Charles, et al.—American Radiator Co., $320.
Rubenstein, Nathan—I. M. Levy, $328.
Raubitscheck, Max H.—Realty Records Co., $275.
Stuart, Don M.—A. C. Bernstein, $178.
Simonelli, Erzeario, et al.—E. C. Wicke Manufacturing Co., $123.
Stinzing, Frank C.—Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., costs, $136.
Spielberg, Jacob—M. Thau, $366.
Schlichter, George W.—L. Bowsky, $902.
Sawyer, G. Edwin—L. M. Starr et al., $169.
Tuttle, Harry L.—W. J. Coleman, $225.
Turner, Joseph—J. Rosenthal, 594.
Vaughan, Charles L., et al.—A. W. Bennett, $5,155.
Wharton, Louis C.—Nathul Realty Co., $162.
Walker, Frances R.—Kirby Construction Co., $204.
Weill, Henry M., et al.—E. J. Adler, $216.
O'Brien's Civil Service School—H. Loew, $217.
Shoshone Cattle Co.—J. R. Hegeman, $32,300.
Polish National Alliance of the United States of North America—H. German, $656.
Joseph King Construction Co. et al.—J. A. Murray et al., $267.
Edwer, Inc.—B. Sherburne, $104.
A. J. Walker Stoops Co.—A. C. Smith, $274.
Postal Telegraph Co.—S. M. Weled et al., $39,409.
Weissman Co.—H. M. Friedman, $1,024.
Corn Products Refining Co.—K. Wittlin, $198.
G. & A. Publishing Co.—G. Van Berk, $288.
Garage Owners' Association of New York—Same, $177.
Edinboro Construction Co. et al.—G. M. Buttle, $310.
Stone Age Plaster Co.—Cronstein Arthur Kopple Co., $383.
Schack Cafe Co.—George Ringler Co., $144.
Fraade & Fraade et al.—R. Swenson, $422.
Prusin Building Co. et al.—L. Goldstein, $114.
John E. Olsen Construction Co et al.—Sykes Steel Roofing Co., $1,112.
Allegretti Chocolate Cream Co.—C. Brenner, $798.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Aberbach, Abraham—J. M. Schnapp, May 2, 1911, $107.
Bisch, Hoef Realty Construction Co., Simon

A DAILY REMINDER.

Some relative or friend in the country would appreciate your thoughtfulness were you to send the Daily and Sunday editions of The New York Times while away from the city. 17c. per week, 75c. [illegible]

Uhlfelder, and Abraham Wainberg—Bunt & Son, May 7, 1910, $442.
Columbia Circle Hotel Co.—Frank & Di Keyser, Nov. 29, 1909, $120.
Felser Realty and Construction Co., Joseph Schwartz, and Herman Greenberger—Greenpoint Sash and Door Co., May 10, 1911, $363.
Fisk Rubber Co.—Rubber Trading Co., Feb. 8, 1911, $106.
Same—Same, June 8, 1911, $149.
Same—Same, June 14, 1909, $10,525.
Kerby, John E.; Joseph Cipallari, Abraham L. McKenzie, Paul Loeser, Edw. H. Wilkinson, Julius Tannenbaum, and Frank O. Salvan—H. Peckham, March 24, 1909, $1,516.
Oppenheim, Albert and Benjamin—H. A. Truxillo, July 21, 1910, $221.
Same—Same, June 10, 1909, $187.
Pucciarelli, Alfonso—D. Salzano, May 31, 1911, $125.
Sun Construction Co.—Watson Stillman Co., May 26, 1911, $489.
Wasserberge, Nathan—H. Hirschfeld et al. March 11, 1908, $165.
Wasserberger, Nathan and Bertha—H. Hirschfeld et al. March 11, 1908, $197.
Uptown Talmud Torba Hebrew School—City of New York, Feb. 26, 1909, (vacated,) $262.
Engel, Marks and James Stevens—People, &c., April 22, 1911, (vacated,) $1,000.
Engel, Martin, and Harry Schwartz—Same, April 22, 1911, (vacated,) $1,000.
Engel, Edw. T., and Frederick Lang—Same, April 27, 1911, (vacated,) $500.
Engel, Edw. T., and Jacob Markter—Same, April 27, 1911, (vacated,) $500.
Engel, Edw. T., and James Brown—Same, April 27, 1911, (vacated,) $500.
Sonora Phonograph Co.—W. H. Pumphrey, May 26, 1911, (vacated,) $993.
Bilioon, Louis—R. Raskin et al. Sept. 20, 1909, (released,) $169.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Assignments of Quartermasters to take effect July 1: Capt. B. H. Wells will report to the Eastern Division for Acting Chief Quartermaster, pending the arrival of Col. F. G. Hodgson; Major G. G. Bailey, relieved from the Department of the Gulf, is assigned to Fort Leavenworth, Kan., upon termination of manoeuvres at San Antonio; Capt. R. L. Carmichael assigned to temporary duty at Atlanta; Lieut. Col. T. Cruse, relieved from Central Division and assigned to Chicago, Ill., and in addition will report to the commanding General, Central Division for Acting Chief Quartermaster pending the arrival of Col. J. L. Clem; Lieut. Col. D. E. McCarthy, relieved from the Department of Missouri and assigned to the Central Division, upon termination of manoeuvers at San Antonio; Major D. W. Arnold, assigned to duty at St. Paul, Minn.; Major A. W. Kimball, assigned temporarily at Denver, Col., thence to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming; Col. G. S. Bingham, relelved from Department of Columbia and assigned to Jeffersonville, relieveing Major J. T. Davidson.

Capt. M. J. Henry, Chief Commissary, First Separate Brigade, to New York City as Purchasing Commissary.

Following officers of the Coast Artillery Corps, now at Galveston, Texas, upon being relieved from First Separate Brigade will return to his former station for temporary duty, thence to station after his name: Col. J. V. White, Fort Hancock, N. J.; Col. C. J. Bailey, Washington, D. C.; Col. C. P. Townsley, Fort Monroe, Va.; Lieut. Cols.—H. C. Davis, Fort Washington, Md.; J. D. Barrett, Fort Moultrie, S. C., and R. P. Davis, Fort Monroe, Va.; Majors—J. L. Hayden, Fort Monroe, Va.; E. M. Blake, Fort Dade, Fla.; W. G. Haan, Fort Wadsworth, N. Y.; A. Hero, Jr., Washington, D. C.; F. E. Harris, Fort McKinley, Me.; F. W. Coe, Fort Monroe, Va.; L. R. Burgess, Fort Morgan, Ala.; W. Chamberlaine, Fort Warren, Mass.; J. C. Gilmore, Jr., Fort Monroe, Va., and R. S. Abernethy, Fort Washington, Md. Captains—J. F. Howell, Fort Monroe, Va.; E. Carpenter, Washington, D. C.; G. Sevier, Fort Hancock, N. J.; F. W. Ralston, Fort Hancock, N. J.; F. M. Dengler, Fort Moultrie, S. C.; C. O. Rorebeck, Fort Monroe, Va.; B. Taylor, Fort H. G. Wright, N. Y.; A. J. Cooper, Fort Barrancas, Fla.; W. C. Baker, Fort Monroe, Va.; G. P. Hawes, Jr., Fort Warren, Mass.; R. I. McKenny, Fort Du Pont, Del., and L. C. Crawford, Fort Monroe, Va.; First Lieut. A. B. Deans, Jr., Fort Washington, Md.

Changes in the assignments of officers in the Coast Artillery Corps, now at Galveston, Texas—Each officer upon being relieved from First Separate Brigade will return to his former station for temporary duty, thence to proper station: Capt. J. E. Douglas, relieved from Twentieth Company and placed on unassigned list; Capt. F. W. Phisterer, transferred from Ninety-eighth to One Hundred and Twenty-second Company; Capt. W. F. Haze, relieved from One Hundred and Twelfth Company and placed on unassigned list; Capt. M. M. Mills, transferred from One Hundred and Seventieth to Thirty-ninth Company; Capt. L. Coleman, transferred from Eighty-second to One Hundred and Sixty-seventh Company; Capt. G. I. Hieks, Jr., transferred from One Hundred and Nineteenth to One Hundred and Seventieth Company; Capt. J. P. Robinson, transferred from One Hundred and Twenty-eighth to One Hundred and Thirty-seventh Company; Capt. C. Power, transferred from Eighty-seventh to One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Company; Capt. W. Patterson, transferred from Forty-fourth to Seventy-seventh Company; First Lieut. L. C. Brinton, Jr., relieved from Seventy-second Company and placed on unassigned list; First Lieut. Q. Gray, unassigned, is attached to One Hundredth Company; First Lieut. L. R. Poe, unassigned, is assigned to One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Company; First Lieut. C. L. Fenton, transferred from Eighty-fourth to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Company; First Lieut. J. K. Crain, unassigned, is assigned to Thirty-fifth Company; First Lieut. N. Horowitz, unassigned, is assigned to One Hundred and Seventieth Company; First Lieut. G. A. Wildrick, transferred from Thirty-fifth to Fifth Company; First Lieut. A. Kimberley, relieved from Sixth and attached to Fortieth Company; First Lieut. R. P. Glassburn, transferred from Forty-first to Forty-third Company; First Lieut. C. E. Seybet, transferred from One Hundred and Forty-fifth to One Hundred and Sixty-second Company; First Lieut. J. Pierce, transferred from One Hundred and First to One Hundred and Fifty-third Company; First Lieut. H. Geiger, transferred from Seventy-fifth to Seventy-seventh Company; First Lieut. R. H. Smith, unassigned, is assigned to One Hundred and Sixty-third Company; First Lieut. O. H. Longino, unassigned, is assigned to One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Company; First Lieut. S. H. McLeary, transferred from Third to Forty-seventh Company; First Lieut. H. A. McCune, transferred from Seventy-third to One Hundred and Thirty-first Company; First Lieut. E. K. Smith, relieved from One Hundred and Sixty-fourth to Fourth Company; First Lieut. J. B Maynard, from Seventy-fourth to One Hundred and Ninth Company; First Lieut. W. R. Bell, transferred from Seventy-eighth to Seventy-fifth Company; First Lieut. A. G. Campbell, relieved from Fifteenth to One Hundred and Forty-first Company; First Lieut. J. T. Rowe, from Forty-fifth to Fifty-ninth Company; First Lieut. M. S. Keene, unassigned, is assigned to Seventy-second Company; First Lieut. G. B. Lawrason, unassigned, is assigned to Forty-sixth Company; First Lieut. O. H. Schrader, relieved from Forty-eighth to One Hundred and Thirtieth Company; First Lieut. W. R. Nichols, relieved from Ninety-ninth to One Hundred and Sixteenth Company; First Lieut. P. H. Herman, unassigned, is assigned to One Hundred and Seventh Company; First Lieut. D. M. Ashbridge, from Sixty-ninth to One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Company; First Lieut. H. L. Muller, relieved from Eighty-second to One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Company; First Lieut. E. E. Bennett, unassigned, is assigned to One Hundred and Eleventh Company; First Lieut. J. A. Brice, from One Hundred and Sixty-fourth to Eightieth Company.

The Navy.

Lieut. S. H. Lawton, Jr., to duty in charge of the branch Hydrographic Office, Port Townsend, Wash.

Lieut. E. C. S. Parker to command the Smith.

Lieut. G. W. Steele, Jr., to the California.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Vulcan at Queenstown; Dixie and Solace at Norfolk; Michigan at Hampton Roads; Paul Jones, Perry, Preble, and Stewart at Mare Island; Smith, Flusser, Lamson, Preston, and Reid at Provincetown; Trippe at Newport; Abarenda at Kobe.

Sailed—Sterrett from Boston for trials; Mars from Lambert's Point for Guantanamo; Vestal from Boston for Quincy, Mass.; Burrows from Newport for New York; Roe from navy yard, New York, for Newport.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may registe. in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss N. W. McCann, misses' and children's wear; Broadway and Thirty-second Street.
Hurst, J. E. & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. E. Hurst, jobs of dresses and waists; 31 Union Square.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. G. Spoeri, hosiery and knit underwear; 115 Worth Street.
Stockton, J. L., & Co., Salem, Mass.; J. L. Stockton, dry goods, women's garments, and men's clothing; Hotel Pierrepont.
Colvig, M. L., Wheeling, West Va.; notions and millinery; Herald Square Hotel.
Akron Dry Goods Company, Akron, Ohio; I. E. Oppenheim, dry goods; 239 Fourth Avenue.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss J. Finnicaine, muslin underwear and infants' wear; 214 Church Street.
Reid & Hughes Company, Norwich, Conn.; C. L. Stark, domestics, linens, flannels, and blankets; 75 Spring Street.
Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; Miss L. M. Brehm, corsets, muslin underwear and infants' wear; 75 Spring Street.
Rosenbaum Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; Miss J. C. Bingler, muslin underwear and infants' wear; 31 Union Square; Hotel Brostell.
Crowley-Milner Company, Detroit, Mich.; H. B. Dickinson, cloaks, suits, waists, furs, and shawls; 684 Broadway.
Taft & Pennoyer, Inc., Oakland, Cal.; F. A. Bush, notions, umbrellas, ribbons, fancy, toilet, and leather goods; 31 Union Square.
Anderson-Dulin-Varnell Company, Knoxville, Tenn.; J. D. Varnell, ladies' ready-to-wear clothing and millinery; 70 Franklin Street.
Hurst, J. E., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. H. Craig, hosiery and gloves? 31 Union Square; Hotel Imperial.
Lisner, A., Washington, D. C.; Miss M. Cassidy, umbrellas and gloves; Hotel Imperial.
Miller Brothers Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.; F. L. Miller, cloaks, waists, furs, and millinery; 70 Franklin Street.
Fowler, Dick & Walker, Binghamton, N. Y.; J. W. Fowler, dry goods; New Grand.
Galland Brothers, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; M. Galland, piece goods; 6 West Twenty-second Street.
Marott Department Store, Indianapolis, Ind.; G. J. Marott, dry goods; 215 Fourth Avenue.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; B. Cohen, furs; 215 Fourth Avenue.
Rich, M., & Brothers Company, Atlanta, Ga.; W. H. Rich, dry goods; 40 West Twenty-second Street.
Reins & Meiss, Cincinnati, Ohio; L. Meiss, white goods and curtains; 618 Broadway.
McCreery & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; L. M. Hayward, dress goods, silks, velvets, and wash goods; 214 Church; Hotel Cadillac.
Tucker & Levinson, Minneapolis, Minn.; H. L. Levinson, millinery; Hotel Navarre.
Mulroney Manufacturing Company, Fort Dodge, Iowa; W. V. Mulroney, hosiery, gloves, furnishing goods, and piece goods; Herald Squar Hotel.
Georgia Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio; E. P. Dismukes, piece goods; Hotel Wooward.
Anderson, C. C., & Co., Boise, Idaho; C. C. Anderson, waists and wash dresses, (jobs;) 114 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Wellington.
Emigh & Straub, Troy, N. Y.; M. J. Straub, collars and cuffs; 15 East Sixteenth Street; The Breslin.
Lewis, A. T., & Son Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; Miss E. Kelly, muslin underwear, corsets and infants' wear; 16 East Eighteenth Street; Hotel Wellington.
Gutman, N., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; M. Schneebeerger, hosiery, underwear, and furnishing goods; Hotel Somerset.
Ochs, Milton & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; M. Ochs, woolens and trimmings; 880 Broadway.
Connell, J. J., & Co., Boston, Mass.; J. J. Connell, millinery; New Grand Hotel.
Boston Dry Goods Company, Bostn, Mass.; F. F. Baldwin, domestics; 72 Grand Street; Hotel Wolcott.

Guide for Buyers.

One line, 12 months, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 122 5th Av.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite. (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.

Hotels and Restaurants.

WHERE TO DINE.

Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 2472 Murray.

LÜCHOW'S
106 to 112 East 14th St. Tel., 1483—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE. TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.
Pilsener Genossenschafts-Brauerei.
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910.

CAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, GRILL, & BANQUET ROOMS. 258-260 W. 23d St. MUSIC.
SHELLFISH, STEAKS, AND CHOPS A SPECIALTY.

B'way at 60th St. O'DONNELL'S MUSIC. VOCAL.
Cool. Standard of Excellence. A La Carte.

Little Hungary 257 E. Houston. Tdh., with wine. Hungarian Music and Singers Every Evening.

REISENWEBER'S, 58th Street & Columbus Circle.
DINE in the OPEN AIR GARDEN
A FROG DINNER $1.25
A dainty dinner for warm weather that will please the palate and satisfy appetite.
Steamed Soft Clams, Southern style, or Crab Flake Cocktail.
Frogs' legs, meaty and crisp.
Dixie Biscuits.
Chicken, brown, juicy, tender.
Waffles, old Southern mammy style.
THAT SCAND'LESS QUARTETTE
Most entertaining negro singers in town.

BRIGHTON BEACH CASINO
Ocean Parkway, Coney Island.
OPEN ALL YEAR. A LA CARTE.
SHORE DINNERS. PRIVATE ROOMS

Herald Square Hotel 34 St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

Port Arthur Chinese Restaurant. Alc., Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

51-3-5 W. 35 St. Best Din., w. w., 65c. MORETTI Tel. 614 Murray. Lunch, w. w., 40c.

STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. Open all yr. High-class Rest. Alc. Music.

AUCTION SALES.

The Entire Stock of High Grade
SWISS EMBROIDERIES
Medallions, Laces and Trimmings
of a well-known importer.
Inventoried at $32,000.
Also 5000 yards Cotton Voiles
Persian and Fancy Lawns
all in most staple patterns and colors,
Also 25 Very High Grade Hand Embroidered
French Linen Robes
The most elegant ever offered,
will be sold TO-DAY, FRIDAY,
at 10:30 A. M., at Salesroom
8 GREENE STREET, NEAR CANAL ST.,
By D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer.
NOTICE.—This entire stock was imported within the last 3 months, and consists of the most exclusive designs, adopted for the finest retail, jobbing and manufacturing trade, and will be put up in large trade lots strictly without reserve. For further information telephone 4299 Spring.

IRVING E. SHAAP, Auctioneer.
Bankrupt stock of high-grade men's, young men's, boys'
CLOTHING,
At Peremptory Auction Sale, this day,
JUNE 16, 1911, 10:30 A. M.
By order and for account of whom it may concern, comprising the entire balance of this season's production of Weiss & Segal, (in bankruptcy,) formerly at 649 Broadway, and removed for convenience of sale to our salesrooms, 394 Broadway, N. Y. City, at Walker Street.
This offering includes the finest hand-tailored suits, and every garment bears the famous "Campus" or "Wandess" label. This stamp of superiority should be sufficient to induce live buyers to attend.
Terms: 60 days' approved notes.
A. SCHAAP & SONS, Auctioneers.
Tel. Franklin, 2953. Catalogues at Sale.

FINE ORIENTAL RUGS AND CARPETS.
83 DESIRABLE MESHED, KERMANSHAH, Koraasan Carpets, Royal Boukara, Moussoul, Persian, Sarouk, Kabistan, Kazack, Shiraz, Iran and Silk Rugs, and Hall Runners. Various sizes.
Friday, June 16th, at 11:30 o'clock.
BURLING & DOLE, Auctioneers,
7 and 9 Greene St., N. Y.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 Months for $5
and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed to apply if purchased. WE SELL rebuilt machines, guaranteed for one year, at a saving of 50% to 75%. Send for catalogue.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.,
345 Broadway, 10 Barclay St.,
Cor. of Leonard St. 7 Doors from B'way.
Tel. 5408 Franklin. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

UNDERWOODS
Remingtons, Smiths, and all other Typewriters sold, $15 to $80. We rent them and allow 6 months' rental to apply if purchased. We take care of them as long as you rent and one year after you buy. TYPEWRITER SALES CO., 5 Cortlandt St., cor. Broadway. Tel. 1983 Cortlandt.

High-Grade Office Furniture
desks, tables, partitions, telephone booths; new and slightly used, &c.; immense stock to select from. BUDD & CO., 78 Spring St. Tel. Spring 5483.

DESKS & OFFICE FURNITURE
NEW AND SLIGHTLY USED.
Budd & Co., 40 E. 20th St.
Telephone 2661 Gramercy.

DESKS Roll and Flat Top. Chairs. Filing Cabinets. Office Partition. HAMBURGER, 33 E. 20th St.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest prices. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. Phone connects.

SUMMER RESORTS.
NEW YORK.

89,341 Individuals
-Can secure accommodations in the cool and delightful resorts of Northern New York on the lines of
The D. & H.
Delaware & Hudson
as scheduled in our big free tourist book.
Send today 6c. postage to
A. A. HEARD, G. P. A., Albany
Enjoy a real vacation in the
SUMMER PARADISE
N. Y. Information Bureau, 1354 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Sharon Springs.
PAVILION HOTEL AND COTTAGES,
Sharon Springs, N. Y. Open June 22nd.
The WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS AND BATHING ESTABLISHMENT IS NOW OPEN.
J. H. GARDNER & SONS. W. H. CRAIG, Mgr.

NEW YORK—Ulster County.
Beautiful gentleman's place and farm; ideal mountain location; bracing climate; 90 miles; modern appointments; large corner rooms; amusements; excellent table; booklet; references; $9, $12. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County, N. Y.

SCHOOLS.
TRINITY SCHOOL
139-147 WEST 91ST ST.
FOUNDED 1709
Primary, Grammar and High Schools. Unexcelled Equipment. Prepares for all Colleges.
[203d Year Opens Sept. 23th]

LEGAL NOTICES.
STANDARD CORDAGE COMPANY.
Sale in Foreclosure of First Mortgage.
Commonwealth of Massachusetts.—Supreme Judicial Court.—Suffolk County.—In Equity.—No. 15870.
The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, Plaintiff, v. Standard Cordage Company; Clarence H. Kelsey as Receiver of Standard Cordage Company; The Trust Company of America, as Trustee; and John Connor and Patrick L. Connor, Co-Partners doing business under the firm name of P. L. Connor & Company, Defendants.
In the above-entitled cause the plaintiff has been adjudged entitled to a present foreclosure of a first mortgage dated April 1, 1906, executed and delivered to it by Standard Cordage Company to secure an issue of first mortgage bonds amounting in the aggregate to $2,805,373.10.
By the authority, and pursuant to the terms, of a decree entered in said cause on the 6th day of June, 1911, the undersigned, appointed Special Master therein, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder as an entirety all the properties covered by said mortgage of whatever nature or description, lying or being within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. (Such sale will not include the properties covered by said mortgage and lying or being in the State of New York or the State of New Jersey).
Such sale will be made at the office of the Sewall & Day Mill, so called, 358 Western Avenue, in the City of Boston (Brighton District), in said Commonwealth, on
Monday, the 3rd day of July, 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.
The properties to be sold include:
1.—A parcel of land together with the buildings, equipment and machinery thereon (with the exception noted below) situate in the Brighton District of said Boston and bounded in part by Western Avenue, Everett Street and Lincoln Street. This parcel is frequently known as the Sewall & Day Mill and has been estimated to contain 761,655 square feet of land.
2.—A vacant parcel of land, opposite the parcel above mentioned, extending from Western Avenue toward the Charles River. This parcel has been estimated to contain 59,599 square feet of land.
3.—A parcel of land together with the buildings, equipment and machinery thereon (with the exception noted below) situate in the Roxbury District of said Boston and bounded in part by Norfolk Avenue, Gerard Street and Kemble Street. This parcel is frequently known as the Pearson Mill and has been estimated to contain 114,919 square feet of land.
No equipment or machinery on any of said parcels will be included in the sale which, according to the terms of the first report of the Special Master herein filed June 5, 1911, is the property of the Cannabis Manufacturing Company or the property of the defendant Kelsey, as Receiver.
The real estate taxes in 1910 upon the properties to be sold were based upon an assessment which was in excess of four hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($450,000).
The above description of the properties to be sold is in general terms and is explanatory only. For a full description of the properties covered by said mortgage reference is hereby made to the said mortgage as recorded in the Registry of Deeds for Suffolk County, Book 3139, page 449.
Said decree, entered June 6, 1911, includes the following provisions:
"15.—That no bid shall be received from any person who shall not, prior to the opening of the sale, have deposited with the Special Master the sum of $5,000 in cash or by certified check upon some bank or trust company approved by the Special Master. The deposits of the unsuccessful bidders shall be returned to them at the conclusion of the sale. The deposit of the purchaser shall be applied to the payment of the purchase price if the sale is confirmed; otherwise it shall be returned to him. If the sale is confirmed and the purchaser fails to complete the payment of the purchase price, or to do any other act required to be done under the terms of this decree, or any further decree of this Court, the said deposit of $5,000 shall be forfeited by the purchaser and such sum shall be disposed of as this Court may direct.
"16.—That no bid for such properties hereby directed to be sold of less than one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) shall be received.
"20.—That the Special Master shall, in the name of the plaintiff, pay out of the proceeds of the sale the real estate taxes for 1910 upon the properties hereby directed to be sold, amounting to $7,420.80 with interest and charges, and the plaintiff shall thereupon hold all its rights, if any, to secure the repayment of such sum from the defendant Kelsey, as Receiver (by subrogation to the rights of the taxing power or otherwise) for the benefit of the purchaser, and the purchaser shall be entitled to enforce such rights in the name of the plaintiff (holding the plaintiff harmless from all costs and liabilities).
"The said properties shall be sold subject to the lien of all other taxes or assessments, assessed or to be assessed.
"The purchaser shall be bound to pay all taxes on the said properties, (whether such taxes are assessed as taxes on real estate or as taxes on personal property), for the year 1911, and also all assessments which are a lien upon said properties at the delivery of the deed or deeds thereof, and the purchaser shall, at or before the delivery of said deed or deeds, deliver to the plaintiff a bond, with sureties, conditioned to save the plaintiff harmless from all liability for the payment of any such taxes or assessments. The terms and the sureties shall be subject to the approval of the Special Master, if the purchaser and the plaintiff cannot agree thereupon.
"22.—That within twenty-one days after such sale is confirmed the purchaser shall pay the balance of the purchase price in cash to the Special Master or shall deposit with such person as the Court shall designate at least 75 per cent. of the outstanding bonds and coupons. The purchaser shall forthwith be let into and shall take possession of the properties hereby directed to be sold. . . ."
Further particulars may be had upon inquiry from the solicitors or the counsel for the plaintiff.
CLARENCE H. COOPER,
Special Master.
Dated June 9, 1911.
WARREN, HOAGUE, JAMES & BIGELOW,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.
THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee,
84 State Street, Boston, Massachusetts.
JOHN QUINN, Esq., of Counsel, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—In the matter of the application of FOURTEENTH STREET BANK IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK for authority to change its name to THE SECURITY BANK OF NEW YORK.
Notice is hereby given that Fourteenth Street Bank, in the City of New York, a domestic corporation having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 10th day of July, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to The Security Bank of New York.
Dated New York City, June 15, 1911.
FOURTEENTH STREET BANK IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
By R. ROSS APPLETON, President.

Expert Stenographer

¶ Are you exceptionally proficient? Can you take dictation speedily and transcribe your notes with accuracy? If you wish to improve your position, tell of your proficiency through an Effective Situation Wanted advertisement in The New York Times; fifty words for one dollar.

¶ Make the fact known to hundreds of high-class employers who daily search the Situations Wanted columns of The Times for information as to where they may secure competent employes.

¶ Go to any advertising agency or telephone The New York Times, Bryant 1000.

Lost

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Monday evening, in parlor car attached to Empire State Express, between Albany and New York, silver match case with initials A. B. in black letters. Reward. Apartment SE, The Dorlexa, 318 West 100th St.

LOST—Friday, going from 32 W. 31st. to downtown jewelry district, 115 diamonds in separate envelopes of 18, 25, 72, all inclosed in small yellow envelopes; liberal reward. Alexander Grabhorn, 32 W. 31st St.

LOST—Monday, between 989 Forest Av. and 34 Morningside Av., black enamel brooch; $5 reward. Mrs. F. Gorman, 34 Morningside Av. East.

LOST.—Pair of mother-of-pearl opera glasses, New Amsterdam Theatre, or in car. $5 reward will be given for return to 38 East 81st St.

LOST—Tuesday, necklace, green stones, pearl sunburst; liberal reward. Mrs. Ayres, 514 West 152d St.

LOST—Pocketbook, money, and keys, by working girl, 8th Av., between 145th-147th; reward. Burkle, care janitor, 292 West 147th St.

LOST—Will finder return purse lost about 125th St., Thursday? W. S., 435 West 123d St.

LOST.—Silver purse, initials A. S., containing $10. A. Shaine, 8 East 131st St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—White bull terrier, with brown spots between ears; answers to name of "Pickwick." Liberal reward if returned to 53 West 53d St.

LOST—Irish terrier puppy, about 3 months old; color, reddish brown; answers to name of Jib; reward. A. BRUCH, 580 East 87th St.

LOST.—Collie brown and black; white on tip of nose; female; answers to Elizabeth. $5 reward, no questions. Return 175 West 68d St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, June 14.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R., (Hudson Tubes.) Apply 137 Christopher St.—Keys, spectacles, cane, chisels, eyeglasses, cigar holder, Masonic apron, hats, five umbrellas.

FOUND, June 15.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Order book, box of laundry, package, three umbrellas. LIBERTY ST. FERRY—Package, sheet of music, box of candy, purse, key, pair of rubbers, one glove.

FOUND, June 15.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Five umbrellas, four raincoats, pair of gloves, two packages, dress suitcase.

FOUND, June 15.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Three packages, two umbrellas, valise.

FOUND, June 15.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Five packages, two umbrellas, valise.

FOUND, June 15.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Three umbrellas, two books, belt, suitcase, lady's umbrella, three packages, cap, package of collars, hat, package.

FOUND, June 15.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Dress suitcase, box of collars, three umbrellas, envelope containing business papers, writing tablet, package containing collars, pair of lady's white shoes, pair of gloves, pair of gold-rimmed spectacles.

FOUND, June 15.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Four umbrellas, pair of gloves, coat, 2 umbrellas, package, glove, memorandum book, watch, overcoat, underwear, nightshirt, raincoat, lady's hat, purse, two combs and brushes, shaving outfit, umbrella.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 85c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

The leading staple food products manufacturers of the United States have formed a merger, which will include leading factories in thirty different States; combined business last year over twenty-seven million dollars; the object of the merger is to more than double profits; an investment in the 7 per cent. securities of this company can be made now with possibilities of doubling the investment or better, as a liberal stock bonus is now offered investors; thorough investigation of serious investors will satisfy as to desirability. For full particulars address E. J., Box 306 Times Downtown.

SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS and conditions for advertising American articles in Holland. Ricardo's Advertising Office, Amsterdam, Holland. A-1 references.

A. GAUTHEY, Amsterdam, Holland, representative of well-known manufacturers of patent medicines; open for some more first-class houses. A-1 references.

Willing to invest money and quick-selling novelty with reliable wholesale stationery house. Apply to Box P 25 Times.

Garage for sale near Columbus Circle, capacity 80 cars. Roberts & Hepburn, 63 Wall Street.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

30c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Sublet.—Elegant housekeeping apartment, furnished, at half price unfurnished; high-class house; corner; ten all-light outside rooms, two baths; southwestern exposure. Inquire Superintendent, 231 West 97th St.

418 WEST 118TH ST.

Elevator apartment, near Riverside, six outside rooms; terms moderate; dining rooms near by. Apartment 52.

For Rent, Sacrifice.—Seven rooms and bath, furnished, 55 East 76th St.; $40 a month to Oct. 1. Tel. 4440 Rector.

113th, 610 West, (Riverside.)—Apartment 6, furnished, unfurnished, five rooms, front; elevator; Summer, Winter.

Five rooms furnished, sunny apartment, half block from Drive; Subway, Elevated. 816 West 95th St.

93d, 300 West, (Riverside.)—Apartment 18, seven light rooms, fully furnished; elevator; Summer, Winter.

113TH ST., 611 WEST.—Airy 7-room elevator apartment, half price to October. Brown.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

30c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

Apartments at Summer rates of 2 and 3 rooms, furnished, and 3 and 4 rooms, unfurnished, in high-class apartment hotel. SCHUYLER ARMS, 307 West 58th St.

Six rooms, all improvements, low rents, $27 to $30. 58 West 129th St., or Robert Levers, 376 Lenox Av., corner 129th St.

For Sale

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets, typewriters, safes, cash registers, time clocks, mimeographs, multigraphs, adding machines, neostyles, bookcases, partition. Nathan's, White St. and West Broadway.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 89-91 Franklin, 358 Broadway.

Country Board

30c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Long Island.

ARVERNE, L. I.
THE DRIFTWOOD,
65 Storm Av., 100 feet from the ocean, two minutes from Straiton Av. Station; newly furnished private cottage; one, two, and three rooms and bath; all the comforts of home without the troubles of housekeeping.

SEA GATE HOUSE,
SEA GATE, L. I.
Acknowledged excellency of its cuisine; neatly furnished apartments; exclusive; private boats from Battery; booklets.

SEA CLIFF HOTEL, SEA CLIFF, L. I.
Under new management; convenient to town; overlooking Sound; excellent table; 300 rooms; rates very moderate. Write for particulars.

HOTEL PASADENA,
Rockaway Beach, Grove Av., ocean front, Hollands Station. Leading family hotel. Terms reasonable. Special rates for families.

HOTEL BELVEDERE, Far Rockaway, L. I.—Select house, shaded lawn, near beach; reasonable rates; same management since 1904. 'Phone 546. S. J. Campbell.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, Staple-Chase House, 2,219 Emmons Av.; permanent guests; transients; fine table; on water.

Exceptional opportunity; paying guests; beautiful private home overlooking the Sound; boating, bathing, fishing, tennis. Fairview, Sea Cliff, L. I.

New York State.

EDGEHILL INN, SPUYTEN-DUYVIL-ON-HUDSON.—A comfortable, homelike Summer and Winter place, with accommodations of the very best for a few guests; unusual facilities for riding, tennis, and other outdoor life; suites with private bath; preference given to permanent guests; particulars on application. Address Mary E. Huntington.

Lefever Falls Mansion, Ulster County.—Beautiful gentleman's place and farm; modern appointments; large corner rooms, newly furnished; ideal mountain location; 90 miles; bracing climate; excellent German table; $8-$12; booklet; references; bathing, fishing. Spindler, Lefever Falls.

AUSTIN VILLA.
Handsome home in Margaretville will accommodate 12 people; all conveniences; table unexcelled; no children. $12 and up. Mrs. A. L. MURRAY, Margaretville, N. Y.

LAKE PLACID, N. Y.—Two large rooms for rent. For further particulars apply to Mrs. W. Thayer.

SUGAR LOAF, Orange County, N. Y.—Beautiful mountain scenery, large shady lawns; modern conveniences; no children. Palmer.

MAPLESIDE HOUSE, Flagtown, Somerset County; accommodates 12; own products; $6-$7, Mrs. George C. Hoagland.

"THE INN," Newburgh-on-the-Hudson; beautiful location; accommodates twenty-five; write. A Leslie.

Good board, neat rooms, on Allegany farm. Address box 74, Route 2, Friendship, N. Y.

Country Board Wanted

30c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

ROCKAWAY PARK.—Board wanted by refined young couple; Christians; private family preferred. G., 226 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

MODEL.—Fur showroom; size 36; must be experienced, stylish, and up-to-date. Apply 354 5th Av.

YOUNG GIRL.—Understand bookkeeping, typewriting, and stenography; $9 to start. E., 262 8th Av.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

AUDITOR.—WANTED, BY PUBLISHING HOUSE, AN AUDITOR HAVING HAD PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE IN AN ACCOUNTANT'S OFFICE. STATE EXPERIENCE, SALARY, AGE. C. W. P., K 312 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

A YOUNG MAN wanted for general office work, aged 15 to 20 years; good chance for advancement; state religion. H. A. B. T., 296 Times Downtown.

BOYS, experienced in the lace or embroidery business, wanted in the stock department of a large importing house; good opportunity. Address, stating age, experience, and salary desired, Box K 313 Times Downtown.

DENTIST.—Registered man wanted. Dr. Gerber, 104 Rivington St. Call 9 A. M.

ENGLISH AND GERMAN STENOGRAPHER wanted by manufacturing and importing house; must also be good at figures to make cost calculations; state experience, age, and salary expected. W., P. O. Box 384, New York.

FLOOR SALESMAN for machine and small tools; young man with shop experience preferred; salary $18 per week and advancement; state age, experience in full, and present employment. K 307 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted to sell our Five-Dollar Profit Sharing Bonds, secured by free and clear real estate in one of the finest suburban sections of the City of New York; exceptional opportunity for live men to earn handsome commissions. Bedford Park Estates, 29 West 34th St., Manhattan.

SALESMEN—For New York State and Middle West, also Far West, (west of Chicago) for popular line of waists; only hustlers, who have been selling waists and have trade, need apply. Schleif-Grundwerg, 141 Wooster St.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman wanted to sell ladies' waists; only in city. The "King" Waist and Dressing Sacque Mfg. Co., 94 Canal St., city.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.—Experienced in steel business preferred; state fully experience, references, and present salary. Box 196 Times, 2 Rector St.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between the ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—One third-class assistant inspector of hull material at $4 per diem; a competitive examination will be held July 10, 1911, for the purpose of filling the above position. For further information address "Inspector Hull Material, U. S. Navy, Room 411, Post Office Building, Philadelphia, Pa."

WANTED—Bond and stock salesmen with established clientele to sell first-class industrial securities; satisfactory arrangements will be made. Write or call Room 714, Kemble Building, 15-25 Whitehall St., New York City.

Wanted—A young man, about 18 years of age; must be a good penman, quick and correct at figures. Box 1,019, New York Post Office.

Agents Wanted

30c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

SELLING AGENTS WANTED.—BIG LINE NEW HOUSEHOLD CONVENIENCES; LIBERAL PROFITS. EASTERN SPECIALTY CO., 63 BARCLAY ST., NEW YORK CITY.

I made $50,000 in five years with a small mail order business; began with $5. Send for free booklet. Tells how. Heacock, 702 Lockport, N. Y.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus

30c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

MANAGER.—Circulating department, magazine; $35.
MANAGER.—Rug, drapery department; South; $40.
MANAGER—Ladies' tailoring, South; $35.
STOCK CLERKS.—Four, embroidery; experienced; $10.
YOUNG MAN, real estate office; typewriting; $6.
BOYS.—Six, office, errand; $4, $5, $6.
Also several other good positions open. Employers' Reference Service, 144 West 23d St.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist, somewhat experienced; bright, energetic; excellent references; not afraid of hard work. B., 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography; moderate salary, best references. Stenographer, 61 3d Av.

GRADUATE of Massage Institute, Stockholm, Sweden, with hospital experience, wishes position as masseuse and nurse for invalid patient; good sewer; highest reference. Djerf, 215 Lexington Av.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—Will undertake duties of position of trust in either social or business capacity; highest recommendations; kindly give full details in replying. T 171 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable; business school graduate; takes dictation rapidly, transcribes notes accurately; moderate salary. William Dieroff, 605 Madison Av. Phone 2993—Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; bright beginner; familiar with office details and all kinds of dictation; energetic. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn; 'phone 660 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady five years' experience commercial and brokerage lines; energetic and capable; salary $15. E. P., 116 East 105th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; has executiveability; good education; competent; reliable; best references; $15. K 302 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Three years' experience; understands office work; good speller; references. K 311 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.—Over 5 years' experience; best references; thorough and competent. K 299 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER throughly competent, desires to change; can furnish excellent references; salary $16. G 225 Times Downtown.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER, useful generally, desires position, quiet adult home, country. P 6 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 52 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.
All branches of work.
Moderate charges.
Room 501, 320 Broadway. 'Phone Worth 1819.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, systematizer; expert in industrial costs and scientific management in reduction of production labor, material costs, seeks engagement. E 23 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert accountant, writes up balances books, regular intervals. Strickland, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 17; knowledge of typewriting; one year's experience; references. Velansky, 172 Watkins St., Brooklyn.

BUILDER,
10 years' experience, desires position with reliable firm as Superintendent. K 305 Times Downtown.

CARETAKER for apartment during Summer; Columbia student and wife. Apartment 24. 418 West 118th St.

CARPET WORK.—Laying, made, fitted; boarding houses, hotels specialty; references. Mahalley, 145 West 98th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single man, would like country place; has good references; also long coachman references. J. R. Holden, 119 West 68d St.

CLERK or SALESMAN.—Young man wishes position; can furnish first-class references. P 12 Times.

COUPLE, (English, no family,) man as chauffeur, own repairs, willing to be generally useful about house; woman, good plain cook and general housework; highest references for twenty years; city or country. P 26 Times.

SALESMAN, over six feet tall, 25 years of age, Southerner, with natural selling ability, wants position at once; experience has been for years selling improved farm machinery where labor is cheap and primitive; made success of it and believes, naturally, he can sell any good line that he knows is good; talks and believes in honest goods; gentlemanly and persistent; asks $30 to start new line; expects to earn much more by hard work. Address for interview P 82 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced with stock, bond brokerage house; bookkeeping. Address B. H., 263 West 125th.

YOUNG MAN desires general work in the country. T 168 Times.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus

30c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John

Domestic.

CHAMBERMAID and WAITRESS.—Competent, reliable; good references; city or country; $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COMPETENT help of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 'Phone 1538—Riverside.

HELP.—Select colored help furnished; city, country. Middlesex Employment Agency, 81 West 132d St. 6370—Harlem.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

NURSE.—French, young; speaks good English, for child over 3 years; excellent references; $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

SHEPHERD AGENCY, 107 West 133d St.; telephone 6916 Morningside.—Domestic help furnished; male, female; references.

USEFUL man; Swedish; handy with carpenter tools; competent; reliable; $30. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

WAITRESS.—First-class; competent; three years' reference last place; highly recommended; $30; seashore preferred. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

A.—47 5TH AV.—Second-floor suites, with baths; single rooms; parlor dining room; small tables; transients and table guests accommodated.

57TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished, large, small rooms; excellent board; table guests accommodated; references.

14 WEST 94TH ST.
Newly decorated rooms; parlor dining.

25TH ST., 38 WEST.—Desirable rooms; reasonable; with or without board.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Single room, quiet, refined home; excellent board; reasonable.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Desirable large and small room; private bath, telephone, exclusive.

48TH ST., 67 WEST.—Large and small rooms; every convenience; Summer rates; excellent table.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and small rooms; table guests; references.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—Beautifully furnished Southern exposure, private bath, marble shower, electric light; private residence; Summer rates; near Park; attentive service.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; gentlemen preferred; fine location; excellent table; also parlor floor.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Cool, comfortable rooms; private baths; superior table; Summer rates; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large fourth-story room, bath adjoining room; telephone; references exchanged.

72D ST., 172 WEST.—Exceedingly handsome large front room, private bath; Summer rates; other desirable rooms; splendid table; visitors accommodated; references required.

72D, 134 WEST.—Suite, very attractive; medium and single rooms; private baths; Summer prices.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Two large front rooms; also hall room; parlor dining room; references.

73D ST., 102 WEST.—Attractive rooms; fine meals; table guests; Jewish; Subway, "L"; Summer rates.

73D, 168 WEST.—Subway; excellent board; delightful rooms; absolute cleanliness; American family; Summer rates.

73D, 25' WEST.—Desirable, cool rooms; between Broadway, West End; private family; Subway; reference.

74TH ST., 149 WEST. — Cool rooms, private bath; table guests and transients accommodated; Summer rates.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Sixteenth year; Summer rates; rooms; parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished single and double rooms; private bath; hot water; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; telephone, Christians.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table guests; transients accommodated.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

76TH ST., 105 WEST.—Rooms; board; table guests; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Large, small rooms; running water; excellent table; $7 up.

76TH ST., 236-238 WEST.—Desirable rooms; Summer rates; Subway; 'phone; references.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Pleasant large, small rooms; excellent table; Southern visitors accommodated; telephone; references.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Rooms, with board; parlor dining room; table guests; Summer rates; telephone.

78TH ST., 164 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms, excellent board; Southerners accommodated; table guests; references.

79TH ST., 132 WEST.
THE BONHEUR.
Special Summer prices. Rooms now ready for occupancy. All new furniture, carpets, and decorations. Rooms en suite or singly. Private baths, telephone in every room; small tables in cheerful dining room; smoking room, roof garden; all the comforts of home. Table guests and transients accommodated.

80TH, 141-143 WEST.—Beautiful parlor floor, private bath; front room; Summer rates; references.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class room, board; table guests accommodated.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; private bath; Summer rates; parlor dining room; references.

50-52 WEST 82D.
Newly furnished; electric light; private baths; telephone.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished rooms; elegant Summer location; home cooking; reference.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant, large, cool rooms; handsomely furnished; every convenience; park; superior board.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Large, small rooms; closets, running water; parlor dining; telephone; table guests.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable, attractive room, with all conveniences; good board; telephone; references.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Delightfully situated; large rooms overlooking Columbia; private baths; table guests.

117TH ST., 407 WEST.—Large room, private bath; excellent table; Broadway Subway; telephone Morningside—8136.

118TH, 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; southern cooking daintily served; Summer rates.

131ST, 264 WEST.—Large front room, three windows; cool; conveniences; American family; gentleman; telephone.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable rooms; lavatory, all conveniences, telephone; reference; Summer rates; table guests.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; first-class accommodations; large, small room; excellent board; reasonable.

148TH, 517 WEST.—Choice, handsome, select; Broadway Subway; Riverside; private family.

149TH, 544 WEST, near Broadway Subway, (The Audubon.)—Beautiful, healthiest section; famous Riverside Drive; overlooking Hudson River; boating, bathing; better than country; rooms large, airy; bathroom adjoining; large porch, gardens; open air dining; Summer rates.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

GENTLEMAN'S PRIVATE RESIDENCE, West 78th, offers entire floor or portion; board optional. 7395 Schuyler.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, 600 West 169th St. —Can accommodate couple appreciating high-class home, with large, sunny room; two closets; private bath. Field.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, (157th St. Subway.) Room overlooking Hudson; elevator apartment; dining room; telephone 203 Audubon.

A.—WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Elegantly furnished room, with private bath; with or without meals.

East Side.

9TH ST., 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Large, airy rooms, with bath; excellent table.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, opposite Stuyvesant Park.—Double and single rooms; table guests accommodated; transients; telephone.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; telephone.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST, The Naylor.—Desirable large and small rooms; telephone; table board.

63D ST., 23 EAST, corner Madison Av.—Beautiful suites and single rooms; excellent board optional; one block Central Park; low Summer rates.

80TH ST., 40 EAST, corner Madison.—Fine rooms; elevator; excellent board optional; Summer prices.

IRVING PL., 47.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25, (9th St.)—Refined surroundings; nice, small, front room; breakfast optional.

8TH ST., 8 WEST.—Comfortably furnished single and double rooms; modern improvements; telephone; Summer rates.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house, charming suite or single; delightfully cool; every convenience; references.

11TH ST., 35 WEST.—Refined surroundings, beautiful front parlor; running water; phone; reference required.

12TH, 52 WEST.
Small and medium sized rooms.
250 West 5th St.

20TH ST., 350 WEST.—Cool, handsomely furnished, clean rooms; hot, cold water; bath; telephone.

36TH ST., 38 WEST.—Exceptional house; large, small rooms, adjoining bath; references required.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—One large and small room, with all conveniences; refined surroundings; telephone; references.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Rooms, large and small, comfortable and well furnished; board optional.

51ST ST., 325 WEST.—Nice large furnished rooms; running water.

52D ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant large and small rooms; private bath; all conveniences; breakfast; telephone; references.

64TH ST., 159 WEST.—Elegant suite; one flight; together, separate; well-kept house; telephone; reasonable.

65TH ST., 59 WEST.—Front room, elevator apartment; telephone; running water, bath adjoining; $5. Hart.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH, 72 WEST.—Large and small rooms; reasonable; well furnished; board optional; Summer rate.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large room; private bath; electric light; telephone; Summer rates.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Large, airy rooms, with private baths; board optional; high-class accommodations.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large and small rooms, single or en suite; Summer rates; reference; 'phone.

75TH ST., 58 WEST.—Boston lady opening central exclusive home will rent elegantly furnished, large front room; improvements; telephone; moderate terms; references.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large front room; attractive neighborhood; all conveniences. 'Phone 8124—Schuyler.

76TH, 59 WEST.—Attractive room in high-class apartment; all conveniences; 'phone; reasonable. Mathison.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, cool rooms in refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Large second-floor room; bath adjoining; also single, with running water; breezy.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Small and large rooms with bath; newly furnished; private family; references.

80TH ST., 110 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms, with bath, in private house; telephone.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large and small rooms; private house; reasonable; "L," Subway.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

82D ST., 138 WEST.—Private family would rent beautifully furnished suite very reasonable. Telephone.

82D, 148 WEST.—Large, well-furnished front room; running water; transients; Summer rates; 'phone.

93D, 111 WEST.—Nicely furnished front room; southern exposure; hot, cold water; private house.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large room; running water; one flight; "L"; near Park; telephone; Summer rates.

95TH, 50 WEST.—Rooms, separate or en suite; only few accommodated; breakfast optional; references.

97TH ST., 150 WEST.—Large and medium room; neatly furnished; adjoining bath; Subway express. Owner.

103D ST., 216 WEST. (Corner Broadway.)—Comfortable, cool room, adjoining bath; moderate; convenient. Apartment 2.

104TH ST., 250 WEST, (West End Av.)—Large, cool rooms, private house; Subway; moderate.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large, comfortable room, facing street, $6; elevator apartment; Southerners; references. Moncure.

110TH, 237 WEST.—One large front room, suitable studio, facing Central Park, and one small one; bath, showers and kitchen; high class elevator apartment; phone 1188 Morningside. Redden.

112TH ST., 504 WEST, Cathedral Heights.—Front suite; single, double rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity. Cooke.

114TH ST., 528 WEST.—Large, cool room; private home; fine locality; opposite Columbia; all conveniences; Summer rates.

118TH ST, 419 WEST, Morningside Heights.—Attractive front suite; southern exposure; small rooms. Jenkins.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Large front room; southerly room; small room; kitchen; transients accommodated. Smith.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Cool, airy rooms; Summer rates; call evenings or Sunday; ladies only. Teed.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Columbia College neighborhood; three large, comfortable, cool rooms; elevator. Apartment 41.

119TH ST., 490 WEST.—Attractive rooms; Columbia campus view; elevator; Saturday or evenings. Apartment 67.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Cool corner, newly furnished; conveniences; telephone; Summer rates, $3-$5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 521 WEST.—Two large rooms, light housekeeping; small rooms, $3; elevator; telephone. Carter.

122D ST., 520 WEST.—Large, small rooms; elevator, telephone, electric light; board optional; reasonable. Kerker.

122D, 540 WEST, corner Broadway.—Attractive, outside rooms; kitchen if desired; references. Apartment 21.

122D ST., 509 WEST.—Cool outside rooms, modern elevator apartment; Summer rates; meals optional. Howell.

122D, 506 WEST.—Large outside room, $3.50; single, $2.50; with, without kitchen; elevator. Rose.

123D ST., 524 WEST.—Very neat, comfortable room in strictly private family; $2.50 to permanent gentleman roomer; bath convenient. Eaton.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large rooms; parlor, piano, telephone; every convenience; Subway, elevated; Summer prices.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 52.—Young gentleman would share his parlor suite, facing park; $3.50. Brown.

UNIVERSITY PLACE, 3, (Opposite Washington Square.)—Large and small elegantly furnished rooms; private residence; gentlemen; references.

East Side.

21ST ST., 189 EAST.—Overlooking Park; furnished rooms, without board; all conveniences; moderate prices.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Charming large room, first floor; other rooms; private house; references.

44TH ST., 21 EAST.—Large, desirable room; bath; private house; convenient to clubs; reference.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large and small rooms; gentlemen; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.
Large and small rooms, private bath; $3.50 up.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d.)—Homelike rooms; also back parlor; bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

Brooklyn.

A NEW ENGLAND WOMAN has fine, cool, newly renovated rooms, overlooking water, for men, with or without private bath; instantaneous hot-water supply; convenient to Wall St. Subway and Bridge; popular prices. 3 Montague Terrace.

Real Estate For Sale or To Let.

35c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Brooklyn.

For Sale.—To make possible an immediate settlement of a trust and to avoid the delay attendant upon a judicial sale, my clients will sell, for the extremely low price of $110,000, a very desirable dock property situated on Newtown Creek, Borough of Brooklyn. The property has a water frontage of 250 feet and consists of twenty-five lots. This offer is solely conditioned upon an immediate cash sale, to be consummated within thirty days. While the owners are willing to pay the usual broker's commissions for a sale of the property, no attention will be paid to answers to this advertisement from brokers desiring to generally list the property on their books. For maps and full information with regard to property apply to Louis H. Porter, attorney for trustees, 140 Nassau Street, New York, N. Y.

Queens.

See the new houses at Laurelton, Queensboro, before buying anywhere on Long Island. For pictures and particulars write or telephone Laurelton Land Company, 50 Church Street, 7566 Cortlandt.

Westchester.

New Rochelle, Premium Point Park; exclusive section; new Echo Bay and Long Island Sound; newly decorated; 16 rooms; all improvements; shade trees; large porch; ¾ acre; rent $900. Nagle, 171 3d Av., New York City.

An Exceptional Opportunity at Scarsdale.—10-room stucco dwelling, 2 baths, hot-water heat; every appointment; fine locality on high ground; plot contains about four city lots; price $11,000. Angell, 16 East 42d St.

ANGELL & CO.'S OFFICE AT SCARSDALE is open every afternoon from 2 P. M. Stop to see what we can offer for rent and sale.

Mount Vernon.

FURNISHED RENTALS
Summer months or longer. Attractive modern houses in delightful locations, fine shade trees, large plazzas; rent $50 to $350 monthly. Cooley & West, Inc., Mount Vernon, N. Y. 'Phone 708.

$1,000 CASH
will buy modern 9-room house, tiled bathroom, electric lights, steam heat, back stairs; 6 minutes from station; fine location; price $7,000. Cooley & West, Inc., Mount Vernon, N. Y. 'Phone 708.

Long Island.

HAVE YOU EVER REALIZED
One Dollar on One Hundred Rent Receipts? Think it over and write for particulars of our cosy bungalow sites; cottages, houses, villas; shore fronts, small farms; building lots and plots; paid for same as rent. Progress, P 4 Times.

A HOME FOR THE SAME AS RENT.
6 and 7 room houses, with 2 to 6 lots; 30 minutes out; price from $2,000 to $4,000; terms very easy; also beautiful water front property. Long Island Real Estate, 391 East 149th St., corner of 3d Av., Room 213.

Cottage, 6 rooms, barn, chicken-house; 2½ acres; 400 feet road frontage; driven well; easy terms, $1,800; acreage large and small tracts, $50 per acre. Furnished cottages to rent. George Herrmann, Center Moriches, L. I.

Huntington.—Small bungalow with plot, 100x100; high, airy; fertile land; price $600; $50 cash, $10 monthly. Write for tickets to see it. Bech, 1,361 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Fireproof, reinforced concrete houses; price of frame; greatest lot bargains. Westbury Terrace, 115 Broadway.

New Jersey.

Near Passaic, good neighborhood, convenient station; two-family 15-room house, all improvements; corner, 69x164; low price; small amount cash. BECKER REALTY CO., 50 Church St., New York.

COMMUTER'S CHICKEN FARM.
Only 27 miles out, 14 acres; fine ten-room house, barns, poultry house, incubators, stock and tools; small amount cash. BECKER REALTY CO., 50 Church St., New York.

Positive sacrifice; modern nine-room dwelling; Colonial architecture; location ideal; ample grounds; value $7,500; open to offers quick sale; 45 minutes from Broadway. Siebenmann, Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

Used Autos For Sale

35c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTOMOBILES.
GREEN'S PURCHASING AGENCY,
OLD BREWSTER BUILDING, 1,587-1,589 BROADWAY, CORNER 48TH ST.
Used automobiles of the highest grades can be purchased from us at sacrifice prices; we have the largest showroom in the city and the gre

HOLD BARBER AS SLAYER.

Witness Says Odesky's Wife Accused Him of Killing 5-Year-Old Child.

Prosecutor Wilbur Mott directed yesterday that a charge of murder be made against Zelig Odesky, a barber, of 29 Jones Street, Newark, who was arrested on Monday in connection with the killing of five-year-old Sadie Tishkowitz of 27 Jones Street. The child was found strangled to death in a barn in the rear of her home.

Odesky will be arraigned this morning before Judge Herr in the Fourth Precinct Court. Harry Tishkowitz, the father of the child, told the Newark police that when he entered Odesky's shop before the crime was discovered Odesky became pale and nervous and trembled so the razor dropped from his hand when the father mentioned his missing daughter. Another man who was sent to the shop by the detectives said that at the mention of the girl's name the barber became so agitated he dropped the clippers with which he was cutting the witness's hair.

It was on information obtained from Mrs. Smuleb Hammer and a daughter, who live in the same house with Odesky, that he was accused of the crime. Mrs. Hammer said that Odesky spent the afternoon of June 4 away from home, and when he returned Mrs. Odesky met him on the stoop and denounced him "as the murderer of little Sadie," and slapped his face, saying:

"Come in here, you loafer, you murderer; I saved you once when I got up at 3 o'clock in the morning to wash your blood-stained clothes, and I lied to save you when you murdered little Sadie, and this is the thanks I get."

Mrs. Odesky, who was also arrested, denied the story told by Mrs. Hammer, and then was released.

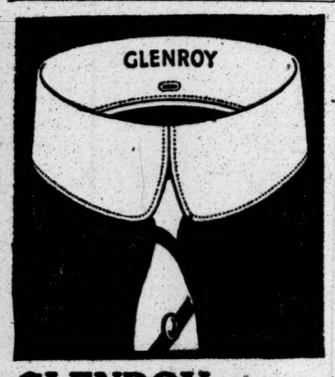
No Increase for Legislators.

HARRISBURG, Penn., June 15.—Gov. Tener to-day vetoed a bill increasing the salaries of members of the Legislature from $1,500 a session to $2,400. He says the State revenues will not stand it. At the same time the Governor vetoed other proposed increases of salaries in various departments of the State Government.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M. Loss.
12:40—152 E. 20th St.; Edwin Harvey..Trifling
2:10—Aqueduct and Boscebel Avs; Union Railway Co. $500
2:10—1,040 Mott Av.; Mary Kelly.....$200
4:30—102 W. 74th St.; E. C. Rikey....Trifling
8:00—5 W. 137th St.; Katie Pinkerton.....$5
8:20—65 Forsyth St.; Samuel Faber.....$100
9:30—In front of 303 E. 18th St; unknown.. None

P. M.
12:05—29 Ridge St.; Morris Feinstein..Trifling
2:25—1,573 2d Av.; Bureau of Highways.. Unknown
2:30—149 East 40th St.; Reese & Reese & Co.....$10
4:05—342 East 49th St.; Jennie Berry.....$25
4:05—880 Willis Av.; Henry Kruger.....$5
4:15—336 East 119th St.; D. Leffe....Trifling
7:00—163 East 118th St.; Mrs. Kreschmer... Trifling
7:40—140 Mulberry St.; Michael Turk.... Trifling
7:40—13-15 East 46th St.; unknown.....None



GLENROY, *the new*
ARROW
COLLAR

FOR SUMMER, will suit the man who seeks a collar that can be put on and taken off without trouble and that will admit of easy cravat tying.

With the new snap-on back and front buttonholes, the handy "notch" front, and the ample cravat slip space and the generous knot room, Glenroy is not only easy to put on and easy to take off, but the cravat may be tied without pulling or tugging.

15 cents—2 for 25 cents

Cluett, Peabody & Co., Makers, Troy, N. Y.

THE CONQUEROR
HOSIERY
You Ought to Know
DOUBLE SPUN HOSIERY
One of Our Best Numbers
For Men and Women
Price 25c
Carries A Guarantee To Give Satisfaction.
All Colors—All Retailers
Rubens & Mayer

Established 1885.
LEWIS & CONGER
Household Furnishings
Every Utensil and Implement
For Housekeeping and Housecleaning
BEST QUALITY ONLY.
130 and 132 West 42d Street.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Men's Department Store
Middlemen's Profit Saved
Panamas
$3.90 & $4.80
Sold Elsewhere at $6.00 and $8.00

Bankoks
$2.40 to $3.90
Never before sold less than $5.00
Sennit Flat Brims $1.49
With Cable Edge Double Brim
Mackinaw & Milan Roll Brims $1.90
With mixed pencil curls, (Elsewhere $2.50).

JURY IS CHOSEN TO TRY REICHMANN

Former Carnegie Trust President Limps Into Court and Appears Confident.

ATTACK BEGINS ON ROBIN

Counsel for the Defense Refers to Him in Examining Talesmen—Ivins to Aid Whitman.

The jury to try Joseph B. Reichmann, a former President of the Carnegie Trust Company, on the charge of having made false statements to the State Banking Department was impaneled yesterday. To accomplish this Justice Davis sat in the Criminal Part of the Supreme Court from 2 o'clock to 7 without an intermission. At the opening of court this morning Assistant District Attorney Clark will open the case for the people, but District Attorney Whitman will examine the witnesses.

Mr. Reichmann arrived at the Criminal Court Building in his automobile and appeared to be confident of acquittal.

In spite of his recent stroke of paralysis, he was able to move about easily with the aid of a walking stick.

Mr. Reichmann is indicted under Section 665 of the penal law. It is alleged that on Sept. 8 he, as President of the Carnegie Trust Company, with Robert B. Moorehead, its Secretary, certified a report of the institution to the State Banking Department as showing its correct financial condition on Aug. 31, 1910. This report declared that the trust company had no outstanding liabilities of borrowed money and was not subject to any contingent liabilities; that bankers and banks other than reserve depositories owed the company $813,127, and that the obligations due on accounts of bills purchased was $3,198,179.

The indictment charges that this statement was untrue in that the company owed to the Northern Bank $130,000 and that there was a contingent liability in that the company was under obligation to sell and deliver on Nov. 23, 1910, on demand, 130 New York City 4¼ per cent. bonds at $1,002.50 and accrued interest. It is also charged that the bank had liabilities for notes, which it had indorsed, including one of John Cudahy for $49,500, Charles W. Chapmen, $2,066, and S. Ludlow, syndicate manager, for $47,000. There were also, the indictment alleges, other contingent liabilities not mentioned in the report, and the amount due on bills purchased was not, it is charged, $3,198,179, but less than $3,128,230. The offense of making a false statement to the Banking Department is a misdemeanor.

When Mr. Reichmann was called to the bar, Mr. Baldwin, his attorney of record, made a formal objection to the impaneling of a jury on the ground that his client's constitutional rights had been violated by his testimony before the Grand Jury. Justice Davis had already passed on the question, and it was brought up now, explained counsel, merely to show that Mr. Reichmann in no way waived his constitutional rights. The court overruled the objection and the examination of talesmen began.

District Attorney Whitman, with whom were Assistant District Attorney Clark and Special District Attorney William M. Ivins, made sure that none of the jurors accepted had any dealings with the Carnegie Trust Company, the Northern Bank, and the Washington Savings Bank, and, occasionally he added the Van Norden Trust Company and the Twelfth Ward Bank to his list. He also required assurance that the talesmen were not connected with the Standard Oil Company, the Corn Products Company, or a number of men who had formed syndicates in connection with the Carnegie Trust Company.

Mr. Baldwin, in examining for the defense, asked with a certain emphasis if each talesman knew anything of one "Robin or Robinovitch." He seemed about to argue the case with one candidate for the jury box, but was stopped by the court on Mr. Whitman's objection.

"As a matter of fact," said Mr. Baldwin, "Mr. Riechmann was not President of the Carnegie Trust Company at the time of the alleged crime. His place had been taken by a professional banker and—"

Then the court stopped him. The jury as impanelled is:

1. J. EVANS KEVENEY, fruit dealer, of 238 East Eightieth Street.
2. NATHAN LEMBEIN, real estate, 123 East Eighty-fourth Street.
3. WILLIAM H. G. VAN DUSER, clerk, 708 Cauldwell Avenue, the Bronx.
4. MURRAY PHILLIPS, clothier, 562 West 109th Street.
5. EDWARD HAGAMAN HALL, Secretary American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society, 60 Manhattan Avenue.
6. WILLIAM C. HARRISON, agent, 641 West 104th Street.
7. A. COMPTON MILLER, manager, 622 West 113th Street.
8. GEORGE H. BUDLONG, architect, 117 Wadsworth Avenue.
9. HARRIS I. HARLOW, salesman, 561 West 179th Street.
10. FRANCIS T. McKENNA, manager, 619 West 143d Street.
11. ALBERT S. GOTTLIEB, architect, 149 East Thirty-fourth Street.
12. THADDEUS S. BARLOW, Assistant Superintendent Consolidated Gas Company's Works, 501 West 171st Street.

Altogether fifty-one talesmen were examined.

GANG ROBS HOTEL CLERK.

But Leaders Run Into the Arms of the Police and Are Captured After a Fight.

Patrolmen Stevens and Connell, hearing a revolver fusillade in West Thirty-fifth Street early yesterday morning, ran around the corner of Seventh Avenue just in time to run into two fleeing men. A short but fierce fight ensued, and by the time the two policemen had their men subdued they were joined by two excited persons, who said the men, with six others, had held them up at the point of a pistol in the Hotel Roy, between Broadway and Seventh Avenue, in Thirty-fifth Street, and after beating them had robbed the hotel cash drawer of $163. The other six escaped eastward to Broadway. In the Jefferson Market Court the two were held by Magistrate Butts on a charge of robbery. Inspector Russell said that both had criminal records.

Charles Simons, the night clerk, at about 2:30 was behind his desk, which is screened with a high wirework partition, when two men entered and approached the desk. Thinking they wanted to register, Simons pushed the book toward them. As he looked up from his work he found himself gazing down the barrel of a revolver.

The men motioned him to come out and he did so. Then one of them backed him up against the wall, holding the revolver at his head, and the other went behind the partition, where Simon had left the cash drawer open with his bunch of keys in the lock. As they did so, six other men entered. Two stayed at the door, two went back to the elevator and two went to the rear to prevent any one coming in from the kitchen. While the robber was going through the cash drawer Albert H. Wagner, a bellboy, descended in the elevator. As he reached the main floor the two men pounced on him. Wagner was too much surprised to struggle, and his captors dragged him out and lined him up with Simons.

While the man was searching the cash drawer Simon kept his eyes on a shallow drawer immediately underneath, which contained a loaded revolver and a heavy club. The robber evidently did not notice the drawer, for he rushed out of the enclosure, stuffing the money into his pocket. The gang looked at the safe containing property of patrons, but it was locked and they did not tamper with it.

To make their way to escape clear the robbers knocked down and beat the two hotel employes. They ran out of the front door, the two who had taken the most active part heading toward Seventh Avenue and the lookouts toward Broadway. Simons rushed for the drawer containing his revolver. As he and Wagner got to the street their assailants had a hundred yards start. The clerk fired his revolver twice to attract attention, and then emptied the remaining chambers in the direction of the six fleeing toward Broadway. None of the shots is believed to have taken effect.

The two ringleaders appeared to be making good their escape when they collided with the policemen. They fought desperately, but the policemen brought them to reason with their night sticks.

When taken back to the hotel Simons and Wagner identified them as the men who had robbed the drawer and kept guard over them with a revolver. The police recovered $113 in searching the man pointed out to them by Simon, but the hotel men said there was a $50 bill still missing. A Canadian $1 bill Simon identified as having been in the cash drawer more than a week. No revolver was found on either. The man whom Simons said had robbed the drawer said he was Joseph Ross, a liquor dealer of 317 East Eighteenth Street, and the other was Louis Baumann, a clerk, of 645 Sixth Avenue.

Simons told the police he believed the first idea of the robbers was to "do him up." He said that about two weeks ago he had caused a woman to be ejected from the hotel because she seemed drunken or drugged, and that she had vowed to bring back a friend to "get even" with him. He said that several days later she had come back at an early morning hour with two men who had gone away when they saw people about the place, after assuring him that it was all right and they didn't care anything about the woman. He said he believed a "strong arm" gang was organized to beat him, but that when the men saw the open cash drawer they decided to make it a robbery. He said he recognized one of the prisoners as one of the men the woman had taken there.

Simons appeared against the two men yesterday morning, and on his testimony Magistrate Butts held them in $5,000 bail.

ROCKEFELLER SAYS GOOD-BYE

Crowd at Tarrytown Station to See Him Off for Cleveland.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., June 15.—"Good-bye all, a pleasant Summer to you," were the last words from John D. Rockefeller as he stood on the step of the Lake Shore Limited to-night, waving his hand to his son and daughter-in-law and the large crowd at the station. He was starting for his Cleveland home.

The Rockefeller party came down from Pocantico Hills in two carriages. Preceding them came the big delivery wagon which brought thirty-five trunks. Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., were on hand, having come out from New York a few minutes before.

Mr. Rockefeller looked well. He was dressed in a gray striped suit, wore a straw hat, and carried a cane. He declined to discuss public questions, but consented to pose for a picture, and the photographers made several snapshots.

Escape from Burning Steamer.

PADUCAH, Ky., June 15.—Capt. John L. Lowry, owner of the steamboat of the same name, arrived in Paducah this morning and reported the destruction of his boat by fire early to-day at Hamlettsburg, Ill. Six passengers and a crew of twenty men escaped. The loss was $15,000.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS.

WINTER GARDEN 50th & B'way. Tel. 411 Columbus. Smoking Permitted
Evgs. 8:30 Matinee To-morrow at 2:30.
GERTRUDE HOFFMANN Announces Season of Russian Ballets.
NEW YORK'S LATEST AND GREATEST SENSATION.
Charles Darnton, Eve. World: "Beautiful pictures; truly magnificent."
Eve. Journal: "Gripped a theatre full of men and women."
James C. Garrison, Press: "I cannot see why New York should not simply rave about the Russians at the Winter Garden."
Tribune: "A riot of color and of motion."
John Trump, Times: "A mad whirl of color."
Herald: "Great artists of Europe give a wonderful exhibition of dancing."
Stuart Acheson, American: "Russian ballet as Europe knows it causes a sensation in New York."
Acton Davies, Eve. Sun: "A sensation and a revelation."

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Special Prices, 50c. to $1.50.
THE NEW GRAND OPERA CO.
In Repertoire of Italian and French Operas.
To-night, "Cavalleria Rusticana" and "Pagliacci," ballet from Gioconda; Sat. Mat., "Rigoletto"; Sat. Eve., "Trovatore."

CASINO B'way & 39th. Evs. 8:30. Prices 50c to $2. Matinee To-morrow.
Phenomenally Brilliant Star Revival of Gilbert & Sullivan's Comic Opera, PINAFORE

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way and 35th St. Evgs. 8:15
A COUNTRY GIRL With JOHN SLAVIN.

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinee To-morrow, 2:20
HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers
EVERYWOMAN
(Her Pilgrimage in Quest of Love.)
NOTHING LIKE IT IN ALL THE WORLD.

39TH STREET THEA., 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Last Weeks. Mat. To-morrow.
JOHN MASON In Augustus Thomas' best play, AS A MAN THINKS.

WEST END ROBT. T. HAINES STOCK CO. in ROSE OF THE CIRCUS. Next Week, "Ingomar."

FOLIES BERGERE 46th St., B'way. Restaurant, 6 P. M. to 1 A. M.—8:15, Revues & Ballet—11 to 1 A. M., Cabaret Show, 10 Acts.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-mor. & Wed.
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe.
THE PINK LADY

HENRY W. SAVAGE offers
"EXCUSE ME"
AT GAIETY THE 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-mor. & Wed. 2:30.
WHERE YOU CAN LAUGH AND KEEP COOL.

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way, 46 St.
MON., TUES., WED., JUNE 19, 20, 21.
Seats Now Selling.
MME. SARAH BERNHARDT
Mon., Jean Marie & Sister Beatrice; Tues., L'Aiglon; Wed. Mat., Mme. X; Wed. Ev., Camille.

GEO. M. COHAN'S Theatre. B'way, 43d St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. To-mor. & Wed.
GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD
317th TIME TO-NIGHT.

SCUOLA D' INDUSTRIE ITALIANE
Under Patronage of H. M., Queen Margherita. Exhibition of ITALIAN LACES, EMBROIDERIES, and DECORATIVE LINENS copied from old designs, adapted to modern uses by Young Women of Italian Colony of New York. 1 East 46th St.

IRVING PLACE 15 St.
To-Night GRANITIERI
GRAND ITALIAN Comic Opera Co.
Sat. Mat., Granvia; Evg., Merry Widow.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c.
OLD TIMER'S FESTIVAL 10 Never Failing Stars of Variety.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c.
AGNES SCOTT & HENRY KRANE, OLIVE ERISCOE, Wilfred Clarke & Co., etc.

ROOF GARDEN AMERICAN THEATRE. 42d, W. of Broadway.
8:15 P. M., 25 & 50c. All Seats Reserved. 12 Big Vaudeville Acts.
12:30 to 11:30 P. M. Mats. 10-15; Night 10-15-25c Continuous Vaudeville.

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK
Opposite W. 130th St. Ferry. Fireworks Thursday.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, 23 St. & 8 Ave. MAT. DAILY 10, 20, 30c.
CORSE PAYTON'S STOCK CO. in THREE WEEKS

5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat., 25 & 50c.
LILLIAN HERLEIN, POUCHOT'S FLYING BALLET. MAY TULLY & CO., others.

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42d St. B'way. ROOF
& SUFFRAGETTE FARM. 17 BIG FEATURE ACTS. Daily Matinee in Theatre.

EDEN MUSEE
WORLD IN WAX. NEW GROUPS. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Orchestral Concerts Afternoon and Eve.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 10, 20 & 30c.
ROMEO & JULIET

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th 50c.
BURLESQUE. Pop. Mat. To-day 15, 25, Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25-$1. Smoking.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

Brighton Beach MUSIC HALL
Opens on Mon. June 19
EVA TANGUAY and 10 STAR ACTS.

ORPHEUM Brooklyn. Mat. Daily, 25c.
LILLIAN RUSSELL TOM LINTON & JUNGLE GIRLS, ED BLONDELL, etc.

NEW—Daily Mats., 25c. ROSE COGHLAN, Juliet? Howard & Howard, Lyons & Yosco, Watson's Farmyard, White & Perry, and 6 others—6.
BRIGHTON Brighton Beach

STEEPLECHASE
Coney's Fireproof Funny Place.
A Tremendous Whirlwind of Mirth, Fun, Frivolity. Steeplechase Street is Illuminated.

Emperor $1 GOLD LABEL SHIRT

is spreading its fame so fast that to-day it requires 6 Maxwell autos to keep New York haberdashers supplied with this AMERICAN STANDARD OF VALUE IN DOLLAR SHIRTS

Every one of these Maxwell autos is kept busy every hour of every working day. Does this point a moral to you?

THE EMPEROR GOLD LABEL is the first Shirt ever sold for ONE DOLLAR that is made in exclusive patterns and with merits which demand the attention of men who wear only GOOD Shirts—not "cheap" Shirts.

$1

When you buy a "cheap" shirt, notice that the starch filling gives it false thickness that one washing will disclose. Emperor Gold Label fabrics have staying qualities—tub proof and wear proof, and they keep their shape because they are "tailored."

RED LABEL EMPEROR SHIRTS, $1.50 UP
Phillips-Jones Co., 502-504 Broadway, N. Y.

PYRENE
The Most Efficient Fire Extinguisher Known

Pyrene is equally effective in all kinds of incipient fires; especially effective for extinguishing burning gasoline, turpentine, varnish, carbide, etc.

The only extinguisher safe to use in electrical fires.

Does not freeze, corrode nor deteriorate.

Inspected and labeled by Underwriters Laboratories.

Size 3 in. by 14 in. Weight 5 lbs.
Price $7, ready for use.

Pyrene
is now in use by
Standard Oil Company.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.
Philadelphia Rapid Transit Co.
New York Edison Co.
Pennsylvania R. R.
N. Y., Ontario & West. R. R.
Bordens Condensed Milk Co.
and hundreds of other corporations and individuals.

Pyrene should be in every shop, factory, office, hotel, residence, power house, car barn, garage, stable, automobile and motorboat.

Directions for Use
Turn handle to left, then operate like a pump. Each stroke discharges ½ oz. of liquid which vaporizes at 200° Fahr., forming a harmless gas blanket, instantly smothering fire. A few strokes is sufficient for most incipient fires.

If your dealer is unable to supply you, order direct from
Pyrene Manufacturing Co.
1358 Broadway, New York
Telephone, 3461 Murray Hill
Booklet with testimonials of fire departments and commercial houses on application.

MOE LEVY
More $25 Suits for $15

Not the same lot I offered last week—those are all gone
BUT—I can still give you more suit value for $15. than you can get anywhere else under $25. Let me prove that I give you practically

Two Suits for the Price of One

And cracking fine suits they are. Made up in this season's latest fabrics—new blue grays, plain and fancy blues, plain and fancy grays, also those smart tone browns; cut in the latest styles; and tailored the way that only good clothes are tailored.

I have been giving mighty fine suit values for some years, but this summer's values have my previous best "beaten to a frazzle."

But don't take my word—or the other fellow's. Investigate—compare—and I'll leave the answer to your intelligence. I know I can give you as much for $15 as you can get anywhere else for $25. This isn't a boast—it's a fact, proven season after season, to the satisfaction of thousands of my patrons.

Get busy on these $25 suits at $15 while the picking is good. You can always save a third on every garment you buy from me from $10 to $35.

Moe Levy
ONLY ONE STORE OPEN EVENINGS
119-125 Walker Street
Three Blocks East of Broadway One Block from Canal St. Subway

Do You Reflect Prosperity?
Young Men, It Pays to be Properly Attired by
Browning, King & Co.

Doesn't the Well-Dressed Man get your Attention More Quickly than the one who is careless about his appearance? The way to attract Prosperity is to look Prosperous. Good Taste is Something that Costs Very Little and is Easily Acquired.

The Browning-King Clothing is first of all the absolute, correct style. The selection of fabrics is so carefully made that you cannot fail to secure the very Smartest kinds of Metropolitan Ready-to-Wear Attire.

Here you avail yourself of Advantages that no other Institution can offer. We sell directly from the Work-Rooms to the Wearer and Make every Stitch of our Clothing in our Own Superior New York Work-Rooms.

CLOTHING SPECIALS FOR MEN
Blue Serge Coats.....$5.00 & $6.50
White Flannel Trousers, Value $6.00.....$4.00
Serge Outing Trousers, Variety of Patterns.....$5.00
Separate Worsted or Cassimere Trousers.....$3.50 & $5.00
Light or Dark Tan New Raincoats; special.....$12.00
Two-Piece Blue Serge & Wool Crash Suits.....$15.00 to $32.00

SALE OF BOYS' & YOUNG MEN'S SUITS
150 Suits, sizes 7 to 16 years, broken lines, formerly selling at $8.50, $10 and $12.....$5.00
Long Trousers Suits, Two and Three-Piece Garments, as low as $10.00 and up to.....$15.00, $20.00 & $32.00

INTERESTING MEN'S & BOYS' FURNISHINGS
Complete line of Roxford Underwear.....50c
Fit, Finish and Comfort in those $2.00 Shirts, at.....$1.15
The best sellers are those $2.50 Shirts, at.....$1.65
Washable Four-in-hands, Beautiful Colors.....50c or 25c
Headquarters for "Onyx" Hosiery, all grades from.....25c
All Colors, "Keiser Barathea" Neckwear.....50c
Boys' Blouses, Light and Dark Colors, Unusual at.....45c

REDUCTION ON BOYS' & CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS
$6.00 Quality, now.....$4.00
4.00 " " $3.00
3.00 " " $2.00

MEN'S PANAMAS & SILK CAPS
A Splendid Showing of Panama Hats.....$5.00 to $7.00
Comfortable New Silk Caps, $1.00 Value.....75c

"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"
Browning, King & Co
Broadway at 32nd Street—Cooper Square at 4th Street—Brooklyn: Fulton at De Kalb.

Wallach Bros.
Third Ave., cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings.)
1195 Broadway, Just below 29th St.
246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings.)
The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

Outing Clothes.

Copyright, Hart, Schaffner & Marx

VACATION time is nearing and week-end parties are regular.

Are you equipped with "country garments"—real outing clothes?

If you are not, come here. We have a splendid assortment made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx. Two-piece Suits of flannels, homespuns, tropical worsteds and serges at $18, $20, $22.50 and $25. Light, comfortable three-piece Suits, $18 to $50.

Norfolk Suits.
JUST the best vacation lounge clothes imaginable; several models, each equally as smart as each other; Coats and Trousers—$20 and $25.

Wafer Straws, $5
HERE'S a new one,—the White Wafer, a real Bankok straw, *white*, mind you, wafer thin and wafer light. Regular $10 Hat. Special at $5

DO NOT DELAY
To-day and to-morrow closes the greatest sale ever made of fine gray, blue, and black English serges; the makers' name stamped on every yard guaranteeing quality. We bought them from the importer at half price, they are yours at half price. Suit to measure $20.00. Coat and trousers $17.00.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

The Telephone—
Everybody uses it. The world depends on it. Have you telephones enough?
New York Telephone Co.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.